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Plinske varnostne zaporne naprave za vstopne tlake do 10 MPa (100 bar)

Gas safety shut-off devices for inlet pressure up to 10 MPa (100 bar)

Gas-Sicherheitsabsperreinrichtungen für Eingangsdrücke bis 10 MPa (100 bar)

Clapets de sécurité pour pressions amont jusqu'à 10 MPa (100 bar)

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ICS:

23.060.40 Tlačni regulatorji Pressure regulators

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This European Standard was approved by CEN on 23 April 2019.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN 14382:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 235 "Gas pressure regulators and associated safety devices for use in gas transmission and distribution", the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 14382:2005+A1:2009.

In comparison with the previous edition, the following technical modifications have been made:

- normative references have been updated;
- terms and definitions have been added;
- classification of two in series SSDs as safety accessory to PED;
- full reference to EN 334:2019 for end connections flange rating, nominal and face to face dimensions, materials (metallic and non-metallic), verification of strength of pressure bearing parts;
- https://standards.iteb.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c50364cc-a667-4d9a-b52c-statistical strength test on the basis of PED provisions; 019
- antistatic characteristics;
- vent limiter as possible fixture to be assembled in the SSDs;
- integration of environmental requirements;
- alignment of normative references (Clause 2), Annex G, Annex ZA and its relevant clauses to CEN rules.

The standard has been editorially revised.

This document can be used as a guideline for gas safety shut off devices outside the ranges specified in this standard.

This edition has introduced the application of statistical strength testing for series produced pressure and safety accessories on the basis of EU Directive 2014/68/EU Annex I article 3.2.2 and Guideline H-14. Safety shut-off devices dealt with in this document are standard safety shut-off devices and, when used in pressure regulating stations complying with EN 12186 or EN 12279, they are considered as standard pressure equipment in accordance with Clause 2 a) of Art. 1 of Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU (PED).

For standard safety shut-off devices used in pressure regulating stations complying with EN 12186 or EN 12279, Table ZA.1 given in Annex ZA includes all applicable Essential Requirements given in Annex I of PED except external corrosion resistance for applications in corrosive environments.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Republic of North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

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1 Scope

This document specifies constructional, functional, testing marking and sizing requirements and documentation of gas safety shut-off devices:

- for inlet pressures up to 100 bar and nominal diameters up to DN 400;
- for an operating temperature range from −20 °C to +60 °C;

which operate with fuel gases of the 1st and 2nd family as defined in EN 437, used in the pressure regulating stations in accordance with EN 12186 or EN 12279, in transmission and distribution networks and also in commercial and industrial installations.

"Gas safety shut-off devices" will hereafter be called "SSDs" except in titles.

For standard safety shut-off devices when used in pressure regulating stations complying with EN 12186 or EN 12279, Annex ZA lists all applicable Essential Safety Requirements of Directive 2014/68/EU (PED).

This document considers the following temperature classes/types of SSDs:

- temperature class 1: operating temperature range from −10 °C to 60 °C;
- temperature class 2: operating temperature range from −20 °C to 60 °C;
- functional class A: SSDs that close when damage to the pressure detecting element occurs or when external power fails and whose re-opening, is possible only manually;
- functional class B: SSDs that do not close when damage to the pressure detecting element occurs but provide suitable and reliable protection and whose re-opening, is possible only manually;
- type IS: (integral strength type);//standards.iteb.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c50364cc-a667-4d9a-b52c-a67f5342b9f4/sist-en-14382-2019
- type DS: (differential strength type).

SSDs complying with the requirements of this document may be declared as "in conformity with EN 14382" and bear the mark "EN 14382".

The material and functional requirements specified in this document may be applied to SSDs which use thermal energy or the effects of electrical energy to trip the operation of the closing member. For these SSDs the operational parameters are not specified in this document.

The SSD may incorporate a vent limiter, complying with the requirements in Annex J.

This standard for some paragraphs and sub clauses makes full reference to EN 334:2019.

This document does not apply to:

- SSDs upstream from/on/in domestic gas-consuming appliances which are installed downstream of domestic gas meters;
- SSDs designed to be incorporated into pressure-regulating devices used in service lines¹ with volumetric flow rate $\leq 200 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ at normal conditions and inlet pressure $\leq 5 \text{ bar}$.

¹ The service lines are those defined in EN 12279

Continued integrity of safety shut-off devices is ensured by periodic functional checks. For periodic functional checks it is common to refer to national regulations/standards where existing or users/manufacturers practices.

This document considers the reaction of the SSDs functional class A to the specified reasonable expected failures in terms of "fail close" behaviour, but it should be consider that there are other types of failures whose consequences cannot bring to the same reactions (these risks are covered via redundancy as per EN 12186) and that residual hazards should be reduced by a suitable surveillance in use / maintenance.

In this document, both safety shut-off devices that can be classified as "safety accessories" by themselves according the Pressure Equipment Directive (2014/68/EU) as well as safety shut-off devices that can be used to provide the necessary pressure protection through redundancy (e.g. shutoff device integrated in a pressure regulator, shut-off device with a second shut-off device) are considered. Addition of environmental considerations;

The provisions in this document are in line with the state of art at the moment of writing.

This document does not intend to limit the improvement of actual provisions (materials, requirements, test methods, acceptance criteria, etc.) or the developing of new provisions for SSDs where they are suitable to ensure an equivalent level of reliability.

Some clauses of this standard should be re-considered at the time when characteristics for non-conventional gases will be available.

Gas safety shut-off devices according to this European standard do not have their own source of ignition and therefore are not within the scope of European Directive 2014/34/EU. Any additional component (e.g. proximity switch, travel transducer etc.) should be independently considered in the framework of assemblies per ATEX Guideline to the application of Directive 2014/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26nd February 2014, edition December 2017, §§42 and 43.

The document includes also environmental considerations sist/c50364cc-a667-4d9a-b52c-

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2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 334:2019, Gas pressure regulators for inlet pressures up to 100 bar

EN 1092-1:2007+A1:2013, Flanges and their joints - Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, PN designated - Part 1: Steel flanges

EN 1092-2:1997, Flanges and their joints - Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, PN designated - Part 2: Cast iron flanges

EN 1092-3:2003, Flanges and their joints - Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, PN designated - Part 3: Copper alloy flanges

EN 1092-4:2002, Flanges and their joints - Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, PN designated - Part 4: Aluminium alloy flanges

EN 1349:2009, Industrial process control valves

EN 1759-1:2004, Flanges and their joint - Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, Class designated - Part 1: Steel flanges, NPS 1/2 to 24

EN 1759-3:2003, Flanges and their joints - Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, Class designated - Part 3: Copper alloy flanges

EN 1759-4:2003, Flanges and their joint - Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, class designated - Part 4: Aluminium alloy flanges

EN 10204:2004, Metallic products - Types of inspection documents

EN 12186:2014, Gas infrastructure - Gas pressure regulating stations for transmission and distribution - Functional requirements

EN 12279:2000, Gas supply systems - Gas pressure regulating installations on service lines - Functional requirements

EN 13906-1:2013, Cylindrical helical springs made from round wire and bar - Calculation and design - Part 1: Compression springs

EN 13906-2:2013, Cylindrical helical springs made from round wire and bar - Calculation and design - Part 2: Extension springs

EN 13906-3:2014, Cylindrical helical springs made from round wire and bar - Calculation and design - Part 3: Torsion springs

EN 60534-1:2005, Industrial-process control valves - Part 1: Control valve terminology and general considerations

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ISO 7005-2:1998, Metallic flanges — Part 2: Cast iron flanges

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3 Terms and definitions iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c50364cc-a667-4d9a-b52c-a87f5342b9f4/sist-en-14382-2019

For the purposes of this document, the following terms, definitions and symbols apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

NOTE Annex K lists all definitions and terms in alphabetic order for the English language, the relevant translation in French and German language and the relevant sub clause of this clause.

3.1 General terms and definition of type of gas safety shut-off devices

3.1.1

gas safety shut-off device

device whose function is to stay in the open position under normal operating conditions and to shut-off the gas flow automatically and completely when the monitored pressure exceeds the pre-set values (over-pressure monitoring and/or under-pressure monitoring)

3.1.2

direct acting gas shut-off device

SSD in which the pressure detecting element is directly connected to the trip mechanism

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

3.1.3

indirect acting gas shut-off device

SSD without mechanical connection between the pressure detector element and the trip mechanism and where (pressure) energy from an internal or external source is used for activating the trip mechanism and moving the closing element

Note 1 to entry: See Figures 2, 3 and 4.

3.1.4

gas cut-off device

SSD designed to shut-off the gas flow, which responds slower dynamically than a slam shut device when the monitored pressure exceeds the pre-set values

EXAMPLE SSD using actuator driven by pipeline gas or external power.

3.1.5

gas slam shut device

SSD designed to quickly shut-off the gas flow when the monitored pressure exceeds the pre-set values

EXAMPLE Spring or weight loaded SSD.

3.1.6

sensing point

point from which the monitored variable is fed to the SSD D PREVIEW

3.1.7

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SSD size

nominal size DN of the inlet connection in accordance with EN ISO 6708 [5]

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3.1.8

series of safety shut-off devices

SSDs with the same design concept but differing only in size

3.1.9

auxiliary energy

energy coming from pressure of the system (internal energy) or from any external source (compressed air or gas)

3.2 Terms and definition of components of safety devices

3.2.1

main components

parts including normally: a controller, a trip mechanism, an actuator, a closing member and a relatching device permitting the manual opening of the SSD. All these parts are functionally connected

Note 1 to entry: See Figures 1 to 5.

3.2.2

closing member

part which shuts off the gas flow completely

3.2.3

trip mechanism

mechanism which releases the closing member when activated by the controller

3.2.4

actuator

device activated by the trip mechanism which shuts the closing member

3.2.5

relatching device

device which enables the complete opening of the SSD

3.2.6

body

main pressure bearing envelope which provides the fluid flow passageway and the pipe end connections

3.2.7

valve seat

corresponding sealing surfaces within an SSD which make full contact only when the closing member is in the closed position

3.2.8

seat ring

part assembled in a component of the SSD to provide a removable seat

3.2.9

controller

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device which includes:

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a setting element to adjust the set value of the trip pressure;

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- a pressure detecting element which shasd the function to detect the feedback of the monitored pressure (e.g. a diaphragm); a87f5342b9f4/sist-en-14382-2019
- a unit which compares the set value of the trip pressure with the monitored pressure;
- a system which gives the energy to operate the trip mechanism

3.2.10

bypass

device permitting manual equalization of pressure across a closed SSD

3.2.11

diaphragm

diaphragm used as pressure detecting element and diaphragm used to separate one chamber subjected to pressure into two parts with different pressure (e.g.: balancing diaphragm)

Note 1 to entry: Diaphragms used as a closing member are not part of this group.

3.2.12

auxiliary devices

any device functionally connected to the main components of the SSD

Note 1 to entry: Examples are controller, vent limiter, etc.

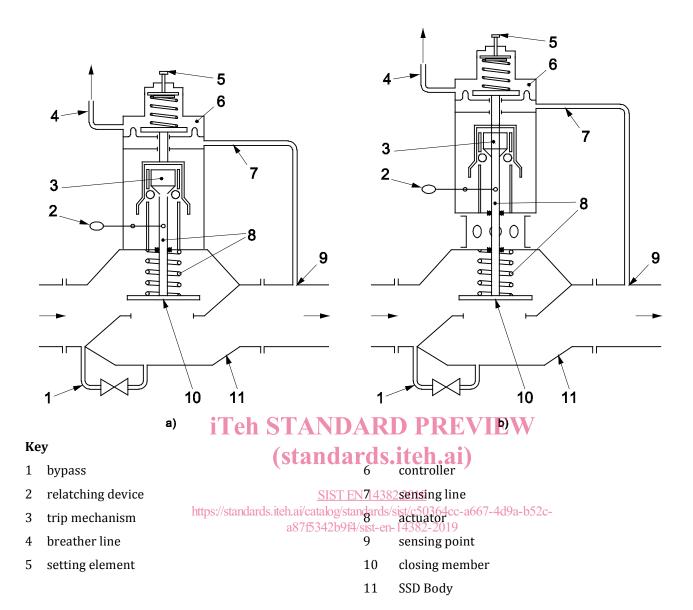


Figure 1 — Example of direct acting gas safety shut-off devices

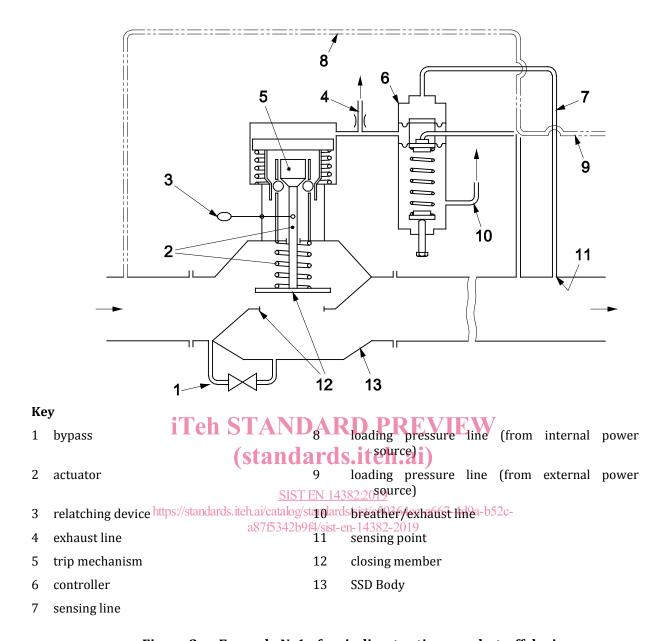


Figure 2 — Example N. 1 of an indirect acting gas shut-off device