

Designation: A 325 - 04a

American Association State Highway and Transportation Officials Standard AASHTO No.: M 164

Standard Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat Treated, 120/105 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 325; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification² covers two types of quenched and tempered steel heavy hex structural bolts having a minimum tensile strength of 120 ksi for sizes 1.0 in. and less and 105 ksi for sizes over 1.0 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in., inclusive.

1.2 The bolts are intended for use in structural connections. These connections are covered under the requirements of the Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts, approved by the Research Council on Structural Connections, endorsed by the American Institute of Steel Construction and by the Industrial Fastener Institute.³

1.3 The bolts are furnished in sizes $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ in., inclusive. They are designated by type, denoting chemical composition as follows:

Description

Туре

Type 1Medium carbon, carbon boron, or medium carbon alloy steel.Type 2Withdrawn in November 1991.Type 3Weathering steel.

NOTE 1—Bolts for general applications, including anchor bolts, are covered by Specification A 449. Also refer to Specification A 449 for quenched and tempered steel bolts and studs with diameters greater than $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. but with similar mechanical properties.

NOTE 2—A complete metric companion to Specification A 325 has been developed—Specification A 325M; therefore, no metric equivalents are presented in this specification.

1.4 This specification is applicable to heavy hex structural bolts only. For bolts of other configurations and thread lengths with similar mechanical properties, see Specification A 449.

1.5 Terms used in this specification are defined in Terminology F 1789.

1.6 The following safety hazard caveat pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 10, of this specification: *This*

standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards: ⁴
- A 153/A 153M Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware

A 194/A 194M Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts for Bolts for High Pressure or High Temperature Service, or Both

- A 449 Specification for Quenched and Tempered Steel Bolts and Studs
- A 490 Specification for Structural Bolts, Alloy Steel, Heat Treated, 150 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength
- A 563 Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts
- A 751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products
- B 695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel
- D 3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging
- F 436 Specification for Hardened Steel Washers
- F 606 Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, and Rivets
- F 788/F 788M Specification for Surface Discontinuities of Bolts, Screws, and Studs, Inch and Metric Series
- F 959 Specification for Compressible-Washer-Type Direct Tension Indicators for Use with Structural Fasteners
- F 1470 Guide for Fastener Sampling for Specified Mechanical Properties and Performance Inspection
- F 1789 Terminology for F16 Mechanical Fasteners
- G 101 Guide for Estimating the Atmospheric Corrosion Resistance of Low-Alloy Steels

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.02 on Steel Bolts, Nuts, Rivets, and Washers.

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² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SA-325 in Section II of that Code.

³ Published by American Institute of Steel Construction,One East Wacker Dr., Ste. 3100, Chicago, IL 60601-2001.

⁴ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

2.2 ASME Standards:⁵

B 1.1 Unified Screw Threads

B 18.2.6 Fasteners for Use in Structural Applications

B 18.24.1 Part Identifying Number (PIN) Code System

3. Ordering Information

3.1 Orders for heavy hex structural bolts under this specification shall include the following:

3.1.1 Quantity (number of pieces of bolts and accessories). 3.1.2 Size, including nominal bolt diameter, thread pitch, and bolt length.

3.1.3 Name of product, heavy hex structural bolts.

3.1.4 When bolts threaded full length are required, Supplementary Requirement S1 shall be specified.

3.1.5 Type of bolt: Type 1 or 3. When type is not specified, either Type 1 or Type 3 shall be furnished at the supplier's option.

3.1.6 ASTM designation and year of issue.

3.1.7 Other components such as nuts, washers, and compressible washer-type direct-tension indicators, if required.

3.1.7.1 When such other components are specified to be furnished, also state "Nuts, washers, and direct tension indicators, or combination thereof, shall be furnished by lot number."

3.1.8 *Zinc Coating*—Specify the zinc coating process required, for example, hot dip, mechanically deposited, or no preference (see 4.3).

3.1.9 Other Finishes—Specify other protective finish, if required.

3.1.10 Test reports, if required (see Section 13).

3.1.11 Supplementary or special requirements, if required.

3.1.12 For establishment of a part identifying system, see ASME B18.24.1.

NOTE 3—A typical ordering description follows: 1000 pieces $1\frac{1}{8}$ -7 UNC in. dia \times 4 in. long heavy hex structural bolt, *Type 1 ASTM A 325–02*, each with one hardened washer, ASTM F 436 Type 1, and one heavy hex nut, ASTM A 563 Grade DH. Each component hot-dip zinc-coated. Nuts lubricated.

3.2 Recommended Nuts:

Bolt Type and Finish

3.2.1 Nuts conforming to the requirements of Specification A 563 are the recommended nuts for use with Specification A 325 heavy hex structural bolts. The nuts shall be of the class and have a surface finish for each type of bolt as follows:

Nut Class and Finish

1, plain (noncoated)	A 563-C, C 3, D, DH, DH3, plain
1, zinc coated	A 563-DH, zinc coated
3, plain	A 563-C3, DH3, plain

3.2.2 Alternatively, nuts conforming to Specification A 194/ A 194M Gr. 2H are considered a suitable substitute for use with Specification A 325 Type 1 heavy hex structural bolts.

3.2.3 When Specification A 194/A 194M Gr. 2H zinccoated nuts are supplied, the zinc coating, overtapping, lubrication, and rotational capacity testing shall be in accordance with Specification A 563.

3.3 Recommended Washers:

3.3.1 Washers conforming to Specification F 436 are the recommended washers for use with Specification A 325 heavy hex structural bolts. The washers shall have a surface finish for each type of bolt as follows:

Washer Finish

plain (uncoated)
zinc coated
weathering steel, plain

3.4 Other Accessories:

Bolt Type and Finish

3.4.1 When compressible washer type direct tension indicators are specified to be used with these bolts, they shall conform to Specification F 959 Type 325.

4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 *Heat Treatment*:

4.1.1 Type 1 bolts produced from medium carbon steel shall be quenched in a liquid medium from the austenitizing temperature. Type 1 bolts produced from medium carbon steel to which chromium, nickel, molybdenum, or born were intentionally added shall be quenched only in oil from the austenitizing temperature.

4.1.2 Type 3 bolts shall be quenched only in oil from the austenitizing temperature.

4.1.3 Type 1 bolts, regardless of the steel used, and Type 3 bolts shall be tempered by reheating to not less than 800°F.

4.2 *Threading*—Threads shall be cut or rolled.

4.3 Zinc Coatings, Hot-Dip and Mechanically Deposited:

4.3.1 When zinc-coated fasteners are required, the purchaser shall specify the zinc coating process, for example, hot dip, mechanically deposited, or no preference.

4.3.2 When hot-dip is specified, the fasteners shall be zinc-coated by the hot-dip process and the coating shall conform to the coating weight/thickness and performance requirements of Class C of Specification A 153/A 153M.

4.3.3 When mechanically deposited is specified, the fasteners shall be zinc-coated by the mechanical deposition process and the coating shall conform to the coating weight/thickness and performance requirements of Class 50 of Specification B 695.

4.3.4 When no preference is specified, the supplier shall furnish either a hot-dip zinc coating in accordance with Specification A 153/A 153M, Class C, or a mechanically deposited zinc coating in accordance with Specification B 695, Class 50. Threaded components (bolts and nuts) shall be coated by the same zinc-coating process and the supplier's option is limited to one process per item with no mixed processes in a lot.

4.4 *Lubrication*—When zinc-coated nuts are ordered with the bolts, the nuts shall be lubricated in accordance with Specification A 563, Supplementary Requirement S1, to minimize galling.

4.5 Secondary Processing:

4.5.1 If any processing, which can affect the mechanical properties or performance of the bolts, is performed after the

⁵ Available from ASME International, Information Central, 22 Law Dr., PO Box 2300, Fairfield, NJ 07007-2300

initial testing, the bolts shall be retested for all specified mechanical properties and performance requirements affected by the reprocessing.

4.5.2 When the secondary process is heat treatment, the bolts shall be tested for all specified mechanical properties. Hot dip zinc-coated bolts shall be tested for all specified mechanical properties and rotational capacity. If zinc-coated nuts are relubricated after the initial rotational capacity tests, the assemblies shall be retested for rotational capacity.

5. Chemical Composition

5.1 Type 1 bolts shall be plain carbon steel, carbon boron steel, alloy steel or alloy boron steel at the manufacturer's option, conforming to the chemical composition specified in Table 1.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements for Type 1 Bolts

Flement	Carbon Steel			
Liemeni	Heat	Product		
	Analysis	Analysis		
Carbon	0.30-0.52	0.28-0.55		
Manganese, min	0.60	0.57		
Phosphorus, max	0.040	0.048		
Sulfur, max	0.050	0.058		
Silicon	0.15-0.30	0.13–0.32		
	Carbon B	oron Steel		
Element	Carbon B Heat Analysis	oron Steel Product Analysis		
Element Carbon	Heat	Product		
	Heat Analysis	Product Analysis		
Carbon Manganese, min Phosphorus, max	Heat Analysis 0.30–0.52	Product Analysis 0.28–0.55		
Carbon Manganese, min	Heat Analysis 0.30–0.52 0.60	Product Analysis 0.28–0.55 0.57		
Carbon Manganese, min Phosphorus, max	Heat Analysis 0.30–0.52 0.60 0.040	Product Analysis 0.28–0.55 0.57 0.048		

Element	Alloy Steel		
Element	Heat	Product	
	Analysis	Analysis	
Carbon	0.30-0.52	0.28-0.55	
Manganese, min	0.60	0.57	
Phosphorus, max	0.035	0.040	
Sulfur, max	0.040	0.045	
Silicon	0.15-0.35	0.13-0.37	
Alloying Elements	A A		
	Alloy Boron Steel		
	Heat	Product	
	Analysis	Analysis	
Carbon	0.30-0.52	0.28-0.55	
Manganese, min	0.60	0.57	
Phosphorus, max	0.035 0.040		
Sulfur, max	0.040	0.045	
Silicon	0.15-0.35	0.15–0.35 0.13–0.37	
Boron	0.0005-0.003	0.0005-0.003 0.0005-0.003	
Alloying Elements	A A		

^A Steel, as defined by the American Iron and Steel Institute, shall be considered to be alloy when the maximum of the range given for the content of alloying elements exceeds one or more of the following limits: Manganese, 1.65 %; silicon, 0.60 %; copper, 0.60 % or in which a definite range or a definite minimum quantity of any of the following elements is specified or required within the limits of the recognized field of constructional alloy steels: aluminum, chromium up to 3.99 %, cobalt, columbium, molybdenum, nickel, titanium, tungsten, vanadium, zirconium, or any other alloying elements added to obtain a desired alloying effect.

5.2 Type 3 bolts shall be weathering steel and shall conform to one of the chemical compositions specified in Table 2. The selection of the chemical composition, A, B, C, D, E, or F, shall be at the option of the bolt manufacturer. See Guide G 101 for methods of estimating the atmospheric corrosion resistance of low alloy steels.

5.3 Product analyses made on finished bolts representing each lot shall conform to the product analysis requirements specified in Table 1 and Table 2, as applicable.

5.4 Heats of steel to which bismuth, selenium, tellurium, or lead has been intentionally added shall not be permitted for bolts.

5.5 Compliance with 5.4 shall be based on certification that heats of steel having any of the listed elements intentionally added were not used to produce the bolts.

5.6 Chemical analyses shall be performed in accordance with Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A 751.

6. Mechanical Properties

6.1 *Hardness*—The bolts shall conform to the hardness specified in Table 3.

6.2 Tensile Properties:

6.2.1 Except as permitted in 6.2.2 for long bolts and 6.2.3 for short bolts, sizes 1.00 in. and smaller having a length of $2^{1/4}$ *D* and longer, and sizes larger than 1.00 in. having a length of 3D and longer, shall be wedge tested full size and shall conform to the minimum wedge tensile load and proof load or alternative proof load specified in Table 4. The load achieved during proof load testing shall be equal to or greater than the specified proof load.

6.2.2 When the length of the bolt makes full-size testing impractical, machined specimens shall be tested and shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 5. When bolts are tested by both full-size and machined specimen methods, the full-size test shall take precedence.

6.2.3 Sizes 1.00 in. and smaller having a length shorter than $2^{1/4}$ *D* down to 2*D*, inclusive, that cannot be wedge tensile tested shall be axially tension tested full size and shall conform to the minimum tensile load and proof load or alternate proof load specified in Table 4. Sizes 1.00 in. and smaller having a length shorter than 2*D* that cannot be axially tensile tested shall be qualified on the basis of hardness.

6.2.4 For bolts on which both hardness and tension tests are performed, acceptance based on tensile requirements shall take precedence in the event of low hardness readings.

6.3 Rotational Capacity Test:

6.3.1 *Definition*—The rotational capacity test is intended to evaluate the presence of a lubricant, the efficiency of the lubricant, and the compatibility of assemblies as represented by the components selected for testing.

6.3.2 *Requirement*—Zinc-coated bolts, zinc-coated washers, and zinc-coated and lubricated nuts tested full size in an assembled joint or tension measuring device, in accordance with 10.2, shall not show signs of failure when subjected to the nut rotation in Table 6. The test shall be performed by the responsible party (see Section 14) prior to shipment after zinc coating and lubrication of nuts (see 10.2 and Note 5).

			Compos	sition, %		
	Type 3 Bolts ^A					
Element	A	В	С	D	E	F
Carbon:						
Heat analysis	0.33-0.40	0.38-0.48	0.15-0.25	0.15-0.25	0.20-0.25	0.20-0.25
Product analysis	0.31-0.42	0.36-0.50	0.14-0.26	0.14-0.26	0.18-0.27	0.19–0.26
langanese:						
Heat analysis	0.90-1.20	0.70-0.90	0.80-1.35	0.40-1.20	0.60-1.00	0.90-1.20
Product analysis	0.86-1.24	0.67-0.93	0.76-1.39	0.36-1.24	0.56-1.04	0.86-1.24
Phosphorus:						
Heat analysis	0.035 max	0.06-0.12	0.035 max	0.035 max	0.035 max	0.035 max
Product analysis	0.035 max	0.06-0.125	0.040 max	0.035 max	0.035 max	0.035 max
i iouuol analysis	0.0 4 0 max	0.00-0.125	0.040 max	0.040 max	0.040 max	0.040 1188
Sulfur:						
Heat analysis	0.040 max	0.040 max	0.040 max	0.040 max	0.040 max	0.040 max
Product analysis	0.045 max	0.045 max	0.045 max	0.045 max	0.045 max	0.045 max
Silicon:						
Heat analysis	0.15-0.35	0.30-0.50	0.15-0.35	0.25-0.50	0.15-0.35	0.15-0.35
Product analysis	0.13–0.37	0.25-0.55	0.13-0.37	0.20-0.55	0.13-0.37	0.13-0.37
Copper:						
Heat analysis	0.25-0.45	0.20-0.40	0.20-0.50	0.30-0.50	0.30-0.60	0.20-0.40
Product analysis	0.22–0.48	0.17-0.43	0.17–0.53	0.27–0.53	0.27-0.63	0.17–0.43
lickel:						
Heat analysis	0.25-0.45	0.50-0.80	0.25-0.50	0.50-0.80	0.30-0.60	0.20-0.40
Product analysis	0.22-0.43	0.47-0.83	0.22-0.53	0.47–0.83	0.27-0.63	0.17-0.43
Floudet analysis	0.22-0.40	0.47-0.83	0.22-0.55	0.47-0.85	0.27-0.05	0.17-0.43
Chromium:						
Heat analysis	0.45-0.65	0.50-0.75	0.30-0.50	0.50-1.00	0.60-0.90	0.45-0.65
Product analysis	0.42–0.68	0.47-0.83	0.27-0.53	0.45-1.05	0.55–0.95	0.42-0.68
'anadium:						
Heat analysis	В	В	0.020 min	В	В	В
Product analysis	В	оствте	0.010 min	VIAW	В	В
-						
/olybdenum:	В	0.00	В	0.40	В	В
Heat analysis	В	0.06 max		0.10 max	В	
Product analysis	В	0.07 max STN	<u>1 A325⁸-04a</u>	0.11 max	В	В
itanium:https://standard						
Heat analysis	в	В	В	0.05 max	В	В
Product analysis	В	В	В	0.06 max	В	В

TABLE 2	Chemical Requirements for	Type 3 Heav	y Hex Structural Bolts ^A
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^A A, B, C, D, E, and F are classes of material used for Type 3 bolts. Selection of a class shall be at the option of the bolt manufacturer.

^B These elements are not specified or required.

TABLE 5 Thardness Requirements for Boits					
	Bolt Length, in.	Brinell		Rockwell C	
Bolt Size, in.		Min	Max	Min	Max
¹ / ₂ to 1, incl	Less than 2D ^A	253	319	25	34
	2 <i>D</i> and over		319		34
11/8 to 11/2 , incl	Less than 3D ^A	223	286	19	30
	3 <i>D</i> and over	•••	286		30

TABLE 3 Hardness Requirements for Bolts

 A Sizes 1.00 in. and smaller having a length shorter than 2D and sizes larger than 1.00 in. having a length shorter than 3D are subject only to minimum and maximum hardness.

D = Nominal diameter or thread size.

6.3.3 *Acceptance Criterion*—The bolt and nut assembly shall be considered as non-conforming if the assembly fails to pass any one of the following specified requirements:

6.3.3.1 Inability to install the assembly to the nut rotation in Table 6.

6.3.3.2 Inability to remove the nut after installing to the rotation specified in Table 6.

6.3.3.3 Shear failure of the threads as determined by visual examination of bolt and nut threads following removal.

6.3.3.4 Torsional or torsional/tension failure of the bolt. Elongation of the bolt, in the threads between the nut and bolt head, is to be expected at the required rotation and is not to be classified as a failure.

7. Dimensions

7.1 *Head and Body*:

7.1.1 The bolts shall conform to the dimensions for heavy hex structural bolts specified in ANSI/ASME B18.2.6.

7.1.2 The thread length shall not be changed except as provided in Supplementary Requirement S1. Bolts with thread lengths other than those required by this specification shall be ordered under Specification A 449.

7.2 Threads: