



**INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO 9513:1999**  
**TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 1**

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INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

## **Metallic materials — Calibration of extensometers used in uniaxial testing**

### **TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 1**

*Matériaux métalliques — Étalonnage des extensomètres utilisés lors d'essais uniaxiaux*

*RECTIFICATIF TECHNIQUE 1*

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**  
**(standards.iteh.ai)**

Technical Corrigendum 1 to International Standard ISO 9513:1999 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164, *Mechanical testing of metals*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Uniaxial testing*.

[ISO 9513:1999/Cor 1:2000](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/aba053a8-b812-4fe2-8452-107193ac67c8/iso-9513-1999-cor-1-2000)

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#### **Table 2**

Table 2 shall appear as shown on page 2.

NOTE — Changes are in row 3, columns 6 and 7 (headings), row 4, column 3 (value) and rows 6 and 7, columns 2 to 6, 8 and 10 (values).

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#### **Figure B.1**

See Figure B.1 on page 2.

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#### **Figure B.2**

See Figure B.2 on page 3.

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Table 2 — Classification of extensometers

Class of extensometer	Extensometer (maximum values)					Calibration apparatus (maximum values)			
	Relative error on the gauge length $q_{Le}$ %	Resolution <sup>a</sup>		Bias error <sup>a</sup>		Resolution <sup>a</sup>		Bias error <sup>a</sup>	
		Percentage of readings $r/l_i$ %	Absolute value $r$ $\mu\text{m}$	Relative error $q$ %	Absolute value $l_i - l_t$ $\mu\text{m}$	Relative error %	Absolute value $\mu\text{m}$	Relative error %	Absolute value $\mu\text{m}$
0,2	± 0,2	0,10	0,2	± 0,2	± 0,6	0,05	0,1	± 0,06	± 0,2
0,5	± 0,5	0,25	0,5	± 0,5	± 1,5	0,12	0,25	± 0,15	± 0,5
1	± 1,0	0,50	1,0	± 1,0	± 3,0	0,25	0,50	± 0,3	± 1,0
2	± 2,0	1,0	2,0	± 2,0	± 6,0	0,5	1,0	± 0,6	± 2,0

NOTE For small gauge lengths ( $\leq 25$  mm) and for small strains, the user should consider one of the better classes of extensometer.

<sup>a</sup> Whichever value is the greater.

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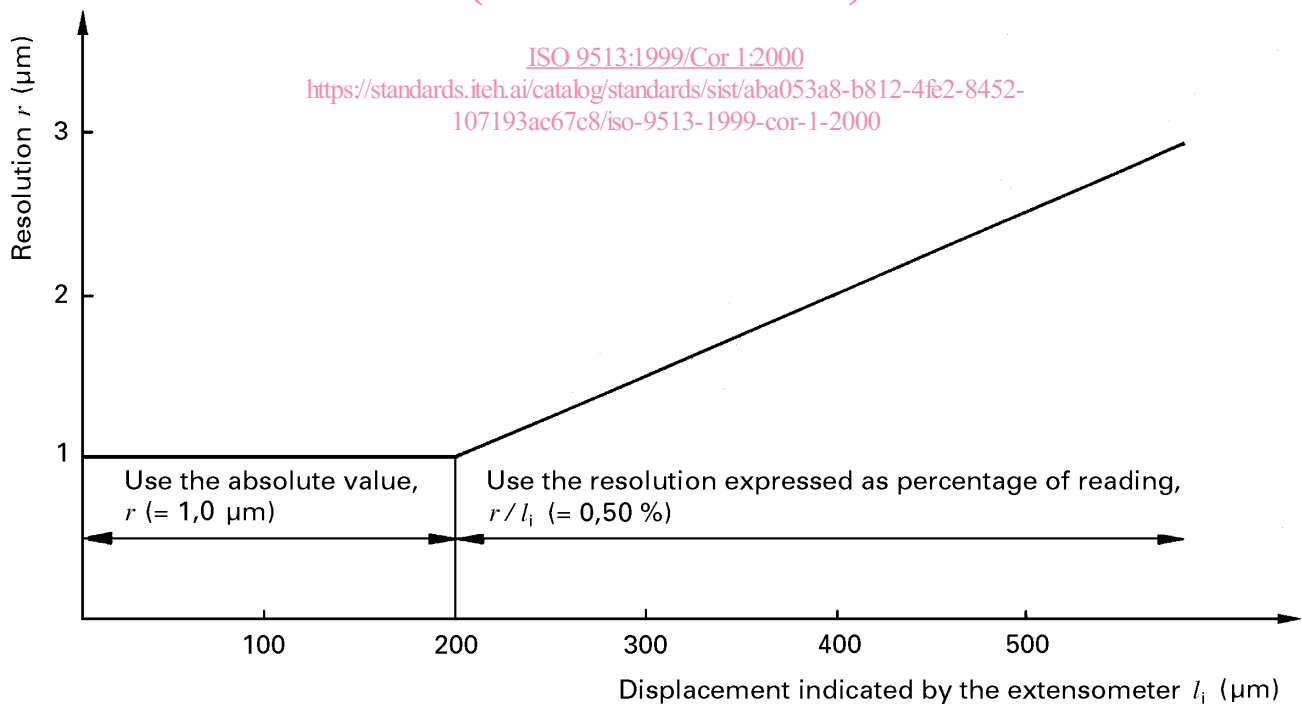
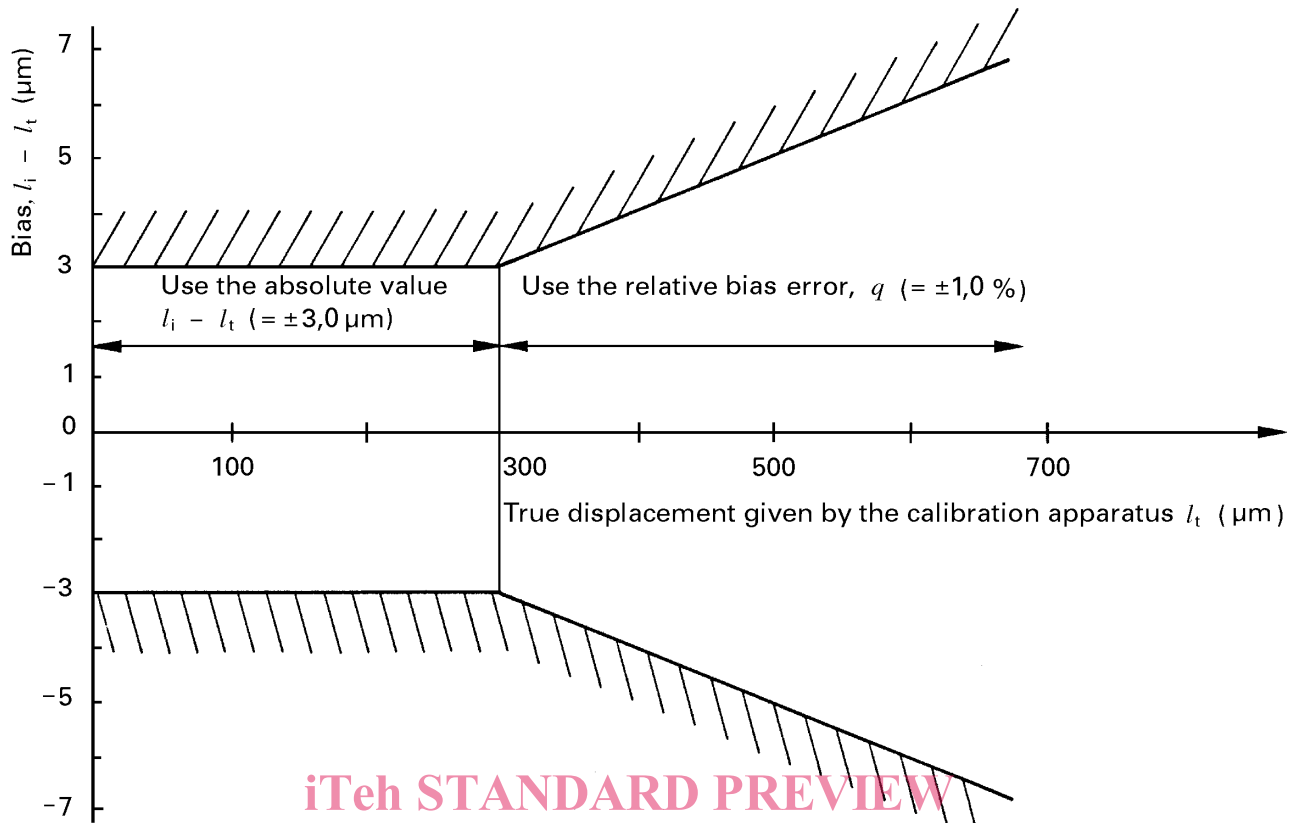


Figure B.1 — Resolution of a class 1 extensometer



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**Figure B.2 — Limits of bias error of a class 1 extensometer**

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