

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 480-8:2012

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Nadomešča:

SIST EN 480-8:1998

Kemijski dodatki za beton, malto in injekcijsko maso - Metode preskušanja - 8. del: Določanje deleža suhe snovi

Admixtures for concrete, mortar and grout - Test methods - Part 8: Determination of the conventional dry material content

Zusatzmittel für Beton, Mörtel und Einpreßmörtel Prüfverfahren Veil 8: Bestimmung des Feststoffgehalts (standards.iteh.ai)

Adjuvants pour béton, mortier et coulis Méthodes d'essai - Partie 8: Détermination de l'extrait sec conventionné tandards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f60b56a6-5f2f-4bd8-a7f5-b6b4f7b7f359/sist-en-480-8-2012

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 480-8:2012

ICS:

91.100.10 Cement. Mavec. Apno. Malta Cement. Gypsum. Lime.

Mortar

91.100.30 Beton in betonski izdelki Concrete and concrete

products

SIST EN 480-8:2012 en,fr,de

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EN 480-8

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

May 2012

ICS 01.040.91; 91.100.30

Supersedes EN 480-8:1996

English Version

Admixtures for concrete, mortar and grout - Test methods - Part 8: Determination of the conventional dry material content

Adjuvants pour bétons, mortier et coulis - Méthodes d'essai - Partie 8: Détermination de l'extrait sec conventionnel

Zusatzmittel für Beton, Mörtel und Einpressmörtel -Prüfverfahren - Teil 8: Bestimmung des Feststoffgehalts

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 April 2012.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions. The CTANDARD PREVIEW

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This document (EN 480-8:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 104 "Concrete and related products", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2012, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2012.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 480-8:1996.

This draft European Standard is part of the series EN 480 "Admixtures for concrete, mortar and grout — Test methods" which comprises the following:

- Part 1 Reference concrete and reference mortar for testing
- Part 2 Determination of setting time
- Part 4 Determination of bleeding of concrete
- Part 5 Determination of capillary absorption
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- Part 6 Infrared analysis

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- Part 8 Determination of the conventional dry material content
- Part 11 Determination of air void characteristics in hardened concrete
- Part 12 Determination of the alkali content of admixtures
- Part 13 Reference masonry mortar for testing mortar admixtures
- Part 14 Determination of the effect on corrosion susceptibility of reinforcing steel by potentiostatic electro-chemical test
- Part 15 Reference concrete and method for testing viscosity modifying admixtures¹⁾

This standard is applicable together with the other standards of the EN 480 series for testing admixtures in accordance with the EN 934 series of standards.

In this revision drying the test specimen for a fixed period has been replaced by drying to constant weight.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

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¹⁾ In preparation.

Introduction

The procedure in EN 480-8:1996 has been found to be unreliable for some types of admixture such as lignosulfonates and sugars. The procedure has now been revised to include drying to constant weight using duplicate specimens with a requirement for maximum difference between results.

Some materials used in admixtures are deliquescent so the option of using a bottle with a stopper to be inserted during weighing is included.

Some liquid admixtures form a skin during drying which prevents complete drying. In these circumstances EN 934-1 permits an alternative test procedure to be used.

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1 Scope

This European Standard describes a method for determining the conventional dry material content of an admixture.

2 Principle

A sample of admixture is dried in an oven at (105 ± 3) °C until a constant weight is reached.

In the case of a liquid admixture this method shall be used to characterize the dry material content. For a powder admixture this method shall be used to determine the actual mass of the dried powder.

NOTE This method is not suitable for determining the absolute solids content.

3 Apparatus

- **3.1 Weighing bottle,** squat form, wide-mouthed with ground glass stopper or evaporating basin with a flat bottom and approximately 75 mm diameter × 45 mm depth.
- **3.2 Desiccator**, containing an efficient desiccant.
- 3.3 Drying Oven with forced ventilation, thermostatically controlled at (105 ± 3) °C, fitted with a temperature indicating device.

The required temperature range shall be maintained throughout all parts of the oven used for this test.

NOTE Forced ventilation is necessary to ensure uniform temperature throughout the oven.

3.4 Balance, with a resolution of 0,5 mg. 7359/sist-en-480-8-2012

4 Procedure

Heat the weighing bottle with the stopper removed, or the evaporating basin, for at least one hour in a drying oven at (105 ± 3) °C. After cooling for 30 min in a desiccator weigh the weighing bottle with stopper inserted, or the evaporating basin. Repeat this procedure until the mass of the vessel is constant within a range of 1 mg.

Spread $(2,0 \pm 0,2)$ g of the sample in a uniform layer on the bottom of the vessel and weigh to the nearest 1 mg).

NOTE 1 In order to obtain reproducible results it is essential that the mass of the dried residue or of the dried powder will be significant in relation to the mass of the vessel and the mass of the sample.

Heat the weighing bottle and contents and the stopper with stopper removed, or the evaporating basin and contents, in the oven at (105 ± 3) °C for a minimum of 1 h. Insert the stopper and transfer the weighing bottle, or evaporating basin, to the desiccator. Allow to cool in the desiccator with the stopper removed. Insert the stopper and weigh the weighing bottle, or evaporating basin, to the nearest 1 mg. Repeat the heating for at least 30 min, allow to cool in the desiccator and again weigh to the nearest 1 mg. Repeat the heating and cooling until two successive weighings differ by no more than 2 mg. Record the lower mass.

Repeat the weighing and drying procedure using a fresh specimen from the same sample in order to obtain duplicate results.

NOTE 2 If this test method is not suitable, the manufacturer should specify a documented alternative test method (see EN 934-1).

5 Results

The following formula shall be used to calculate the results:

Dry material content
$$X = \frac{R}{M} \times 100 \%$$
 by mass (1)

where

- R is the mass of the residue in grams;
- M is the mass of admixture in grams;
- X is the dry material content in percent by mass.

For an average dry material content \leq 20 % the difference between the two results shall not exceed average dry material content multiplied by 0,04. For an average dry material content > 20 % the difference between the two results shall not exceed 0,80 % by mass.

If these differences are exceeded duplicate tests shall be repeated until the results agree within the maximum permitted difference.

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6 Test report

This shall include at least the following: SIST EN 480-8:2012 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f60b56a6-5f2f-4bd8-a7f5-

- a) a reference to this document (EN 480-8),6b4f7b7f359/sist-en-480-8-2012
- b) name or code of admixture tested (with information related to its marking);
- c) date of the test;
- d) name of the laboratory;
- e) name of the operator;
- f) type of vessel in which specimens dried;
- g) origin of the sample and date when taken;
- h) dry material content as mean of duplicate test results to 0,1 % by mass.