Draft ETSI EN 300 338-6 V1.1.0 (2016-11)



Technical characteristics and methods of measurement for equipment for generation, transmission and reception of Digital Selective Calling (DSC) in the maritime MF, MF/HF and/or VHF mobile service; Part 6: Class M DSC

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Reference

DEN/ERM-TG26-087-6

Keywords

DSC, GMDSS, maritime, radio, SAR

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Foreword

This draft European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI standards EN Approval Procedure.

The present document is part 6 of a multi-part deliverable. Full details of the entire series can be found in part 1 [i.1].

Proposed national transposition dates			
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	3 months after ETSI publication		
Date of latest publication of new National Standard			
or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	6 months after doa		
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	18 months after doa		

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the <u>ETSI Drafting Rules</u> (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"must" and "must not" are NOT allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

1 Scope

The present document states the minimum requirements for devices using Digital Selective Calling (DSC) Class M, for Man Overboard (MOB). The present document defines the requirements for equipment that uses DSC alerting and signalling in the maritime mobile bands and particularly the GMDSS distress and safety channels. Such equipment is not intended to provide any subsequent communications or telephony facilities.

The present document is part 6 of a multi-part deliverable that covers the channel access rules and technical requirements applicable to these devices.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

[1]	Recommendation ITU-R M 493-14: "Digital selective-calling system for use in the maritime
	mobile service".
[2]	ETSI EN 303 098: "Maritime low power personal locating devices employing AIS; Harmonised
	Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the Directive 2014/53/EU".
	skell 1/3 /
[3]	Recommendation ITU-R M.585-7. Assignment and use of identities in the maritime mobile
	service".
[4]	Recommendation ITU-R M.821-1: "Optional expansion of the digital selective-calling system for
	use in the maritime mobile service".
[5]	CENELEC EN 61108-1: "Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems -

equipment - Performance standards, methods of testing and required test results".

[6] CENELEC EN 61108-2: "Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems - Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) - Part 2: Global navigation satellite system (GLONASS) - Receiver equipment - Performance standards, methods of testing and required test

Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) - Part 1: Global positioning system (GPS) - Receiver

[7] CENELEC EN 61108-3: "Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems - Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) - Part 3: Galileo receiver equipment - Performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results".

2.2 Informative references

results".

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

[i.1] ETSI EN 300 338-1: "Technical characteristics and methods of measurement for equipment for generation, transmission and reception of Digital Selective Calling (DSC) in the maritime MF, MF/HF and/or VHF mobile service; Part 1: Common requirements".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in ETSI EN 300 338-1 [i.1] and the following apply:

acknowledged: automated procedure it indicates that the objective of the initial DSC message has been achieved

activation: initial triggering of the MoB device i.e. both parts of the two step procedure are performed

active mode: activated mode, transmitting in an emergency situation

class M: specific class of DSC functionality for use by man overboard devices

closed loop: individual transmission to own vessel

default: value selected or an action taken by the equipment software in the absence of any operator input

distress alert: name given to the single distress DSC message with the format symbol 112

distress DSC message: DSC message or acknowledgement containing the distress information

distress information: symbols within a DSC message describing a distress situation consisting of the MMSI of the vessel in distress, the nature of distress, the position of the vessel in distress, the UTC time of that position and the mode of subsequent communication

factory default: default value that is set by the manufacturer such that the field or behaviour is defined prior to any operator intervention

information characters: set of symbols in a DSC message that contains the items of interest for the recipient and is used to compute the ECC symbol that terminates the message

non distress DSC message: DSC messages or acknowledgements that do not have the format specifier or category of "distress"

open loop: transmitting to all ships (broadcast) 'using All ships call types'

symbol (as part of the DSC sentence): 7 binary bits of a 10 bit DSC word that have the information content

test mode: self testing mode using an individual test call to own vessel

word (as part of the DSC sentence): 10 binary bits that make up the coded entities of a transmitted DSC message

NOTE: The 10 bits consist of a 7 bit "symbol" that gives the information content and 3 bit error check that gives the number of 0 binary bits in the 7 bit symbol.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AIS Automatic Identification System
CIRM Comite International Radio-Maritime

DSC Digital Selective Calling ECC Error Check Character

GMDSS Global Maritime Distress and Safety System

GMSK Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying GNSS Global Navigation Satellite System

GPS Global Positioning System

HF High Frequency

ID IDentity

ITU International Telecommunications Union ITU-R ITU - Radiocommunications Sector

LBT Listen Before Talk MF Medium Frequency

MMSI Maritime Mobile Service Identity

MOB Man Overboard PM Phase Modulation

UTC Universal Time Co-ordinated VHF Very High Frequency WGS World Geodetic System

4 General requirements

4.1 General

Class M MOB devices are employed in situations of grave and imminent danger to persons that require immediate assistance from other vessels.

MOB devices shall be:

- Fitted with an internal electronic GNSS position fixing device
- Fitted with a transceiver operating on VHF DSC channel 70
- Fitted with an Automatic Identification System (AIS) transmitter operating in accordance with ETSI EN 303 098 [2] to provide radio location
- Fitted with audio and visual indicators to designate operation of the MOB device, intrinsically safe MOB devices shall be fitted with a minimum of visual indicators
- Capable of manual and automatic activation and manual deactivation

4.2 Frequency of operation

The MOB device shall operate on 156,650 MHz (Channel 70), 160,975 MHz (AIS 1) & 161,025 MHz (AIS 2) only.

4.3 Class of emission

DSC: G2B Phase Modulation (PM) with digital information with a sub-carrier.

AIS: F1D GMSK 9600 baud.

4.4 Controls

The MOB device shall be initially activated by the use of two simple, but independent mechanical actions, neither of which on its own shall activate the MOB device.

It shall only be possible to activate the MOB device after a seal or other mechanical restraint has been removed from the first mechanical action. An immersion sensor may replace the second mechanical action. Where the second action is replaced by an immersion sensor then the first action shall be an arm function thus to ensure the device is armed for automatic activation when submerged.

For MOB devices without an arm function, it shall not be possible to reattach a removed seal or restraint. After activation, it shall be simple to de-activate the equipment and the means to deactivate the MOB device shall be clearly marked.

4.5 **Indicators**

4.5.0 General

The MOB device shall be provided with a visual and with the exception of intrinsically safe MOB devices audible indications that designate the operation of the MOB device as specified in clauses 4.5.1 and 4.5.2.

The visual indicator shall be sufficiently bright to be seen in bright sunlight.

451 Audible indicators

The audible indicator shall signal:

- When the MOB device is first activated

- VISUAL Indicators
 The visual indicator shall clearly distinguish the following states: The MOB device has been activated and is to the MOB device.
 The MOB device.

 - The MOB device is undergoing test and is transmitting in test mode.
 - The MOB device has completed a test or has been deactivated locally.
 - The MOB device cannot complete a test because it has not been properly programmed with own vessel MMSI.
 - The MOB device has received a DSC acknowledgement and the DSC transmitter has been deactivated.

Labelling 4.6

The MOB device shall be provided with a label, or labels, permanently affixed to the exterior, containing the following information:

- Self ID of the MOB device (see clause 4.7) and manufacturer serial number.
- Open loop devices shall be marked DSC-MOB-O.
- Closed loop devices shall be marked DSC-MOB-C.
- Adequate instructions to enable the equipment to be activated and deactivated.
- The type of battery as specified by the manufacturer of the MOB device.
- A warning to not block the GNSS antenna.
- The compass safe distance as measured in ETSI EN 303 098 [2], clause 7.10.

- A warning to the effect that the MOB device should not be operated except in an emergency.
- The date on which the battery will need to be replaced. A Simple means shall be provided for changing this date when the battery is replaced.

4.7 Instructions

User operating instructions shall be provided with the equipment and shall include the following warnings:

- "WARNING This equipment is for use in an emergency only. It is not intended for routine tracking of persons or property nor routine recovery of divers."
- "WARNING If a self-test is performed more frequently than once a month, then the battery life may be reduced."

4.8 Self ID

The MOB device shall have a freeform number identity (self ID) coded in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.585-7 [3].

The self ID for the MOB device is 972xxyyyy, where xx = manufacturer ID 01 to 99; yyyy = the sequence number 0000 to 9999 allocated by the manufacturer. Manufacturers IDs are issued by CIRM. Manufacturers shall only use manufacturer IDs that have been issued to them by CIRM, except for training trials and conformance testing purposes where the ID xx=00 can be used.

After being programmed by the manufacturer, it shall not be possible for the user to change the self ID of the MOB device.

The self ID shall be held in non-volatile memory.

4.9 Own vessel MMSI

The MOB device shall be capable of being programmed with the MMSI of its own vessel or group.

It shall be possible for a MOB device's own vessel MMSI to be re-programmed in the field, for example when MOB devices are moved from one vessel to be stowed on another vessel. It shall be possible for users to re-programme the own vessel MMSI without locating devices having to be returned to the manufacturer.

The own vessel MMSI shall be held in non-volatile memory.

If the own vessel MMSI is not entered or not valid the locating device shall indicate this during test.

4.10 Battery requirement

The battery provided as a power source shall be a primary battery and have sufficient capacity to operate the MOB device within the requirements of the present document for an uninterrupted period of at least 12 hours, at a temperature of -20 degrees Centigrade (± 3 degrees Centigrade).

5 DSC Operation

5.1 Listen Before Talk (LBT) Protocol

5.1.0 General

For closed loop transmission LBT is not applied. Transmission commences immediately and there is no prioritized wait applied.