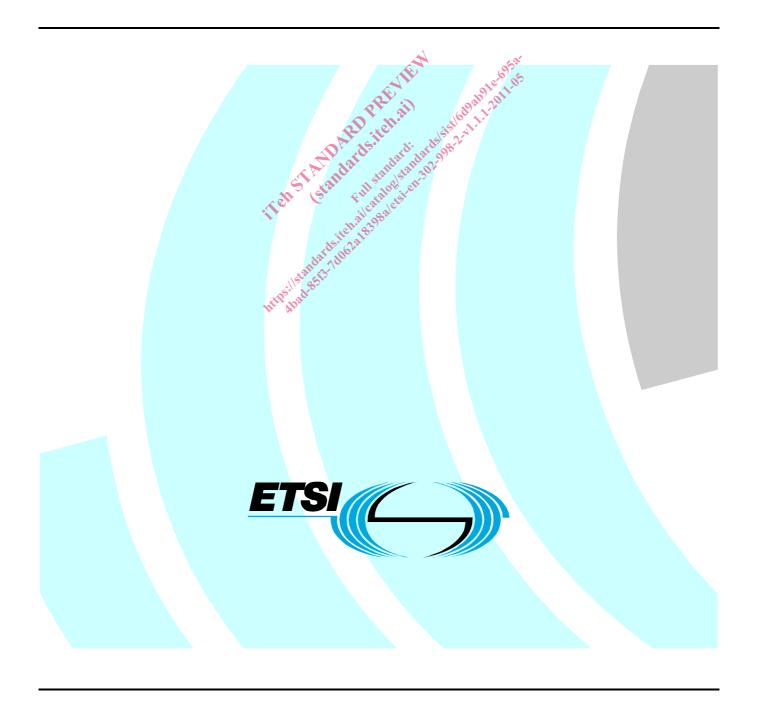
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Harmonized European Standard (Telecommunications series)

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM);
Transmitting equipment for terrestrial mobile TV to provide multimedia multicast service;
Part 2: Harmonized EN covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive,
Test Arrangements for transmitters utilizing OFDM technology



Reference DEN/ERM-TG17WG1-004-2

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Foreword

This Harmonized European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM), and is now submitted for the Public Enquiry phase of the ETSI standards Two-step Approval Procedure.

The present document has been produced by ETSI in response to a mandate from the European Commission issued under Council Directive 98/34/EC [i.1] (as amended) laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations.

The present document is intended to become a Harmonized Standard, the reference of which will be published in the Official Journal of the European Communities referencing the Directive 1999/5/EC [1] of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity ("the R&TTE Directive").

The requirements relevant to Directive 1999/5/EC [1] are summarised in annex A.

The present document is part 2 of a multi-part deliverable. Full details of the entire series can be found in part 1 [2].

Proposed national transposition dates				
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	3 months after ETSI publication			
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	6 months after doa			
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	18 months after doa			

Introduction

The present document is part of a multi-part deliverable developed by ETSI and is designed to fit in a modular structure to cover all radio and telecommunications terminal equipment within the scope of the R&TTE Directive. The modular structure is shown in EG 201 399 [i.2].

1 Scope

The present document applies to the following radio equipment types:

Transmitting equipment for terrestrial mobile TV to provide multimedia multicast service, with 7 MHz and 8 MHz RF channel bandwidths, operating in the CEPT or national frequency bands appropriate for this service.

The present document is intended to cover the provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC [1] (R&TTE Directive), Article 3.2, which states that "..... radio equipment shall be so constructed that it effectively uses the spectrum allocated to terrestrial/space radio communications and orbital resources so as to avoid harmful interference".

In addition to the present document, other ENs that specify technical requirements in respect of essential requirements under other parts of article 3 of the R&TTE Directive [1] may apply to equipment within the scope of the present document.

NOTE: A list of such ENs is included on the web site http://www.newapproach.org.

2 References

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

2.1 Normative references

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] Directive 1999/5/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE Directive).
- [2] ETSI EN 302 998-1 (V1.1.1) "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Transmitting equipment for terrestrial mobile TV to provide multimedia multicast service; Part 1: Harmonized EN covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive, Common Requirements".
- [3] CENELEC EN 55016-1-1 (2007 + A1:2007 + A2:2008): "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods Part 1-1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus Measuring apparatus".
- [4] CISPR 16-2-3 Ed. 2.0 b:2006: "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods Part 2-3: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity Radiated disturbance measurements".

2.2 Informative references

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

[i.1] Directive 98/34/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 June 1998 laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations.

[i.2] ETSI EG 201 399 (V2.1.1): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); A guide to the production of candidate Harmonized Standards for application under the R&TTE Directive".

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

antenna port: port of an apparatus which is designed, in normal operation, to be connected to an antenna using coaxial cable

cabinet radiation: emissions from the equipment, radiated from the enclosure port, other than those present at the antenna port

carrier power: average power supplied to the antenna port by a transmitter during one radio frequency cycle taken under the condition of no modulation

class of emission: set of characteristics of an emission, designated by standard symbols, e.g. type of modulation of the main carrier, modulating signal, type of information to be transmitted, and also, if appropriate, any additional signal characteristics

dBc: decibels relative to the unmodulated carrier power of the emission

NOTE: In the cases which do not have a carrier, for example in some digital modulation schemes where the carrier is not accessible for measurement, the reference level equivalent to dBc is decibels relative to the *mean power P*.

enclosure port: physical boundary of the apparatus through which electromagnetic fields may radiate or impinge

NOTE: In the case of integral antenna equipment, this port is inseparable from the antenna port.

environmental profile: range of environmental conditions under which equipment within the scope of EN 302 998 is required to comply with the provisions of EN 302 998

harmonic: component of order greater than 1 of the Fourier series of a periodic quantity

intermodulation products: unwanted frequencies resulting from intermodulation between carriers or harmonics of emission, or between any oscillations generated to produce the carrier

mean power: average power supplied to the antenna port by a transmitter during an interval of time sufficiently long compared with the lowest frequency encountered in the modulation taken under normal operating conditions

necessary bandwidth: for a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is sufficient to ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions

out-of-band emissions: emissions on a frequency or frequencies immediately outside the necessary bandwidth which results from the modulation process, but exclude spurious emissions

reference bandwidth: bandwidth in which the emission level is specified

spurious emissions: emissions on a frequency or frequencies which are outside the necessary bandwidth and the level of which may be reduced without affecting the corresponding transmission of information

NOTE: These include harmonic emissions, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products but exclude out of band emissions.

unwanted emissions: consist of spurious emissions and out-of-band emissions

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

μ Micro
GHz Giga Hertz
kHz kilo Hertz
m metres
MHz Mega Hertz
W Watt

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

dB logarithmic ratio (tenths of a "Bel")
dBm dB relative to one milliwatt
EMC ElectroMagnetic Compatibility
EUT Equipment Under Test
FFT Fast Fourier Transform
LV Low Voltage

LV Low Voltag M-TV mobile TV

OFDM Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplex

R&TTE Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment

RF Radio Frequency

4 General measuring arrangements

4.1 Test conditions

4.1.1 Test frequency range

Limits on unwanted emissions for radio equipments are considered to be applicable to the range 9 kHz to 300 GHz. However, for practical measurement purposes, the frequency range of spurious emissions may be restricted. As guidance for practical purposes, the following measurement parameters in table 4.1 are recommended.

Table 4.1: Test frequency range

Transmitter fundamental	Unwanted emission frequency measurement range		
frequency range	lower frequency	upper frequency	
47 MHz to 862 MHz	9 kHz	4,5 GHz	

The following reference bandwidths are to be used:

For spurious emissions:

- 100 kHz between 9 kHz and 174 MHz;
- 4 kHz between 174 MHz and 400 MHz;
- 100 kHz between 400 MHz and 790 MHz:
- 4 kHz between 790 MHz and 862 MHz;
- 100 kHz between 862 MHz and 1 000 MHz;
- 100 kHz above 1 000 MHz.

For out-of-band emissions:

- 4 kHz.

For Cabinet Radiation measurements please refer to CENELEC EN 55016-1-1 [3] or CISPR 16-2-3 [4].

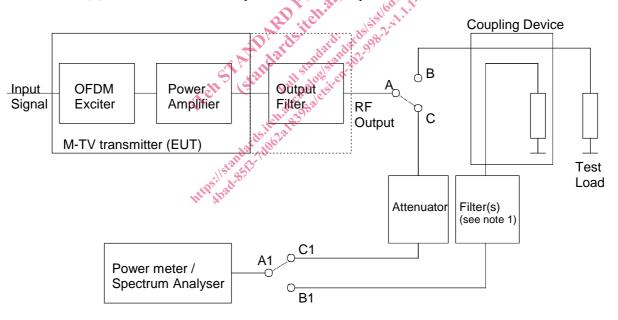
4.1.2 Test modulating signal

The modulation signal at the input of the transmitter shall be according to OFDM signal defined in the equipment technical specification with the following specific settings:

- The FFT mode supported by the EUT. If more than one mode are supported by the EUT, the mode with the largest FFT size.
- The guard interval duration supported by the EUT. If more than one guard interval duration are supported by the EUT, the guard interval with the shortest duration.
- The modulation constellation supported by the EUT. If more than one modulation constellation are supported by the EUT, the constellation with the highest order.
- The code ratio supported by the EUT. If more than one code ratio are supported by the EUT, an optional code ratio declared by the equipment manufacturer (or the code with the lowest ratio).

4.2 Test arrangement for measurement of spurious emissions

See clause 5.3.1 in [2] for initial conditions, test procedure and test requirements.

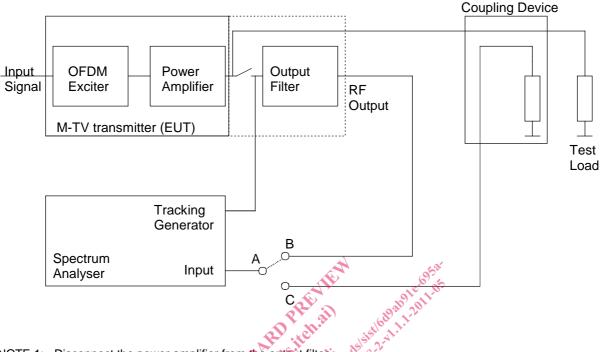


- NOTE 1: The optional filter should suppress the output signal so that no intermodulation products are generated by the spectrum analyser. The insertion loss throughout the measuring range should be known.
- NOTE 2: For high power transmitters the preferred set up would require A to be connected to B and A1 to be connected to B1.
- NOTE 3: For low power transmitters the preferred set up would require A to be connected to C and A1 to be connected to C1.
- NOTE 4: If the transmitter does not include any output filter, an external filter shall be added after the transmitter for the testing arrangement. This filter shall be representative of the multiplexer or filter existing in operational conditions and viewed by the transmitted output when installed. In this case, the antenna port measurements shall be performed at the output of this extra filter.

Figure 4.1: Test arrangement for spurious emissions

4.3 Test arrangement for measurement of out-of-band emissions

See clause 5.3.2 in [2] for initial conditions, test procedure and test requirements.



- NOTE 1: Disconnect the power amplifier from the output filter.
- NOTE 2: The frequency response of the output filter must be measured and recorded (Connection A-B).
- NOTE 3: The spectrum of the OFDM signal at the output of the power amplifier must be measured and recorded (Connection A-C).
- NOTE 4: The out-of-band spectrum of the OFDM signal shall be calculated by applying the recorded frequency response of the output filter to the recorded spectrum of the OFDM signal.
- NOTE 5: If the transmitter does not include any output filter, an external filter shall be added after the transmitter for the testing arrangement. This filter shall be representative of the multiplexer or filter existing in operational conditions and viewed by the transmitted output when installed. In this case, the antenna port measurements shall be performed at the output of this extra filter.

Figure 4.2: Test arrangement for out-of-band emissions

4.4 Test arrangement for measurement of cabinet radiation

See clause 5.3.3 in [2] for initial conditions, test procedure and test requirements.