

SLOVENSKI STANDARD **SIST EN ISO 1183-1:2013**

01-junij-2013

Nadomešča:

SIST EN ISO 1183-1:2004

Polimerni materiali - Metode za določanje gostote nepenjenih polimernih materialov - 1. del: Metoda s potapljanjem, metoda s tekočinskim piknometrom in titracijska metoda (ISO 1183-1:2012)

Plastics - Methods for determining the density of non-cellular plastics - Part 1: Immersion method, liquid pyknometer method and titration method (ISO 1183-1:2012)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Kunststoffe - Verfahren zur Bestimmung der Dichte von nicht verschäumten Kunststoffen - Teil 1: Eintauchverfahren, Verfahren mit Flüssigkeitspyknometer und Titrationsverfahren (ISO 1183-1:2012)

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Plastiques - Méthodes de détermination de la masse volumique des plastiques non alvéolaires - Partie 1: Méthode par immersion, méthode du pycnomètre en milieu liquide et méthode par titrage (ISO 1183-1:2012)

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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English Version

Plastics - Methods for determining the density of non-cellular plastics - Part 1: Immersion method, liquid pyknometer method and titration method (ISO 1183-1:2012)

Plastiques - Méthodes de détermination de la masse volumique des plastiques non alvéolaires - Partie 1: Méthode par immersion, méthode du pycnomètre en milieu liquide et méthode par titrage (ISO 1183-1:2012) Kunststoffe - Verfahren zur Bestimmung der Dichte von nicht verschäumten Kunststoffen - Teil 1: Eintauchverfahren, Verfahren mit Flüssigkeitspyknometer und Titrationsverfahren (ISO 1183-1:2012)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 2 June 2012.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovakia, Slovakia, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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EN ISO 1183-1:2012 (E)

Foreword

This document (EN ISO 1183-1:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61 "Plastics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics" the secretariat of which is held by NBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2013.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 1183-1:2004.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

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The text of ISO 1183-1:2012 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 1183-1:2012 without any modification.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 1183-1

Second edition 2012-05-15

Plastics — Methods for determining the density of non-cellular plastics —

Part 1:

Immersion method, liquid pyknometer method and titration method

iTeh ST Plastiques — Méthodes de détermination de la masse volumique des plastiques non alvéolaires —

S Partie 1 Méthode par immersion, méthode du pycnomètre en milieu liquide et méthode par titrage

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 1183-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Physical-chemical properties*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 1183-1:2004), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- a) the equation used to calculate the dependence of the density of air on pressure and temperature in Clause 6
 has been replaced by two equations, one for non-tropical conditions, the other for tropical conditions;
- b) a new annex (Annex B) has been added showing how the basic air buoyancy correction equation [Equation (5)] is derived.

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ISO 1183 consists of the following parts; lunder the general title: Plastics: Methods for determining the density of non-cellular plastics: 7t22d34590e3/sist-en-iso-1183-1-2013

- Part 1: Immersion method, liquid pyknometer method and titration method
- Part 2: Density gradient column method
- Part 3: Gas pyknometer method

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Plastics — Methods for determining the density of noncellular plastics —

Part 1:

Immersion method, liquid pyknometer method and titration method

WARNING — The use of this part of ISO 1183 might involve hazardous materials, operations or equipment. This part of ISO 1183 does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this part of ISO 1183 to establish appropriate health and safety practices and to determine the applicability of any regulatory limitations prior to use.

1 Scope

This part of ISO 1183 specifies three methods for the determination of the density of non-cellular plastics in the form of void-free moulded or extruded objects, as well as powders, flakes and granules.

- Method A: Immersion method, for solid plastics (except for powders) in void-free form.
- Method B: Liquid pyknometer method, for particles, powders, flakes, granules or small pieces of finished parts.

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- Method C: Titration method, for plastics in any void-free form.

NOTE This part of ISO 1183 is applicable to pellets as long as they are void-free. Density is frequently used to follow variations in physical structure or composition of plastic materials. Density might also be useful in assessing the uniformity of samples or specimens. Often, the density of plastic materials will depend upon the choice of specimen preparation method. When this is the case, precise details of the specimen preparation method will have to be included in the appropriate material specification. This note is applicable to all three methods.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 291, Plastics — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing

ISO 472, Plastics — Vocabulary

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 472 and the following apply.

3.1

mass

m

quantity of matter contained in a body

NOTE It is expressed in kilograms (kg) or grams (g).