

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 17642-1:2004

01-november-2004

Dcfi ý]hj Yb]'dfYg_i g]'nj Ufcj 'bU'_cj]bg_]\ `a UhYf]U]\ 'Ë'DfYg_i g]'bU'dc_Ub'Y'j \ `UXbYa 'nU'nj UfbY'gdc'Y'Ë'CV'c b]'bU]b]'j Uf'Yb'U'E'%'XY.'Gd`cýbc'f\GC'%+*(&!%&\\$(\L

Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials - Cold cracking tests for weldments - Arc welding processes - Part 1: General (ISO 17642-1:2004)

Zerstörende Prüfung von Schweißverbindungen an metallischen Werkstoffen -Kaltrissprüfungen für Schweißungen - Lichtbogenschweißprozesse - Teil 1: Allgemeines (ISO 17642-1:2004) (standards.iteh.ai)

Essais destructifs des soudures sur matériaux métalliques Essais de fissuration a froid des assemblages soudés - Procédés de soudage a l'arca Partie 1: Généralités (ISO 17642-1:2004)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 17642-1:2004

ICS:

25.160.40 Varjeni spoji in vari Welded joints

SIST EN ISO 17642-1:2004 en

SIST EN ISO 17642-1:2004

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 17642-1:2004</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/66ed03a0-9f23-465a-9af3-583f395c4ad6/sist-en-iso-17642-1-2004

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 17642-1

August 2004

ICS 25.160.40

English version

Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials - Cold cracking tests for weldments - Arc welding processes - Part 1: General (ISO 17642-1:2004)

Essais destructifs des soudures sur matériaux métalliques -Essais de fissuration à froid des assemblages soudés -Procédés de soudage à l'arc - Partie 1: Généralités (ISO 17642-1:2004) Zerstörende Prüfung von Schweißverbindungen an metallischen Werkstoffen - Kaltrissprüfungen für Schweißungen - Lichtbogenschweißprozesse - Teil 1: Allgemeines (ISO 17642-1:2004)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 9 February 2004.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom and ards/sist/66cd03a0-9123-465a-9a13-

583f395c4ad6/sist-en-iso-17642-1-2004



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

Conf	tents	page	
Forew	ord	3	
1			
2	Normative references		
3	Terms and definitions	4	
4	Fundamentals	5	

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 17642-1:2004</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/66ed03a0-9f23-465a-9af3-583f395c4ad6/sist-en-iso-17642-1-2004

Foreword

This document (EN ISO 17642-1:2004) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 121 "Welding", the secretariat of which is held by DIN, in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 44 "Welding and allied processes".

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2005, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2005.

EN ISO 17642 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials - Cold cracking tests for weldments - Arc welding processes*:

- Part 1: General
- Part 2: Self-restraint tests
- Part 3: Externally loaded tests

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

(standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 17642-12004</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/66ed03a0-9f23-465a-9af3-583f395c4ad6/sist-en-iso-17642-1-2004

1 Scope

This standard describes the fundamentals of cold crack formation and the principles of cold cracking tests. These tests can be used to determine the cold cracking sensitivity of welding consumables, parent materials, weld metal. The most common tests are described (after referred to hydrogen cracking).

In addition, an overview is given of the cold cracking test procedures, their classification, and their fields of application are within EN ISO 17642-2 and EN ISO 17642-3.

2 Normative references

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text, and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

EN ISO 17642-2

Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials - Cold cracking tests for weldments -

Arc welding processes - Part 2: Self-restraint tests (ISO 17642-2:2004).

EN ISO 17642-3

Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials - Cold cracking test for weldments -

Arc welding processes - Part 3: Externally loaded tests (ISO 17642-3:2004).

3 Terms and definitions

(standards.iteh.ai)

For the purposes of this European Standard, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/66ed03a0-9f23-465a-9af3-

cold cracks

583f395c4ad6/sist-en-iso-17642-1-2004

local rupture (intergranular or transgranular) appearing as a result of a critical combination of micro-structure, stress and hydrogen content

NOTE 1 Cold cracks are also known as hydrogen cracks or delayed cracks.

NOTE 2 Cold cracking occurs at temperatures below the solidus temperature, sometimes days after fabrication.

3.2

cold cracking test procedures

procedures for determining the cold cracking sensitivity of parent materials, welds metal and welded joints, in respect with the welding procedure used

3.3

self restraint tests

tests where specimen loading is produced by residual stresses developed during and after welding of a restrained weldment

3.4

externally loaded tests

tests where specimen stressing is the result of the test procedure and where the specimen is loaded externally

4 Fundamentals

Cold cracks occur after complete cooling when a critical combination of microstructure, applied stress and hydrogen is exceeded:

- The microstructure is defined mainly by the chemical analysis and the cooling time between 800 °C and 500 °C (t8/5).
- The applied stress is influenced primarily by the potential stress level, i.e. the yield point of the material, the restraint and shrinkage stresses appearing in the vicinity of the weld immediately after the welding operation.
- The hydrogen content is dependent on the hydrogen input as a function of the moisture of the coating or flux and the hydrogen diffusion as a function of the preheat, interpass and holding temperature.

NOTE For steels for which the transformation point Ac1 is far below 500 °C, cooling time between 700 °C and 300 °C is more representative.

In the cold cracking test procedures, using self-restraint specimens, the stress used for testing is provided entirely by weld shrinkage. For the type of results and the main application, see Table 1.

In the cold cracking test procedure with externally loaded specimens a defined load is imposed from outside by a suitable loading device on the specimen which produces a defined stress. For the type of results and the main application, see Table 2.

Table 1 - Self-restraint cold cracking tests (see EN ISO 17642-2) and their applications

Types of Test	(standards Applications
CTS-Test	Qualification of welding consumables, parent materials and welding procedures.
h	SIST EN ISO 17642-1:2004 ttps://betermination.or/patalog/standards/sist/66ed03a0-9f23-465a-9af3-
Y-groove test Tekken test)	583f395c4ad6/sist-en-iso-17642-1-2004 - the minimum welding energy, - the minimum preheat temperature,
J - groove test Lehigh test)	 - the minimum holding temperature, - the maximum diffusible hydrogen content.

Table 2 - Externally loaded cold cracking test (see EN ISO 17642-3) and its applications

Type of test	Applications
Implant test	Qualification test for consumables, base materials.
	Determination of :
	 the minimum welding energy, the minimum preheat temperature, the minimum interpass temperature, the minimum holding temperature, the maximum diffusible hydrogen content, the critical stress.