

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 1833-2:2013

**01-september-2013** 

Tekstilije - Kvantitativna kemična analiza - 2. del: Trikomponentne vlakninske mešanice (ISO 1833-2:2006)

Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 2: Ternary fibre mixtures (ISO 1833-2:2006)

Textiles - Analyse chimique quantitative - Partie 2: Mélanges ternaires de fibres (ISO 1833-2:2006)

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 1833-2-2013

ICS:

59.060.01 Tekstilna vlakna na splošno Textile fibres in general

SIST EN ISO 1833-2:2013 en,fr,de

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# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

EUROPEAN STANDARD

**EN ISO 1833-2** 

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

October 2010

ICS 59.060.01

#### **English Version**

### Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 2: Ternary fibre mixtures (ISO 1833-2:2006)

Textiles - Analyse chimique quantitative - Partie 2: Mélanges ternaires de fibres (ISO 1833-2:2006)

Textilien - Quantitative chemische Analysen - Teil 2: Ternäre Fasermischungen (ISO 1833-2:2006)

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

EN ISO 1833-2:2010 (E)

#### **Foreword**

The text of ISO 1833-2:2006 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38 "Textiles" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 1833-2:2010 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textiles and textile products" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2011.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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The text of ISO 1833-2:2006 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 1833-2:2010 without any modification.

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## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 1833-2

First edition 2006-06-01

Textiles — Quantitative chemical analysis —

Part 2: **Ternary fibre mixtures** 

iTeh ST Analyses chimiques quantitatives —
Partie 2: Melanges ternaires de fibres
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### ISO 1833-2:2006(E)

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#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 1833-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, Textiles.

This first edition cancels and replaces ISO 5088:1976, which has been withdrawn.

ISO 1833 consists of the following parts, under the general title Textiles — Quantitative chemical analysis:

- Part 1: General principles of testing
  - SIST EN ISO 1833-2:2013
- Part 2: Ternary fibre mixtures //standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e093f675-1a93-4c3f-bc75-
  - 50e83e34c9c1/sist-en-iso-1833-2-2013
- Part 3: Mixtures of acetate and certain other fibres (method using acetone)
- Part 4: Mixtures of certain protein and certain other fibres (method using hypochlorite)
- Part 5: Mixtures of viscose, cupro or modal and cotton fibres (method using sodium zincate)
- Part 7: Mixtures of polyamide and certain other fibres (method using formic acid)
- Part 8: Mixtures of acetate and triacetate fibres (method using acetone)
- Part 9: Mixtures of acetate and triacetate fibres (method using benzyl alcohol)
- Part 10: Mixtures of triacetate or polylactide and certain other fibres (method using dichloromethane)
- Part 11: Mixtures of cellulose and polyester fibres (method using sulfuric acid)
- Part 12: Mixtures of acrylic, certain modacrylics, certain chlorofibres, certain elastanes and certain other fibres (method using dimethylformamide)
- Part 13: Mixtures of certain chlorofibres and certain other fibres (method using carbon disulfide /acetone)
- Part 14: Mixtures of acetate and certain chlorofibres (method using acetic acid)
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- Part 16: Mixtures of polypropylene fibres and certain other fibres (method using xylene)
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- Part 18: Mixtures of silk and wool or hair (method using sulfuric acid)
- Part 19: Mixtures of cellulose fibres and asbestos (method by heating)
- Part 21: Mixtures of chlorofibres, certain modacrylics, certain elastanes, acetates, triacetates and certain other fibres (method using cyclohexanone)

The following parts are under preparation:

- Part 6: Mixtures of viscose or certain types of cupro or modal or lyocell and cotton fibres (method using formic acid and zinc chloride)
- Part 20: Mixtures of elastane and certain other fibres (method using dimethylacetamide)
- Part 22: Mixtures of viscose or certain types of cupro or modal or lyocell and flax fibres (method using formic acid and zinc chlorate)
- Part 23: Mixtures of polyethylene and polypropylene (method using cyclohexanone)
- Part 24: Mixtures of polyester and some other fibres (method using phenol and tetrachloroethane)

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