

Edition 2.2 2012-05 CONSOLIDATED VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Incandescent lamps – Safety specifications – 108

Part 2: Tungsten halogen lamps for domestic and similar general lighting purposes

Lampes à incandescence – Prescriptions de sécurité – Partie 2: Lampes tungstène-halogène pour usage domestique et éclairage général similaire

ns://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/5026cd2d-f23a-455e-82c8-cdc392f37483/iec-60432-2-1999





THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED Copyright © 2012 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester.

If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

Droits de reproduction réservés. Sauf indication contraire, aucune partie de cette publication ne peut être reproduite ni utilisée sous quelque forme que ce soit et par aucun procédé, électronique ou mécanique, y compris la photocopie et les microfilms, sans l'accord écrit de la CEI ou du Comité national de la CEI du pays du demandeur.

Si vous avez des questions sur le copyright de la CEI ou si vous désirez obtenir des droits supplémentaires sur cette publication, utilisez les coordonnées ci-après ou contactez le Comité national de la CEI de votre pays de résidence.

IEC Central Office Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11 3, rue de Varembé Fax: +41 22 919 03 00

CH-1211 Geneva 20 info@iec.ch Switzerland www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigenda or an amendment might have been published.

Useful links:

IEC publications search - www.iec.ch/searchpub

The advanced search enables you to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee,...).

It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available on-line and also once a month by email.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary of electronic and electrical terms containing more than 30 000 terms and definitions in English and French, with equivalent terms in additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) on-line.

Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: csc@iec.ch.

A propos de la CEI

La Commission Electrotechnique Internationale (CEI) est la première organisation mondiale qui élabore et publie des Normes internationales pour tout ce qui a trait à l'électricité, à l'électronique et aux technologies apparentées.

A propos des publications CEI

Le contenu technique des publications de la CEI est constamment revu. Veuillez vous assurer que vous possédez l'édition la plus récente, un corrigendum ou amendement peut avoir été publié.

Liens utiles:

Recherche de publications CEI - www.iec.ch/searchpub

La recherche avancée vous permet de trouver des publications CEI en utilisant différents critères (numéro de référence, texte, comité d'études,...).

Elle donne aussi des informations sur les projets et les publications remplacées ou retirées.

Just Published CEI - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Restez informé sur les nouvelles publications de la CEI. Just Published détaille les nouvelles publications parues. Disponible en ligne et aussi une fois par mois par email.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

Le premier dictionnaire en ligne au monde de termes électroniques et électriques. Il contient plus de 30 000 termes et définitions en anglais et en français, ainsi que les termes équivalents dans les langues additionnelles. Egalement appelé Vocabulaire Electrotechnique International (VEI) en ligne.

Service Clients - webstore.iec.ch/csc

Si vous désirez nous donner des commentaires sur cette publication ou si vous avez des questions contactez-nous: csc@iec.ch.



Edition 2.2 2012-05 CONSOLIDATED VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Incandescent lamps – Safety specifications – 1008

Part 2: Tungsten halogen lamps for domestic and similar general lighting purposes

Lampes à incandescence – Prescriptions de sécurité –

Partie 2: Lampes tungstène-halogène pour usage domestique et éclairage général similaire

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/5026cd2d-f23a-455e-82c8-cdc392f37483/iec-60432-2-1999

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

ICS 29.140.20 ISBN 978-2-8891-2051-2

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

Attention! Veuillez vous assurer que vous avez obtenu cette publication via un distributeur agréé.

CONTENTS

	FOREW	ORD	3			
	1 Gen	eral	5			
	1.1	Scope	5			
	1.2	Normative references	5			
	1.3	Definitions	6			
	2 Req	uirements	6			
	2.1	General	6			
	2.2	Marking	6			
	2.3	Protection against accidental contact in screw lampholders	6			
	2.4	Lamp cap temperature rise ($\Delta t_{ m S}$)	7			
	2.5	Resistance to torque	7			
	2.6	Insulation resistance of B15d, B22d, E26/50×39 and E27/51×39 capped lamps and other lamps having insulated skirts	8			
	2.7	Accidentally live parts	8			
	2.8	Creepage distance for B15d and B22d capped lamps	8			
	2.9	Safety at end of life	8			
	2.10					
	2.11					
	2.12	Information for luminaire design	8			
,	3 Asse	essment	8			
	Annex A	(normative) Alternative induced failure test	10			
	Annex B (normative) Symbols					
		(informative) Information for luminaire design				
	Annex D	(informative) Bibliography	2-2-1 13			
,	, umox B	(Internative) Bibliography	10			
		- Maximum allowable cap temperature rise ($\Delta t_{ m S}$)	7			
	Table 2 - for gene	 Grouping of test records, sampling and acceptable quality levels (AQL) ral lighting tungsten halogen lamps 	9			
	Table C.	1 – Maximum cap temperatures	12			

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

INCANDESCENT LAMPS – SAFETY SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 2: Tungsten halogen lamps for domestic and similar general lighting purposes

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
 - 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
 - 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
 - 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
 - 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This consolidated version of the official IEC Standard and its amendments has been prepared for user convenience.

IEC 60432-2 edition 2.2 contains the second edition (1999) [documents 34A/884/FDIS and 34A/898/RVD], its amendment 1 (2005) [documents 34A/1119/FDIS and 34A/1128/RVD] and its amendment 2 (2012) [documents 34A/1533/FDIS and 34A/1560/RVD].

A vertical line in the margin shows where the base publication has been modified by amendments 1 and 2.

International Standard IEC 60432-2 has been prepared by subcommittee 34A: Lamps, of IEC technical committee 34: Lamps and related equipment.

A vertical line in the margin shows where the base publication has been modified by amendments 1 and 2.

Annexes A and B form an integral part of this standard.

Annexes C and D are for information only.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendments will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- · withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

IEC 60432-2:1999

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iec/5026cd2d-f23a-455e-82c8-cdc392f37483/iec-60432-2-1999

INCANDESCENT LAMPS – SAFETY SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 2: Tungsten halogen lamps for domestic and similar general lighting purposes

1 General

This standard shall be used in conjunction with IEC 60432-1.

1.1 Scope

This part of IEC 60432 specifies the safety and the related interchangeability requirements of tungsten halogen lamps for general lighting service. It covers those tungsten halogen lamps that are used as direct replacements for conventional tungsten filament lamps as well as new tungsten halogen lamps which have no correspondence in IEC 60432-1, but for which the safety and interchangeability requirements are treated by this standard in conjunction with IEC 60432-1. These tungsten halogen lamps have the following characteristics:

- rated wattage up to and including 250 W;
- rated voltage of 50 V to 250 V inclusive;
- caps B15d, B22d, E12, E14, E17, E26, E26d, E26/50x39, E27 or E27/51x39.

Lamps complying with this standard are self-shielded, but need not be marked with a special symbol. As they are direct replacements for conventional tungsten filament lamps, there will be no corresponding luminaire marking.

NOTE 1 There is no implication that a tungsten halogen lamp used as a substitute for an incandescent tungsten filament lamp would use the same bulb shape as the original incandescent lamp.

NOTE 2 There are two variations of E26 caps which are not fully compatible: E26/24 caps used in North America and E26/25 caps used in Japan.

NOTE 3 Self-shielded lamps are lamps for which the luminaire needs no protective shield.

This part of IEC 60432 covers photobiological safety according to IEC 62471 and IEC/TR 62471-2. Lamps covered by this part of IEC 60432 do not reach risk levels that require risk group marking.

1.2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050(845), International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Chapter 845: Lighting

IEC 60410, Sampling plans and procedures for inspection by attributes

IEC 60432-1, Incandescent lamps – Safety specifications – Part 1: Tungsten filament lamps for domestic and similar general lighting purposes

IEC 62471:2006, Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

IEC/TR 62471-2, Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems – Part 2: Guidance on manufacturing requirements relating to non-laser optical radiation safety

1.3 Definitions

For the purpose of this part of IEC 60432, the definitions of IEC 60432-1 apply. In addition, the following definitions apply.

-6-

1.3.1

specific effective radiant UV power

effective power of the UV radiation of a lamp related to its luminous flux

Unit: mW/klm

For a reflector lamp, this is the effective irradiance of the UV radiation related to the illuminance

Unit: mW/(m²·klx)

NOTE The effective power of the UV radiation is obtained by weighting the spectral power distribution of the lamp with the UV hazard function $S_{\text{UV}}(\lambda)$. Information about the relevant UV hazard function is given in CIE S 009:2002, *Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems.* It only relates to possible hazards regarding UV exposure of human beings. It does not deal with the possible influence of optical radiation on materials, such as mechanical damage or discoloration.

1.3.2

outer envelope

transparent or translucent enclosure containing an inner tungsten halogen light source

1.3.3

general lighting tungsten halogen lamp

tungsten halogen lamp for which the safety and interchangeability are covered by this standard in conjunction with IEC 60432-1

1.3.4

tungsten halogen lamp

gas-filled lamp containing halogens or halogen compounds, the filament being of tungsten [IEV 845-07-10]

2 Requirements

2.1 General

The requirements of IEC 60432-1 apply.

2.2 Marking

The requirements of IEC 60432-1 apply.

The lamp manufacturer shall provide a cautionary notice, or suitable graphical symbol (an example is shown in annex B), if safety hazards exist when an outer envelope is broken.

2.3 Protection against accidental contact in screw lampholders

The requirements of IEC 60432-1 apply.

2.4 Lamp cap temperature rise (Δt_s)

The requirements of IEC 60432-1 apply. In order to maintain thermal interchangeability in existing luminaires, the Δt_s value of a general lighting tungsten halogen lamp shall not exceed the value, specified in Table 2 of IEC 60432-1, of the lamp for which it is substituted.

For PAR-shaped lamps with unskirted caps intended to be substitutes for R-shaped lamps, the values of group 7 in Table 2 of IEC 60432-1 apply.

For PAR-shaped lamps with unskirted caps not intended to substitute for R-shaped lamps, the values of Table 1 apply.

For BT-shaped lamps that are intended as substitutes for A-shaped lamps, the values of group 1 in Table 2 of IEC 60432-1 apply.

Table 1 below, contains additional requirements for lamps not having a corresponding type in Table 2 of IEC 60432-1.

Table 1 – Maximum allowable cap temperature rise ($\Delta t_{\rm s}$)
Additions to IEC 60432-1, Table 2, for general lighting tungsten halogen lamps

Group	Wattage	Bulb shape	Δt _s max. Teh Standards K							
number	W	i								
			B15d	B22d	E12	E14	E17	E26/24	E26/25	E27
1	250	T-shape and other shapes intended for use in same luminaire	://st	165) 1ent	ards Pre	.iteh view	1.ai)	-	-	-
2	100	T-shape and other shapes intended for use in same luminaire	145 <u>IEC</u>	- 1 60432-	2:1999 230, 455	140	- - -	7/182/jac	- 60/22 1	-
8	250	PAR shapes ¹⁾	-		23a -133	- 62-06-0	4037213	3)	-	. 1999
10 ²⁾	75	T-shape without outer envelope	145	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	100		150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	150		165	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	250	165	165	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 ²⁾	100	PAR shapes with unskirted caps not intended as substitutes for R shapes	-	-	-	-	-	145	-	-

¹⁾ Lamps with skirted caps: E26/50x39, E27/51x39, etc.

2.5 Resistance to torque

The requirements of IEC 60432-1 apply. The heating test shall be conducted at the relevant values of IEC 60432-1, table K.1, or table C.1 of this standard.

²⁾ Groups 10 and 11 are new groups.

³⁾ Under consideration.

other lamps having insulated skirts

The requirements of IEC 60432-1 apply.

2.7 Accidentally live parts

2.6

The requirements of IEC 60432-1 apply.

2.8 Creepage distance for B15d and B22d capped lamps

The requirements of IEC 60432-1 apply.

2.9 Safety at end of life

The requirements of IEC 60432-1 apply, except that the induced failure test shall be replaced by an alternative induced failure test in accordance with annex A of this standard.

Insulation resistance of B15d, B22d, E26/50×39 and E27/51×39 capped lamps and

NOTE The alternative induced failure test is also suitable for lamps with rated voltages below 100 V.

2.10 Interchangeability

The requirements of IEC 60432-1 apply.

iTeh Standards

2.11 Photobiological safety S. / Standard S. Iteh. 21

The specific effective radiant UV power of a lamp shall not exceed:

- 2 mW/klm or,
- for reflector lamps 2 mW/(m²·klx).

Compliance is checked by measurement of the spectral power distribution and subsequent calculation of the specific effective radiant UV power.

For blue light hazard and IR radiation, there are no requirements.

NOTE The lamps within the scope of this standard are general lighting service (GLS) lamps according to the definition in IEC 62471:2006, 3.11. Assessed as such, they will not reach risk levels for blue light hazard and infrared radiation hazards that require risk group marking.

2.12 Information for luminaire design

See annex C.

3 Assessment

The requirements of IEC 60432-1 apply, modified as follows:

Table 2 replaces table 6 of IEC 60432-1.

In presenting the test results, the manufacturer may combine results for different lamp classes according to column 4 of table 6 of IEC 60432-1 and table 2 of the present standard, provided that the requirements are common.

Sampling in line with H.2.3 of IEC 60432-1 is not applicable.

Table 2 – Grouping of test records, sampling and acceptable quality levels (AQL) for general lighting tungsten halogen lamps

1	2	3	4	5	6
Subclause number of this standard	Tests per IEC 60432-1 ¹⁾	Type of test	Grouping of test records between lamp classes	Minimum annual sample per grouping	AQL ²⁾
2.2	Marking legibility	Running	All classes with same method of marking	200	2,5
	Marking durability	Running	All classes with same method of marking	32	2,5
2.2	Presence of required symbol	Running	All classes with same method of marking	32	2,5
2.3	Accidental contact	Running	All lamps tested with their appropriate gauge	32	1,5
2.4	Cap temperature rise	Design ³⁾ or periodic	Lamps by class	5 at any design change 20	
2.5	Resistance to torque Unused lamps	periodic		20	
	a) test by attributes according to C.1.4a)	Running	All lamps with the same cement and the same cap	80	0,65
	b) test by variables ⁴⁾ according to C.1.4b)	Running	All lamps with the same cement and the same cap	25	0,65
2.5	After heating a) test by attributes according to C.2.3a)	Periodic ⁵⁾	All lamps with the same cement and the same cap	80	0,65
	b) test by variables ⁴⁾ according to C.2.3b)	Periodic ⁵⁾	All lamps with the same cement and the same cap	20	0,65
2.6	Insulation resistance	Running	All classes with B15d, B22d, E26/50x39 and E27/51x39 cap	315	0,4
2.7	Accidentally live parts	100 % inspection	<u> 1999</u>	_	_
2.8standards.iteh.ai/	Creepage distance (100/5)	Design d-12	a) All lamps with B15d caps	5 or 10 at design change ⁶⁾	10432-2-199
			b) All lamps with B22d caps	5 or 10 at design change ⁶⁾	
2.9	Safety at end of life Alternative induced failure	Design	See clause H.1	clause H.2	According to compliance conditions of clause H.4
	Operation-to-failure	Periodic	All lamps of all classes	315	0,25
2.10	Interchangeability	Periodic	All classes with the same cap	32	2,5
2.11	UV radiation	Design	All lamps having the same outer envelope or bulb	5	_

¹⁾ The clause and annex numbers in columns 2, 4, 5 and 6 refer to IEC 60432-1.

Use of this term is indicated in IEC 60410, where operating characteristics can be found.

³⁾ See 3.3.3 of IEC 60432-1.

⁴⁾ Assessed in accordance with annex G of IEC 60432-1.

 $^{^{\}rm 5)}$ $\,$ For lamps with uncemented caps, this shall be a design test.

⁶⁾ See 3.3.4 of IEC 60432-1.