

SLOVENSKI STANDARD

SIST EN 764-1:2015

01-junij-2015

Nadomešča:

SIST EN 764-1:2004

SIST EN 764-3:2002

Tlačna oprema - 1. del: Slovar

Pressure equipment - Part 1: Vocabulary

Druckgeräte - Teil 1: Terminologie

Équipement sous pression - Partie 1: Vocabulaire

ITEH STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN 764-1:2015](http://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/010820-6-78f48b3-af14-8ea15591f073/sist-en-764-1-2015)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: **EN 764-1:2015**

<http://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/010820-6-78f48b3-af14-8ea15591f073/sist-en-764-1-2015>

ICS:

01.040.23	Tekočinski sistemi in sestavni deli za splošno rabo (Slovarji)	Fluid systems and components for general use (Vocabularies)
23.020.30	Tlačne posode, plinske jeklenke	Pressure vessels, gas cylinders

SIST EN 764-1:2015

en,fr,de

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 764-1:2015

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9f0829a6-e78f-48b3-af14-8ea15591f073/sist-en-764-1-2015>

EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 764-1

April 2015

ICS 01.040.23; 23.020.30

Supersedes EN 764-1:2004, EN 764-3:2002

English Version

Pressure equipment - Part 1: Vocabulary

Équipement sous pression - Partie 1: Vocabulaire

Druckgeräte - Teil 1: Vokabular

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 14 February 2015.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.

(standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 764-1:2015

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9f0829a6-e78f-48b3-af14-8ea15591f073/sist-en-764-1-2015>



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Contents

Page

Foreword.....	3
1 Scope	4
2 Normative references	4
3 Terms and definitions	4
3.1 General terms.....	4
3.2 Terms related to design	5
3.3 Terms related to manufacturing.....	19
3.4 Terms related to testing	20
3.5 Terms related to interested parties	21
Annex A (informative)	24

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 764-1:2015

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9f0829a6-e78f-48b3-af14-8ea15591f073/sist-en-764-1-2015>

Foreword

This document (EN 764-1:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 54 “Unfired pressure vessels”, the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 764-1:2004 and EN 764-3:2002.

The 2015 edition of EN 764-1 supersedes both the 2004 edition and EN 764-3:2002. It constitutes a major expansion of the standard, which now comprises definitions for 223 terms as compared to only 18 + 14 in the two superseded standards.

An informative annex on notions of allowable pressures and temperatures has been added.

An annex containing translations of terms to several other languages is in the course of preparation.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

ITCH STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.itech.ai)

EN 764, *Pressure equipment* comprises the following parts:

- *Part 1: Vocabulary;* [SIST EN 764-1:2015
https://standards.itech.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9f0829a6-e78f-48b3-af14-8ea15591f073/sist-en-764-1-2015](https://standards.itech.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9f0829a6-e78f-48b3-af14-8ea15591f073/sist-en-764-1-2015)
- *Part 2: Quantities, symbols and units;*
- *Part 3: Definition of parties involved;*
- *Part 4: Establishment of technical delivery conditions for metallic materials;*
- *Part 5: Inspection documentation of metallic materials and compliance with the material specification;*
- *Part 6: Structure and content of operating instructions;*
- *Part 7: Safety systems for unfired pressure equipment.*

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

EN 764-1:2015 (E)

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies terms and definitions to be used for pressure equipment and assemblies within the scope of European Directives on pressure equipment.

NOTE It can be applied to other pressure equipment.

2 Normative references

Not applicable.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

If a term or definition only applies to a special area or is different in different areas, the relevant area is shown within brackets <....>.

3.1 General terms

3.1.1

ambient temperature

temperature of the surrounding atmosphere in the immediate vicinity of the pressure component

3.1.2

assembly

several pieces of pressure equipment assembled by a manufacturer to constitute an integrated and functional whole

3.1.3

cryogenic applications

applications at low temperature

Note 1 to entry: Normally involving liquefied gases.

3.1.4

design validation

examination of the design documents to verify that the design conforms to the relevant product standard

3.1.5

fluid

gas, liquid and vapour in its pure phase as well as mixtures thereof

3.1.6

hazard category

category of the pressure equipment taking into account the potential hazards

3.1.7

joint coefficient

reduction coefficient (e.g. for a welded joint) related to the testing group and which is applied to the nominal design stress

3.1.8**main pressure bearing parts**

parts which constitute the envelope under pressure, essential for the integrity of the equipment

3.1.9**maximum allowable temperature**

TS_{\max}

maximum temperature for which the pressure equipment is designed as specified by the manufacturer

3.1.10**minimum allowable temperature**

TS_{\min}

minimum temperature for which the pressure equipment is designed as specified by the manufacturer

3.1.11**pipelines**

piping or piping system designed for the conveyance of any fluid or substance to or from an installation (onshore or offshore) starting from and including the first isolation device located within the installation and including all the annexed equipment designed specifically for pipelines

3.1.12**piping**

tubing, fittings, expansion joints, hoses or other pressure-bearing components, intended for the transport of fluid, connected together and integrated into a pressure system

3.1.13**piping class**

category in which piping is classified in accordance with the Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC

3.1.14**piping system**

pipe or system of pipes for the conveyance of fluids within an industrial site

Note 1 to entry: A piping system can be regarded as one single system, provided it conveys substances having the same properties and it is a whole designed for the same allowable pressure.

Note 2 to entry: Interruption by different components such as pumps, machines, vessels, etc. does not preclude the integration to one single piping.

3.1.15**pressure vessel**

housing and its direct attachments up to the coupling point connecting it to other equipment, designed and built to contain fluids under pressure

3.1.16**repair**

process of rectifying a defect in either base material or weld

3.2 Terms related to design**3.2.1****action**

imposed mechanical, thermal or thermo-mechanical influence which causes stress and/or strain in a structure, e.g. an imposed pressure, force, displacement or temperature

3.2.2**action type**

classification of action based on statistical properties and duration

EN 764-1:2015 (E)

3.2.3

analysis thickness e_a

effective thickness available to resist the loading depending on the load case

3.2.4

anchor

rigid device, which may itself be subject to imposed displacement, used to prevent all relative pipe rotation and displacement at the point of application, under the design conditions of temperature and loading

3.2.5

annular plate

flat end of annular form, connected to one cylindrical shell at its outside diameter and another at its inside diameter, and subject predominantly to bending and not shear

3.2.6

application rule

generally recognized rule that follows the principles of the relevant product standard and satisfies their requirements

3.2.7

assembly condition

condition applying when the gasket or joint contact surface is seated during assembly of the joint at ambient temperature and the only loading comes from the bolts

3.2.8

assumed thickness

thickness assumed by the designer between the minimum required shell thickness and the shell analysis thickness

3.2.9

bending stress

equivalent linear distributed stress through the wall of the pressure part, proportional to the distance from the neutral axis

3.2.10

blind flange

blank flange
flat closure connected by bolts

3.2.11

bolted domed end

cover or blind flange consisting of a flange and a dome of constant radius of curvature

3.2.12

calculation pressure

differential pressure used for the purpose of the design calculations for a component

3.2.13

calculation temperature

temperature used for the purpose of the design calculations for a component

3.2.14

chamber

fluid space within a unit of pressure equipment

3.2.15

chamber volume

internal volume of a chamber, including the volume of nozzles to the first connection (flange, coupling, weld) and excluding the volume of internal permanent parts (e.g. baffles, agitators)

3.2.16**characteristic function**

characteristic function of an action is a representative function (of time) for the action

Note 1 to entry: Required for actions for which, in specific design checks, the time-dependence is of importance, e.g. temperature/pressure transients during start-up or shut-down.

3.2.17**characteristic value**

characteristic value of an action is a representative value which takes account of the variation of an action

3.2.18**coefficient of variation**

measure of statistical dispersion (standard deviation divided by mean value)

3.2.19**collar**

<loose flange> abutment for the flange

<expansion bellows> cylinder attached to the end tangent

3.2.20**combination factor**

factor applied to design values of variable actions with stochastic properties if combined with pressure, or if two or more of these actions are included in one load case

3.2.21**compliance**

inverse of the axial stiffness of the assembly, symbol Y , units mm/N

[SIST EN 764-1:2015](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9f0829a6-e78f-48b3-af14-8ea15591f073/sist-en-764-1-2015)

3.2.22**component**

part of pressure equipment which can be considered as an individual item for the calculation

3.2.23**constant hanger**

constant support

pipe support with constant characteristic to carry vertical loads whilst permitting vertical displacements, base mounted or suspended

3.2.24**continuous weld**

weld extending along the entire length of a joint

3.2.25**convolution**

corrugation

flexible unit of an expansion bellows

3.2.26**creep range**

temperature range in which material characteristics used in design are time dependent

3.2.27**critical area**

<fatigue> an area where the total fatigue damage index exceeds a maximum value

EN 764-1:2015 (E)**3.2.28****critical zone**

<spheroidal graphite cast iron> highly stressed area where a fracture is expected to occur in a burst test or where surface fatigue cracks are expected to be initiated due to fluctuating pressure loads

3.2.29**cut-off limit**

cyclic stress range below which fatigue damage is disregarded

3.2.30**deposited thickness**

weld throat thickness

thickness in the weld metal excluding any reinforcement

Note 1 to entry: The preferred term in ISO/TR 25901 is *penetration depth*.

3.2.31**design check**

investigation of a component's safety under the influence of specified combinations of actions with respect to specified limit states

3.2.32**design model**

structural model used in the determination of effects of actions

3.2.33**design pressure**

pressure chosen for the derivation of the calculation pressure of each component

Note 1 to entry: The design pressure normally refers to the top of the equipment and does not include pressure generated by the weight of its content. <https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9f0829a6-e78f-48b3-af14-8ea15591f073/sist-en-764-1-2015>

Note 2 to entry: If the equipment consists of several compartments, each compartment may have its own design pressure.

3.2.34**design reference temperature**

TR

temperature used for determining the impact energy requirements

3.2.35**design stress range spectrum**

histogram of the number of occurrences of all stress cycles of various ranges anticipated during the design lifetime

3.2.36**design temperature**

temperature chosen for the derivation of the calculation temperature of each component

3.2.37**differential pressure**

pressure whose algebraic value is equal to the pressure difference on either side of a separation wall

3.2.38**discontinuity**

shape or material change which affects the stress distribution

3.2.39**dished end**

end of pressure vessel formed to have its open end cylindrical

Note 1 to entry: Normally manufactured from plate.

Note 2 to entry: Earlier called "dished head".

3.2.40**effect**

response (e.g. stress, strain, displacement, resultant force or moment, equivalent stress resultant) of a component to a specific action, or combination of actions

3.2.41**effective notch stress**

stress which governs fatigue behaviour at a notch

3.2.42**effective stress concentration factor**

ratio of effective notch stress (total stress), to structural stress at same point

3.2.43**ellipsoidal end**

dished end having a truly ellipsoidal form

3.2.44**end tangents**

straight unconvoluted portions at the ends of an expansion bellows

3.2.45**endurance limit**

<fatigue> cyclic stress range below which, in the absence of any previous loading, no fatigue damage is assumed to occur under constant amplitude loading

3.2.46**equalizing ring**

T-shaped device that is tightly fitted into the root of the convolutions (corrugations) of expansion bellows in order to equalize the movement of the different convolutions

3.2.47**equivalent full pressure cycles**

number of full pressure cycles that cause the same damage as the applied pressure cycles of range ΔP

3.2.48**equivalent stress**

uniaxial stress which produces the same damage as the applied multi-axial stresses

3.2.49**expansion bellows**

flexible element consisting of one or more corrugations and the end tangents

3.2.50**external loads**

forces and/or moments applied to a component due to actions other than internal or external pressure, or static head of contained fluid, e.g. weight, wind loading, earthquake loading or loads from attached piping or equipment

3.2.51**fatigue design curves**

curves showing stress amplitude versus number of cycles

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 764-1:2015

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9f0829a6-e78f-48b3-af14-8c1d5814339c/en-764-1-2015>