

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 3385:2014

01-oktober-2014

Nadomešča:

**SIST EN ISO 3385:2000** 

Penjeni polimerni materiali - Mehke pene - Ugotavljanje utrujenosti materiala s sunkovitim obremenjevanjem s konstantno silo (ISO 3385:2014)

Flexible cellular polymeric materials - Determination of fatigue by constant-load pounding (ISO 3385:2014)

Weich-elastische polymere Schaumstoffe Bestimmung der Ermüdung im Dauerschwingversuch mit Stoßbelastung unter konstanter Kraft (ISO 3385:2014)

Matériaux polymères alvéolaires sou<u>ples Détermination</u> de la fatigue par indentation à charge constante (ISO:3385:2014)i/catalog/standards/sist/4d5a1eb7-dd1d-45a0-bd86-436c250afbcc/sist-en-iso-3385-2014

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 3385:2014

ICS:

83.100 Penjeni polimeri Cellular materials

SIST EN ISO 3385:2014 en

**SIST EN ISO 3385:2014** 

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE **EN ISO 3385** 

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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#### **English Version**

### Flexible cellular polymeric materials - Determination of fatigue by constant-load pounding (ISO 3385:2014)

Matériaux polymères alvéolaires souples - Détermination de la fatigue par indentation à charge constante (ISO 3385:2014)

Weich-elastische polymere Schaumstoffe - Bestimmung der Ermüdung im Dauerschwingversuch mit Stoßbelastung unter konstanter Kraft (ISO 3385:2014)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 28 June 2014.

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EN ISO 3385:2014 (E)

#### **Foreword**

This document (EN ISO 3385:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 45 "Rubber and rubber products" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics" the secretariat of which is held by NBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 3385:1995.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 3385:2014 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 3385:2014 without any modification. (standards.iteh.ai)

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### INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 3385

Fourth edition 2014-07-15

# Flexible cellular polymeric materials — Determination of fatigue by constant-load pounding

Matériaux polymères alvéolaires souples — Détermination de la fatigue par indentation à charge constante

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### ISO 3385:2014(E)

#### **Foreword**

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 45, *Rubber and rubber products*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Products other than hoses*.

**SIST EN ISO 3385:2014** 

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 3385:1989); which has been technically revised. 436c250afbcc/sist-en-iso-3385-2014

### Flexible cellular polymeric materials — Determination of fatigue by constant-load pounding

### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for the determination of loss in thickness and loss in hardness of flexible cellular materials intended for use in load-bearing applications such as upholstery.

It provides a means of assessing the service performance of flexible cellular materials based on rubber latex or polyurethane used in load-bearing upholstery.

The method is applicable both to standard size test pieces cut from slabstock material and to shaped components. The measured loss in thickness and loss in hardness are related to, but are not necessarily the same as, the losses likely to occur in service.

This international Standard is not intended to function as a detailed engineering design specification for fatigue apparatus.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2439:2008, Flexible cellular polymeric materials 85 Determination of hardness (indentation technique) https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4d5a1eb7-dd1d-45a0-bd86-

436c250afbcc/sist-en-iso-3385-2014

#### 3 Principle

Repeated indentation of a test piece by an indentor smaller in area than the test piece, the maximum load reached during each cycle being kept within specified limits. The typical loading cycle is shown in Figure A.1.

### 4 Apparatus

- **4.1** Pounding test machine of either Type A (see 4.2) or Type B (see 4.3), having the following parts.
- **4.1.1 Plane platen**, capable of fully supporting the test piece, and suitably vented with holes approximately 6 mm in diameter at approximately 20 mm pitch in order to allow air to escape from the test piece.
- **4.1.2 Indentor**, having an overall diameter of 250 mm  $\pm$  1 mm with a 25 mm  $\pm$  1 mm radius at its lower edge, provided with a device for applying a maximum force of 750 N  $\pm$  20 N during the loading cycle. The indentor shall be rigidly fixed to its guide and its surface shall be smooth but not polished.

The machine shall be capable of oscillating either the platen (4.1.1) carrying the test piece, or the indentor towards the other in a vertical direction at a rate of  $(70 \pm 5)$  strokes per minute. The amplitude of the stroke shall be adjustable.

The indentor shall be linked to a re-settable counting device which displays the number of compression cycles performed during the test.