

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 419211-1:2014

01-december-2014

## Profil zaščite sredstva za varno elektronsko podpisovanje - 1. del: Pregled

Protection profiles for secure signature creation device - Part 1: Overview

Schutzprofile für Sichere Signaturerstellungseinheiten - Teil 1: Überblick

Profiles de protection pour dispositif sécurisé de signature électronique - Partie 1: Présentation générale

## (standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 419211-1:2014

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3f69fcdd-50be-46a4-a554d04fab09bc06/sist-en-419211-1-2014

## ICS:

03.160	Pravo. Uprava	Law. Administration
35.040	Nabori znakov in kodiranje informacij	Character sets and information coding
35.100.05	Večslojne uporabniške rešitve	Multilayer applications

SIST EN 419211-1:2014

en



# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 419211-1:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3f69fcdd-50be-46a4-a554d04fab09bc06/sist-en-419211-1-2014

#### SIST EN 419211-1:2014

# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

# EN 419211-1

October 2014

ICS 35.240.15

Supersedes CWA 14169:2004

**English Version** 

## Protection profiles for secure signature creation device - Part 1: Overview

Profils de protection pour dispositif sécurisé de création de signature électronique - Partie 1: Présentation générale Schutzprofile für sichere Signaturerstellungseinheiten - Teil 1: Überblick

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 25 July 2014.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions. Teh STANDARD PREVIEW

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.

SIST EN 419211-1:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3f69fcdd-50be-46a4-a554d04fab09bc06/sist-en-419211-1-2014



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Ref. No. EN 419211-1:2014 E

#### SIST EN 419211-1:2014

## EN 419211-1:2014 (E)

## Contents

Foreword				
Introdu	Introduction4			
1	Scope	5		
2	Normative references	5		
3 3.1 3.2	Terminology Legislative references Technical terms	5		
4	Abbreviated terms	8		
5	Protection Profile Overview	8		
6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4	Target of Evaluation General Functions of an SSCD TOE life cycle Operations of the TOE	9 10 12		
7	TOE definitions	15		
7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4	Operations of the TOE TOE definitions General TOE with key generation TOE with key generation TOE with key generation and trusted channel to certificate generation application	15 15 16 16		
7.5	TOE with key generation and trusted channel to certificate generation application TOE with trusted channel to signature creation application	16		
Annex	Annex A (informative) Comparison with CWA 14169:2004, Annex C			
A.1	General	20		
A.2	Technical Differences	20		
Bibliog	Bibliography 21			

## Foreword

This document (EN 419211-1:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 224 "Personal identification, electronic signature and cards and their related systems and operations", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2015 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes CWA 14169:2004.

Significant changes between this edition and CWA 14169:2004 can be found in Annex A.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

SIST EN 419211-1:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3f69fcdd-50be-46a4-a554d04fab09bc06/sist-en-419211-1-2014

## Introduction

This series of European Standards specifies Protection Profiles for Secure Signature Creation Devices and is issued by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) as an update of the Electronic Signatures (E-SIGN) CEN workshop agreement (CWA) 14169:2004, Annex C on the protection profile secure signature creation devices, "EAL 4+".

This series of European Standards consists of the following parts:

- Part 1: Overview
- Part 2: Device with key generation
- Part 3: Device with key import
- Part 4: Extension for device with key generation and trusted communication with certificate generation application
- Part 5: Extension for device with key generation and trusted communication with signature creation application
- Part 6: Extension for device with key import and trusted communication with signature creation application iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Preparation of the documents in this series of European Standards as protection profiles follows the rules of the Common Criteria version 3.1 ([2], [3] and [4]).

SIST EN 419211-1:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3f69fcdd-50be-46a4-a554d04fab09bc06/sist-en-419211-1-2014

## 1 Scope

This European Standard:

- specifies terms used in specifying protection profiles for secure signature creation devices,
- specifies functional and operational requirements for secure signature creation devices,
- describes the targets of evaluation for these protection profiles.

### 2 Normative references

Not applicable.

## 3 Terminology

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

#### 3.1 Legislative references

This European Standard reflects the requirement of a European Directive in the technical terms of a protection profile. The following terms are used in the text to reference this Directive:

(standards.iteh.ai)

#### 3.1.1

#### the Directive

Directive 1999/93/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 December 1999 on "a Community framework for electronic signatures" [1]/catalog/standards/sist/3f69fcdd-50be-46a4-a554d04iab09bc06/sist-en-419211-1-2014

Note 1 to entry: References in this document to a specific article and paragraph of Directive 1999/93/EC are of the form "(**the Directive:** n.m)".

#### 3.1.2

annex

one of the annexes, Annex I, Annex II or Annex III of the Directive

#### 3.2 Technical terms

#### 3.2.1

#### administrator

user who performs TOE initialization, TOE personalization, or other TOE administrative functions

#### 3.2.2

#### advanced electronic signature

digital signature which meets specific requirements in the Directive: 2.2

Note 1 to entry: According to the Directive a digital signature qualifies as an advanced electronic signature if it:

- is uniquely linked to the signatory;
- is capable of identifying the signatory;
- is created using means that the signatory can maintain under their sole control; and
- is linked to the data to which it relates in such a manner that any subsequent change of the data are detectable.

#### 3.2.3

#### authentication data

information used to verify the claimed identity of a user

#### 3.2.4

#### certificate

digital signature used as electronic attestation binding signature verification data to a person confirming the identity of that person as legitimate signer (the directive: 2.9)

#### 3.2.5

#### certificate info

information associated with an SCD/SVD pair that may be stored in a secure signature creation device

Certificate info may include: Note 1 to entry:

- a signer's public key certificate, or
- one or more hash values of a signer's public key certificate together with an identifier of the hash function used to compute the hash values, or
- a public key certificate as defined in X.509.

Note 2 to entry: Certificate info may contain information to allow the user to distinguish between several certificates.

#### 3.2.6

#### certificate generation application eh STANDARD PREVIEW CGA

collection of application components that receive the SVD from the SSCD to generate a certificate obtaining data to be included in the certificate and to create a digital signature of the certificate

#### 3.2.7

SIST EN 419211-1:2014 certification service provider

## CSP

entity that issues certificates or provides other services related to electronic signatures (the Directive: 2.11)

d04fab09bc06/sist-en-419211-1-2014

#### 3.2.8

data to be signed

#### DTBS

all of the electronic data to be signed including a user message and signature attributes

#### 3.2.9

#### data to be signed or its unique representation

#### DTBS/R

data received by a secure signature creation device as input in a single signature creation operation

Note 1 to entry: Examples of DTBS/R are:

- a hash value of the data to be signed (DTBS), or
- an intermediate hash value of a first part of the DTBS complemented with a remaining part of the DTBS, or
- the DTBS.

#### 3.2.10

#### legitimate user

user of a secure signature creation device who gains possession of it from an SSCD-provisioning service provider and who can be authenticated by the SSCD as its signatory

#### 3.2.11

#### qualified certificate

public key certificate that meets the requirements laid down in Annex I and that is provided by a CSP that fulfils the requirements laid down in **Annex II** (the Directive: 2.10)

#### 3.2.12

#### gualified electronic signature

an advanced electronic signature which is based on a gualified certificate and which is created by an SSCD

#### 3.2.13

#### reference authentication data

#### RAD

data persistently stored by the TOE for authentication of the signatory

#### 3.2.14

#### secure signature creation device

#### SSCD

a signature-creation device which meets the requirements laid down in Annex III

An SSCD may be evaluated according to the security target conforming to a PP as defined in the Note 1 to entry: series of European Standards.

#### 3.2.15

#### signatory

a person who holds (and is a legitimate user) of an SSCD and acts either on their own behalf or on behalf of the natural or legal person of entity they represent KD PKEVIEV

#### 3.2.16

## (standards.iteh.ai)

## signature creation application

#### SCA

SIST EN 419211-1:2014 application complementing an SSCD with a user interface with the purpose to create an electronic signature d04fab09bc06/sist-en-419211-1-2014

#### 3.2.17

#### signature creation data SCD

unique data, such as codes or private cryptographic keys, which are used by the signatory to create an electronic signature

For the PPs of this standard the SCD is held in the SSCD. Note 1 to entry:

#### 3.2.18 signature creation system

### SCS

complete system that creates an electronic signature consisting of an SCA and an SSCD

#### 3.2.19

#### signature verification data

SVD

data, such as codes or public cryptographic keys, which are used for the purpose of verifying an electronic signature

#### 3.2.20

#### SSCD-provisioning service

service to prepare and provide an SSCD to a subscriber and to support the signatory with certification of generated keys and administrative functions of the SSCD

## EN 419211-1:2014 (E)

## 3.2.21

user

entity (human user or external IT entity) outside the TOE that interacts with the TOE

#### 3.2.22

#### user message

data determined by the signatory as the correct input for signing

#### 3.2.23

#### verification authentication data

VAD

data input to an SSCD for authentication of the signatory

## 4 Abbreviated terms

СС	Common Criteria <sup>a</sup>		
CGA	certificate generation application		
DTBS	data to be signed		
DTBS/R	data to be signed or its unique representation		
EAL	evaluation assurance level <sup>a</sup>		
IT	information technology STANDARD PREVIEW		
PP	protection profile <sup>a</sup>		
RAD	reference authentication data		
SCA	signature creation application SIST EN 419211-1:2014		
SCD	signature creation data ards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3f69fcdd-50be-46a4-a554-		
SCS	signature creation system		
SDO	signed data object		
SFP	security Function Policy		
SSCD	secure signature creation device		
ST	security Target <sup>a</sup>		
SVD	signature verification data		
TOE	target of evaluation <sup>a</sup>		
TSF	TOE security functionality <sup>a</sup>		
VAD	verification authentication data		
<sup>a</sup> See Biblic	<sup>a</sup> See Bibliography [2, 3, 4] for details on the specification of Common Criteria.		

## 5 Protection Profile Overview

This series of documents constitutes a suite of protection profiles, which are established by CEN as European Standards for products to create electronic signatures. They fulfil requirements of Directive<sup>1</sup>) 1999/93/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 December 1999 on *a Community framework for electronic signatures*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>) This European Directive is referred to in this series of protection profiles as "the Directive".

In accordance with Article 9 of this European Directive these standards can be indicated by the European Commission in the Official Journal of the European Communities as generally recognized standards for electronic signature products.

These protection profiles formally specify the security functional and assurance requirements defined in Annex III of **the Directive** for a secure signature creation device (SSCD). This secure signature creation device is the target of evaluation (TOE) for the protection profiles.

European Union Member States may presume that there is compliance with the requirements laid down in Annex III of **the Directive** when an electronic signature product is evaluated to a Security Target (ST) that is compliant with one or more of the Protection Profiles (PPs) of this standard.

For an electronic signature product that has been evaluated according to Common Criteria (version 3.1) as conforming to a Security Target (ST) that is compliant with one or more of these Protection Profiles (PP) this European Standard implies that European Union Member States shall presume compliance with the requirements in Annex III of **the Directive** for that product.

Part 2 of this series of European Standards specifies a protection profile for an SSCD that performs its core operations including the generation of signature keys in the device. An SSCD that fulfils only the security requirements in this protection profile shall be operated by the signatory in a secure environment to create either an advanced electronic signature or a qualified electronic signature. The target of evaluation for this protection profile is defined in 7.2 and shown in Figure 2.

Part 3 of this series of European Standards specifies a protection profile for an SSCD that performs its core operations including import of the signature key generated in a trusted manner outside the device. An SSCD that fulfils only the security requirements in this protection profile shall be operated by the signatory in a secure environment to create either an advanced electronic signature or a qualified electronic signature. The target of evaluation for this protection profile is defined in 7.3 and shown in Figure 3.

Part 4 of this series of European Standards specifies an extension protection profile for an SSCD with key generation that support establishing a trusted channel with a certificate generation application. The target of evaluation for this extended protection profile is defined in 7.4 and shown in Figure 4.

Part 5 of this series of European Standards specifies an extension protection profile for an SSCD with key generation that additionally supports establishing a trusted channel with a signature creation application. The target of evaluation for this extended protection profile is defined in 7.5 and shown in Figure 5.

Part 6 of this series of European Standards specifies an extension protection profile for an SSCD with key import that additionally supports establishing a trusted channel with a signature creation application. The target of evaluation for this extended protection profile is defined in 7.5 and shown in Figure 6.

The assurance level for these protection profiles is EAL4 augmented with AVA\_VAN.5.

NOTE The evaluation assurance level augmentation with AVA\_VAN.5 means that the security evaluation includes a systematic, independent, comprehensive analysis of possible vulnerabilities followed by penetration testing to determine the resistance against attacks that attempt to exploit these vulnerabilities.

#### 6 Target of Evaluation

#### 6.1 General

The TOE for the protection profiles specified in this series of European Standards is a combination of hardware and software configured to securely create, use and manage signature creation data (SCD). The TOE protects the SCD during its whole life cycle for use in a signature creation process solely by its signatory.