

Designation: A 488/A 488M - 04

Standard Practice for Steel Castings, Welding, Qualifications of Procedures and Personnel¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 488/A 488M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This practice covers the qualification of procedures, welders, and operators for the fabrication and repair of steel castings by electric arc welding.
- 1.1.1 Qualifications of a procedure and either or both the operator or welder under Section IX of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code shall automatically qualify the procedure and either or both the operator or welder under this practice. P-number designations in the ASME grouping of base metals for qualification may be different than the category numbers listed in Table 1. Refer to Appendix X1 for a comparison of ASTM category numbers with the corresponding ASME P-Number designations.
- 1.2 Each manufacturer or contractor is responsible for the welding done by his organization and shall conduct the tests required to qualify his welding procedures, welders, and operators.
- 1.3 Each manufacturer or contractor shall maintain a record of welding procedure qualification tests (Fig. 1), welder or operator performance qualification tests (Fig. 2), and welding procedure specification (Fig. 3), which shall be made available to the purchaser's representative on request.
- 1.4 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with this practice.
- 1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards: ²
- A 27/A 27M Specification for Steel Castings, Carbon, for General Application
- A 148/A 148M Specification for Steel Castings, High Strength, for Structural Purposes
- A 216/A 216M Specification for Steel Castings, Carbon, Suitable for Fusion Welding, for High-Temperature Service
- A 217/A 217M Specification for Steel Castings, Martensitic Stainless and Alloy, for Pressure-Containing Parts, Suitable for High-Temperature Service
- A 351/A 351M Specification for Castings, Austenitic, Austenitic–Ferritic (Duplex), for Pressure–Containing Parts
- A 352/A 352M Specification for Steel Castings, Ferritic and Martensitic, for Pressure-Containing Parts, Suitable for Low-Temperature Service
- A 356/A 356M Specification for Steel Castings, Carbon, Low Alloy, and Stainless Steel, Heavy-Walled for Steam Turbines
- A 370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products
- A 389/A 389M Specification for Steel Castings, Alloy, Specially Heat-Treated, for Pressure-Containing Parts, Suitable for High-Temperature Service
- A 447/A 447M Specification for Steel Castings, Chromium-Nickel-Iron Alloy (25-12 Class), for High-Temperature Service
- A 487/A 487M Specification for Steel Castings Suitable for Pressure Service
- A 494/A 494M Specification for Castings, Nickel and Nickel Alloy
- A 732/A 732M Specification for Castings, Investment, Carbon and Low Alloy Steel for General Application, and

¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.18 on Castings.

Current edition approved Sept. 1, 2004. Published September 2004. Originally approved in 1963. Last previous edition approved in 2001 as A 488/A 488M – $01^{\rm c1}$.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

TABLE 1 Categories of Base Materials

Category	Material Description	ASTM Specification	Grades
Number 1	Carbon steel (carbon less than 0.35 %, tensile strength less than or	A 27/A 27M	all grades
	equal to 70 ksi [480 MPa]).	A 216/A 216M A 352/A 352M A 356/A 356M A 732/A 732M A 757/A 757M	WCA, WCB LCB, LCA 1 1A, 2A A1Q
2	Carbon steel (tensile strength greater than 70 ksi [480 MPa]). Carbon-manganeses steel (tensile strength equal to or greater than 70 ksi but	A 148/A 148M	80-40
	less than 90 ksi [620 MPa]).	A 216/A 216M A 352/A 352M A 732/A 732M A 757/A 757M	WCC LCC 2Q, 3A A2Q
3	Carbon and carbon-manganese steel (tensile strength equal to or greater than 90 ksi [620 MPa]).	A 732/A 732M	3Q, 4A, 4Q, 5N
4	Low-alloy steel (annealed, normalized, or normalized and tempered. Tensile strength less than 85 ksi [585 MPa]).	A 148/A 148M	80-50
		A 217/A 217M A 352/A 352M A 356/A 356M A 389/A 389M A 487/A 487M A 757/A 757M	WC1, WC4, WC5, WC6, WC9 LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4 2, 5, 6, 8 C23, C24 11A, 12A, 16A B2N, B3N, B4N
5	Low-alloy steel (annealed, normalized, or normalized and tempered. Tensile strength equal to or greater than 85 ksi [585 MPa]).	A 148/A 148M A 217/A 217M A 356/A 356M A 487/A 487M A 732/A 732M A 757/A 757M	90-60, 105-85 C5, C12, C12A, WC11 9, 10, 12 1A, 1C, 2A, 2C, 4A, 4C, 6A, 8A, 9A, 9C, 10A, 13A 6N, 15A D1N1, D1N2, D1N3, E2N1, E2N2, E2N3
6	Low-alloy steel (quenched and tempered)	A 148/A 148M	90-60, 105-85, 115-95, 130-115, 135-125, 150-135, 160-145, 165-150, 165-150L, 210-180, 210-180L,
		A 352/A 352M A 487/A 487M A 732/A 732M	260-210, 260-210L LC2-1, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC9 1B, 1C, 2B, 2C, 4B, 4C, 4D, 4E, 6B, 7A, 8B, 8C, 9A, 9B, 9C, 9D, 9E, 10B, 11B, 12B, 13B, 14A 7Q, 8Q, 9Q, 10Q, 11Q, 12Q, 13Q, 14Q
		A 757/A 757M	B2Q, B3Q, B4Q, C1Q, D1Q1, D1Q2, D1Q3, E1Q, E2Q1, E2Q2, E2Q3
7	Ferritic stainless steel	A 743/A 743M	CB-30, CC-50
8	Martensitic stainless steel	A 217/A 217M A 352/A 352M A 356/A 356M A 487/A 487M	CA-15 CA6NM CA6NM CA15-A, CA15-B, CA15-C, CA15-D, CA15M-A, CA6NM-A, CA6NM-B
		A 743/A 743M A 757/A 757M	CA-15, CA-15M, CA6NM, CA-40, CA6N, CB6 E3N
9	Low-carbon austenitic stainless steel (carbon equal to or less than 0.03 %)	A 351/A 351M	CF-3, CF-3A, CF-3M, CF-3MA, CF-3MN, CK-3MCUN, CG3M, CN3MN
		A 743/A 743M A 744/A 744M	CF-3, CF-3M, CF-3MN, CK-3MCUN, CN-3M, CG3M, CN3MN CF-3, CF-3M, CK-3MCUN, CG3M, CN3MN
10	Unstabilized austenitic stainless steel (carbon greater than 0.03 %)	A 351/A 351M	CE-8MN, CF-8, CF-8A, CF-8M, CF-10, CF-10M, CG-8M, CH-8, CH-10, CH-20, CG6MMN, CF10S1MNN, CE20N
		A 447/A 447M A 743/A 743M A 744/A 744M	Type I CF-8, CG-12, CF-20, CF-8M, CF-16F, CF10SMNN, CH-20, CG-8M, CE-30, CG6MMN, CH10, CF16Fa CF-8, CF-8M, CG-8M
11	Stabilized austenitic stainless steel	A 351/A 351M	CF-8C, CF-10MC, CK-20, HK-30, HK-40, HT-30,
		A 447/A 447M A 743/A 743M	CN-7M, CT-15C Type II CF-8C, CN-7M, CN-7MS, CK-20

∰ A 488/A 488M – 04

Category Number	Material Description	ASTM Specification	Grades
		A 744/A 744M	CF-8C, CN-7M, CN-7MS
12	Duplex (austenitic-ferritic) stainless steel	A 351/A 351M	CD3MWCuN, CD-4MCU
		A 872/A 872M	J93183, J93550
		A 890/A 890M	1A, 1B, 2A, 3A, 4A, 5A, 6A
		A 995/A 995M	1B, 2A, 3A, 4A, 5A, 6A
13	Precipitation-hardened austenitic stainless steel	A 747/A 747M	CB7CU-1, CB7CU-2
14	Nickel-base alloys	A 494/A 494M	CW-12MW, CY-40 Class 1, CY-40 Class 2, CZ-100,
			M-35-1, M-35-2, M-30C, N-12MV, N-7M, CW-6M, CW-
			2M, CW-6MC, CX-2MW, CU5MCUC
		A 990/A 990M	CW2M

Cobalt Alloy for High Strength at Elevated Temperatures A 743/A 743M Specification for Castings, Iron-Chromium, Iron-Chromium-Nickel, Corrosion-Resistant, for General Application

- A 744/A 744M Specification for Castings, Iron-Chromium-Nickel, Corrosion-Resistant, for Severe Service
- A 747/A 747M Specification for Steel Castings, Stainless, Precipitation Hardening
- A 757/A 757M Specification for Steel Castings, Ferritic and Martensitic, for Pressure-Containing and Other Applications, for Low-Temperature Service
- A 872/A 872M Specification for Centrifugally Cast Ferritic/Austenitic Stainless Steel Pipe for Corrosive Environments
- A 890/A 890M Specification for Castings, Iron-Chromium-Nickel-Molybdenum Corrosion-Resistant, Duplex (Austenitic/Ferritic) for General Application
- A 990/A 990M Specification for Castings, Iron-Nickel-Chromium and Nickel Alloys, Specially Controlled for Pressure Retaining Parts for Corrosive Service
- A 995/A 995M Specification for Castings, Austenitic-Ferritic (Duplex) Stainless Steel, for Pressure-Containing
- 2.2 American Society of Mechanical Engineers:³
 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX
 2.3 American Welding Society:⁴
 ANSI/AWS 3.0 Definitions for Welding and Cutting

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions of terms relating to welding shall be in agreement with the definitions of the American Welding Society, ANSI/AWS A3.0.

4. Weld Orientation

4.1 Orientation—The orientation of welds with respect to horizontal and vertical planes of reference are classified into four positions, namely, flat, horizontal, vertical, and overhead as shown in Fig. 4. Test material shall be oriented as shown in

- Fig. 4; however, an angular deviation of $\pm 15^{\circ}$ from the specified horizontal and vertical planes is permitted during welding.
- 4.2 Flat Position (Fig. 4(a))—This position covers plate in a horizontal plane with the weld metal deposited from above, or pipe or a cylindrical casting with its axis horizontal and rolled during welding so that the weld metal is deposited from above.
- 4.3 Horizontal Position (Fig. 4(b))—This position covers plate in a vertical plane with the axis of the weld horizontal, or pipe or a cylindrical casting with its axis vertical and the axis of the weld horizontal.
- 4.4 Vertical Position (Fig. 4(c))—In this position, the plate is in a vertical plane with the axis of the weld vertical.
- 4.5 Overhead Position (Fig. 4(d))—In this position, the plate is in a horizontal plane with the weld metal deposited from underneath.
- 4.6 Horizontal Fixed Position (Fig. 4(e))—In this position, the pipe or cylindrical casting has its axis horizontal and the welding groove in a vertical plane. Welding shall be done without rotating the pipe or casting so that the weld metal is deposited from the flat, vertical, and overhead position.
- 4.7 *Qualification*—Qualification in the horizontal, vertical, or overhead position shall qualify also for the flat position. Qualification in the horizontal fixed position, or in the horizontal and vertical and overhead positions, shall qualify for all positions (Fig. 4(f)).

5. Preparation of Test Plate

- 5.1 Procedure qualification testing shall be performed on cast or wrought material having the same category number as the casting being welded. Test material shall be subjected to the same heat treatment before and after welding as will be applied to the casting. If the castings are not to be postweld heat treated, then the test material is not to be postweld heat treated. Test plate material for performance qualification testing is covered in 12.2.
- 5.2 The dimensions of the test plate shall be such as to provide the required number of test specimens.
- 5.3 The test joint shall be welded using the type of welding groove proposed in the welding procedure. The dimensions of the welding groove are not essential variables of the welding procedure.

³ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Three Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990.

⁴ Available from The American Welding Society (AWS), 550 NW LeJeune Rd., Miami, FL 33126.



RECOMMENDED FORM FOR MANUFACTURER'S RECORD OF WELDING PROCEDURE QUALIFICATION TESTS

Procedure No D	ate:	Welding Process:				
Material Specification:	to	of category No	to cate	egory No		
Plate Thickness: Thickness Range Qualified Filler Metal F Group No Weld Deposit A-Group No.:						
					Flux Designation: Gas Composition: Gas Flow Rate: Backing Strip, if any:	
Preheat Temperature Rar	nge:	Single or Multiple Pas	ss:			
		Wire Diameter:				
Trade Name:	_ Type of Ba	cking:				
Forehand or Backhand: _		mps: Volts _		Inches/min:		
Postheat Temperature	Т	ime at Temperature				
		TENOIC	N TEGT 1	2501 K TO		
		TENSIC	ON TEST I			
Specimen No.	Width	Dimensions Thickness	Area	Ultimate Total Load, Ib	Ultimate Unit Stress, psi	Nature of Failure and Location
		GUIDED E	BEND TES	T RESULTS		
Specimen No.		Results		Specimen No.		Results
Welder's Name:	Cic	ock No Stamp	. No			
		the welder performance				
•		Test No.	•			
			stan	ngras		
We certify that the state	ements in th	is record are correct and	d that the	test welds were prepar	ed, welded, and t	ested in accordance
		ndard/				
Signed:				HUS.HEII.	11)	
-			cturer or (Contractor		
Date:						
		FIG.	1 Report F	orm 1		

A CITTO E A 400 / A 400 X E O

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/26151475-5bf5-4ecf-8f72-ea12ea093ebb/astm-a488-a488m-04



RECOMMENDED FORM FOR MANUFACTURER'S OR CONTRACTOR'S RECORD OF WELDER OR OPERATOR PERFORMANCE QUALIFICATION TESTS

Welder or Operator's Name: Stamp No.							
Clock No Welding Process:							
Position:In accordance with Procedure No							
							Material Specification: to
	Plate Thickness: Range of Thickness Qualified: Filler Metal Specification No Group No. F						
Filler Metal A-Group No Filler Metal Diameter							
•	Trade Name: Flux Designation or Gas Analysis:						
	•						
a committee of the contract of the con							
	GUIDED BEND	TEST RESULTS					
Specimen No.	Results	Specimen No.	Results				
Test Conducted By:	Laboratory Test No						
•	<u> </u>						
		est welds were prepared, welded, an	d tested in accordance with ASTM				
Standard							
+							
oigned.		r or Contractor					
Doto:	Mandiacture	o contractor					
Date:							

FIG. 2 Report Form 2

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ASTM A488/A488M-04

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/26151475-5bf5-4ecf-8f72-ea12ea093ebb/astm-a488-a488m-04

REPORT FORM 3

RECOMMENDED FORM FOR WELDING PROCEDURE SPECIFICATION

1. Title	7. Preheat
Welding of ^A steel castings.	7.1 Preheat and interpass temperature shall be maintained in the range
^A Indicate general material description, such as carbon, Cr-Mo, 12 Cr, etc.	from ^A to ^B during ^C .
	A Indicate minimum temperature.
2. Specification No Rev	B Indicate maximum temperature.
Date	C Indicate if preheat maintenance is during welding or until postweld heat
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	treatment is performed.
3. Scope	7.2 Preheat for tack welding of backing plates is the same as required
3.1 Procedure Specification No covers the welding of A steel castings using the B welding process.	for welding.
A Indicate general material description in the Title.	7.3 Minimum temperature before applying heat shall be ⁴ A Indicate temperature.
B Indicate specific welding process, such as shielded metal arc, etc.	7.4 Local preheating to the temperatures indicated may be performed
indicate specific weiding process, such as shielded metal arc, etc.	so that the heated area completely surrounds the weld preparation for a
4. Base Material	minimum distance of A in any direction.
4.1 The base material shall conform to the specification for ^A	A Indicate minimum distance for local preheating.
which is found in materials category number ^B	maloato milimam alotarioo for local prorioating.
A Insert reference to ASTM designation or indicate chemical analysis and	8. Welding Position
physical properties.	8.1 Welds shall be made in the ^A position.
^B Indicate category number from Table 1.	A Indicate position or positions in which the welding will be performed. See
4.2 Base material shall be in the ⁴ heat treated condition before	Fig. 4.
welding.	
^A Indicate heat treatment before welding.	9. Electrical Characteristics
	9.1 The current used shall be^A. The base material shall be attached
5. Filler Metal	to the ^B welding electrode lead.
5.1 The filler metal shall conform to ANSI/AWS Specification ^A	^A Indicate whether direct or alternating current. If direct, state whether
which is found in weld metal analysis group AB.	non-pulsed or pulsed. If pulsed, state frequency.
A Indicate appropriate American Welding Society specification number and	^B Indicate whether electrode positive (EP) or electrode negative (EN) output
filler metal classification (e.g., A5.1 E7018).	terminal of power supply is used.
B Indicate A Number from Table 4.	Electrode
5.2 Flux for submerged arc welding shall conform to the following nominal	Wire Diameter ^A Amperage ^A Range ^A Voltage ^A
composition: ^A ^A Indicate chemical composition or trade designation.	Diameter ^A Amperage ^A Range ^A Voltage ^A
5.3 Shielding gas for gas shielded arc welding shall conform to the	da rd site h ai) — — —
following nominal composition:	<u> </u>
A Indicate the single gas or proportional parts of mixed gases and flow rates.	A Indicate for each diameter of electrode, the amperage, the range of
indicate the single gas of proportional parts of filixed gases and now rates.	amperage permitted, and the voltage requirements. For welding processes
6. Preparation of Base Material	using wire, indicate wire diameter, wire feed speed, and current requirements.
6.1 Metal removal shall be performed by ^A .	9.2 Electrodes subject to moisture absorption must be stored and handled
A Indicate method of metal removal, such as chipping, grinding, carbon arc	to maintain dryness according to the following: ^A .
cutting, frame cutting, etc. Also indicate whether preheat is required during $\Delta \Delta R$	A Where applicable, indicate electrode care instructions.
metal removal.	0/11/0011/01
6.2 Configuration of the weld preparation for partial penetration welds	5-10. Welding Details 2-ea 2ea 0 93ebb/astm-a 488-a 488m-04
shall conform to the following geometry: ^A	10.1 The width of any pass of welding shall not exceed ^A times
^A Indicate minimum root radius and minimum side wall angle.	the size of the filler metal used.
6.3 Configuration of the weld preparation for full penetration welds shall	^A Indicate the number for controlling the maximum width.
conform to the following geometry: ^A	10.2 Craters shall be properly filled before each interruption of the arc.
A Indicate minimum side wall angle.	10.3 Slag or flux shall be removed on any bead before depositing the
6.4 Backing plates shall be used for welding full penetration welds.	next successive bead.
Backing plates shall be made from steel and shall fit the back of	10.4 Interpass inspection shall be performed according to the follow-
the cavity with a minimum gap of B	ing. ^A
A Indicate material of backing plate.	A Indicate degree of interpass inspection required.
B Indicate dimension of maximum gap.	10.5 Peening shall be performed according to the following: ^A
6.5 Surfaces of the weld preparation shall be cleaned of all oil, grease, dirt, scale, slag, shot blasting grit, or any foreign material which may	A Indicate the degree of peening required. Indicate any limits on peening first and last layers.
be harmful to the quality of the weld. Surfaces of backing plates	mot and layers.
when used shall also meet the same cleanliness requirements.	11. Post-Weld Heat Treatment
6.6 All surfaces of the weld preparation shall be inspected as	11.1 Post-weld heat treatment shall consist of the following: ^A .
follows: ^A .	A Indicate the heating and cooking rates, holding temperatures and times.
A Indicate type of inspection.	The same state of the same sta
V	12. Inspection
	12.1 Inspection of the completed weld shall be performed according to
	the following: ^A
	^A Indicate degree of inspection.

FIG. 3 Report Form 3