INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 21390

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Oil of wintergreen, China [Gaultheria yunnanensis (Franch.) Rehd.], redistilled

Huile essentielle de gaultherie, Chine [Gaultheria yunnanensis (Franch.) Rehd.], bidistillée

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 21390 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 54, Essential oils.

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Oil of wintergreen, China [Gaultheria yunnanensis (Franch.) Rehd.], redistilled

Scope

This International Standard specifies certain characteristics of the oil of wintergreen, China [Gaultheria yunnanensis (Franch.) Rehd.], redistilled, in order to facilitate assessment of its quality.

Normative references

The following referenced documents indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

(standards.i ISO/TR 210, Essential oils — General rules for packaging, conditioning and storage

ISO/TR 211, Essential soils and ards General taloutes and ords/sist/4c9f4ae6-9fcb-4c68-9d6a-87f6d5fe4c72/iso-21390-2005 labelling and marking of containers

ISO 212, Essential oils — Sampling

ISO 279, Essential oils — Determination of relative density at 20 °C — Reference method

ISO 280. Essential oils — Determination of refractive index

ISO 592, Essential oils — Determination of optical rotation

ISO 709, Essential oils — Determination of ester

ISO 875, Essential oils — Evaluation of miscibility in ethanol

ISO 1242, Essential oils — Determination of acid

ISO 4715, Essential oils — Quantitative evaluation of residue on evaporation

ISO 11024-1, Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 1: Preparation of chromatographic profiles for presentation in standards

ISO 11024-2, Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 2: Utilization of chromatographic profiles of samples of essential oils

Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

oil of wintergreen, China, redistilled

essential oil obtained by steam distillation of the leaves, leaf stalks and young twigs of Gaultheria yunnanensis (Franch.) Rehd., of the Ericaceae family, growing wild or cultivated in the south of China, followed by redistillation

NOTE For information on the CAS number, see ISO 21390:2005SO/TR 21092.

Requirements

4.1 Appearance

Clear, transparent, mobile liquid.

4.2 Colour

Colourless to slight yellow.

4.3 Odour

Strongly aromatic with a sweet characteristic odour.

Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

Minimum: 1.160 Maximum: 1,195

4.5 Refractive index at 20 °C

Minimum: 1,523 0 Maximum: 1,543 0

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Optical rotation at 20 °C

Between -1° and +1°.

Miscibility in ethanol, 80 % (volume 4.7 fraction), at 20 °C

It shall not be necessary to use more than 4 volumes of ethanol, 80 % (volume fraction), to obtain a clear solution with 1 volume of essential oil.

4.8 Acid value

Maximum: 1,5

4.9 Ester value

Minimum: 338.0 Maximum: 380.0

4.10 Residue on evaporation

Maximum: 0.1 %

Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

Test methods

Sampling

See ISO 212.

NOTE

once.

See ISO 279.

6.2 Refractive index at 20 °C

Minimum volume of test sample: 150 ml.

This volume allows each of the tests specified

in this International Standard to be carried out at least

See ISO 280.

6.3 Optical rotation at 20 °C

See ISO 592. EVIEW

iTeh STANI 4.11 Chromatographic profile

(standar6.4 Miscibility in ethanol, 80 % (volume

Analysis of the essential oil shall be carried out by gas chromatography. In the chromatogram obtained, the representative and characteristic components shown in Table 1 shall be identified. The proportions of these components, indicated by the integrator, shall be as shown in Table 1. This constitutes the chromatographic profile of the essential oil.

4.12 Flashpoint

Information on the flashpoint is given in Annex B.

Table 1 — Chromatographic profile

Component	Minimum	Maximum
	%	%
α -Pinene	traces	0,20
β-Pinene	traces	0,05
1,8-Cineole	traces	0,40
Linalool	traces	0,20
Methyl salicylate	97,0	99,8
Ethyl salicylate	traces	0,3

The chromatographic profile is normative, contrary to typical chromatograms given for information in Annex A.

fraction), at 20 °C

See ISO 875. ne6-9fcb-4c68-9d6a-

Acid value

See ISO 1242.

6.6 Ester value

See ISO 709.

6.7 Residue on evaporation

See ISO 4715.

Test portion: 2,0 g

Evaporation time: 3 h

6.8 Chromatographic profile

See ISO 11024-1 and ISO 11024-2.

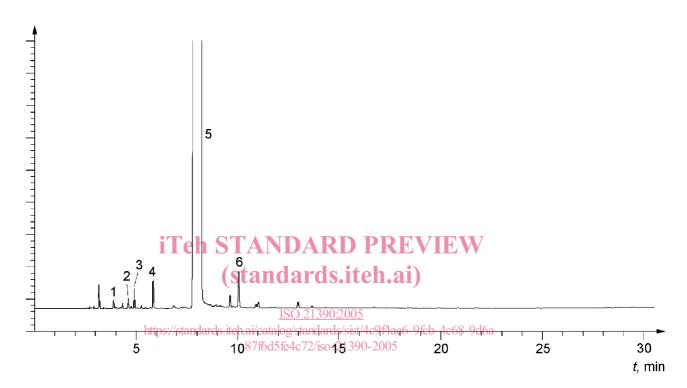
Packaging, labelling, marking and storage

See ISO/TR 210 and ISO/TR 211.

Annex A (informative)

Typical chromatograms of the analysis by gas chromatography

of the essential oil of wintergreen, China [Gaultheria yunnanensis (Franch.) Rehd.], redistilled



Peak identification Operating conditions

 α -Pinene Column: fused silica capillary; length 30 m; internal diameter 0,32 mm 1

2 β-Pinene Stationary phase: polydimethylsiloxane (OV-1®)

3 1,8-Cineole Film thickness: 1,5 µm

4 Linalool Oven temperature: temperature programming from 100 °C to 130 °C at a rate of 2 °C/min and 5 Methyl salicylate

isothermal at 130 °C for 8 min, then temperature programming from 130 °C to 200 °C at a rate

of 5 °C/min and isothermal at 200 °C for 10 min Ethyl salicylate

Injector temperature: 250 °C Detector temperature: 280 °C Detector: flame ionization type

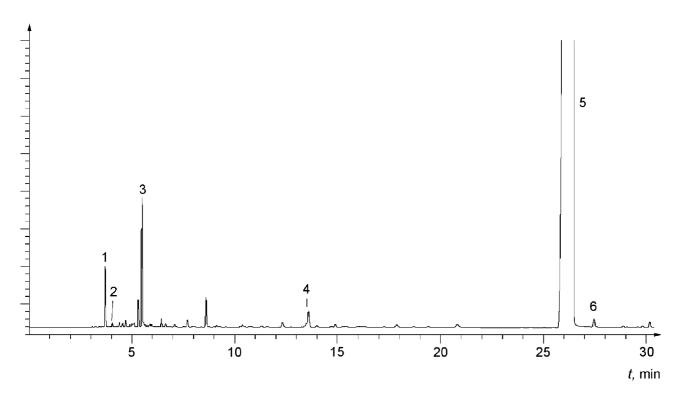
Carrier gas: nitrogen Volume injected: 0,2 µl

Carrier gas flow rate: 1,0 ml/min

Split ratio: 80/1

Figure A.1 — Typical chromatogram taken on an apolar column

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Peak identification

1 α -Pinene

2 β-Pinene

3 1,8-Cineole

4 Linalool

5 Methyl salicylate

6 Ethyl salicylate

Operating conditions

Column: fused silica capillary; length 30 m; internal diameter 0,32 mm

Stationary phase: polyethylene glycol 20 000 (PEG-20M®)

Film thickness: 0,5 µm

Oven temperature: temperature programming from 100 °C to 130 °C at a rate of 2 °C/min and isothermal at 130 °C for 8 min, then temperature programming from 130 °C to 200 °C at a rate

of 5 °C/min and isothermal at 200 °C for 10 min - 2005

Injector temperature: 250 °C Detector temperature: 280 °C Detector: flame ionization type

Carrier gas: nitrogen Volume injected: 0,2 µl

Carrier gas flow rate: 1,0 ml/min

Split ratio: 80/1

Figure A.2 — Typical chromatogram taken on a polar column

Annex B (informative)

Flashpoint

B.1 General information

For safety reasons, transport companies, insurance companies, and people in charge of safety services require information on the flashpoints of essential oils, which in most cases are flammable products.

A comparative study on the relevant methods of analysis (see ISO/TR 11018) concluded that it was difficult to recommend a single apparatus for standardization purposes, given that

there is wide variation in the chemical composition of essential oils;

Consequently, it was decided to give a mean value for the flashpoint in an informative annex to each International Standard, in order to meet the requirements of the interested parties.

The equipment with which this value was obtained should be specified.

For further information, see ISO/TR 11018.

B.2 Flashpoint of the essential oil of wintergreen, China, redistilled

The mean value is +96 °C.

 the volume of the sample needed for certain requirements would be too costly for high.
 NOTE Obtained with "closed cup" equipment. priced essential oils;

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— as there are several different types of equipment which can be used for the determination, users cannot be expected to use one specified type only.

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