

Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Lifting Eyes¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 489; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope *

1.1 This specification covers weldless forged, quenched, and tempered carbon steel threaded lifting eyes (formerly eyebolts) for overhead lifting.

Note 1—Lifting eyes carrying this specification number even though they are liquid quenched and tempered may be processed from carbon steel which, in the composition range permitted by this specification, could have a fracture appearance transition temperature (50 % shear) higher than operating temperatures. Therefore, in order to minimize the possibility of a brittle cleavage failure, these lifting eyes should never be loaded above the proof load, and should not be used when surface discontinuities exist on the lifting eyes.

- 1.2 The specification includes two types denoting shank pattern and one style denoting shank length (both defined in ANSI/ASME B 18.15) as follows:
 - 1.2.1 *Type 1*—Plain pattern (straight shank).
 - 1.2.2 Type 2—Shoulder pattern.
 - 1.2.3 *Style B*—Short length.
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The SI values given in parentheses are for information only.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards: ds. teh.ai/catalog/standards/sis
- A 370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products²
- A 751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products²
- D 3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging³
- E 112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size⁴ F 606 Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, and Rivets⁵
- 2.2 ANSI/ASME Standards:

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.02 on Steel Bolts, Nuts, Rivets, and Washers.

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- ² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.03.
- ³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 15.09.
- ⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.
- ⁵ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.08.

- B 1.1 Unified Inch Screw Threads⁶
- B 18.15 Forged Lifting Eyes⁶
- B 18.24.1 Part Identifying Number (PIN) Code System⁷

3. Ordering Information

- 3.1 Orders for lifting eyes under this specification should include the following information:
 - 3.1.1 ASTM specification number and date of issue.
 - 3.1.2 Name of product, that is lifting eyes.
- 3.1.3 Type and style (See 1.2, Type 1 Style B) will be furnished when a Type and Style is not specified.
- 3.1.4 Drawing, if nonstandard lifting eyes are required (See 8.3).
 - 3.1.5 Number of pieces.
 - 3.1.6 Size, nominal thread diameter and threads.
 - 3.1.7 Certification, if required (See Section 14).
 - 3.1.8 Supplementary requirements, if required.
 - 3.1.9 Other special requirements.
- 3.1.10 For establishment of a part identifying system, see ASME B18.24.1.

4. Materials and Manufacture

- 4.1 *Melting Process*—The steel shall be made by the open-hearth, basic-oxygen, or electric-furnace process and shall be made to a fine-grain practice.
 - 4.2 Forging—Lifting eyes shall be forged without welds.
- 4.3 *Heat Treatment*—The lifting eyes shall be liquid quenched and tempered prior to machining the threaded end.
- 4.4 *Machining*—The lifting eyes shall be machined after the quench and temper operation.
- 4.5 *Threads*—The lifting eyes shall be threaded. Threads may be rolled, cut, or ground.

5. Chemical Composition

- 5.1 *Limits*—The lifting eyes shall be manufactured from steels having a heat analysis conforming to the requirements in Table 1.
 - 5.2 Product Analysis:
- 5.2.1 Analyses of finished lifting eyes may be made by the purchaser or may be requested to be made by the manufacturer.

 $^{^6\,\}mathrm{Available}$ from American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd St., 13th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

⁷ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Three Park Avenue, New York, NY 10016–5990.



TABLE 1 Chemical Composition

Element	Heat Analysis	Product Analysis
Carbon, max	0.48	0.51
Manganese, max	1.00	1.06
Phosphorus, max	0.040	0.048
Sulfur, max	0.050	0.058
Silicon	0.15-0.35	0.12-0.38

The composition thus determined shall conform to the product analysis requirements specified in Table 1.

5.3 Chemical analyses shall be performed in accordance with Test Methods A 751.

6. Mechanical Properties

- 6.1 *Proof Load*—The lifting eyes shall withstand the proof load specified in Table 2.
- 6.1.1 The proof load shall be defined as the load that can be applied without causing permanent deformation exceeding 0.01 in. (0.255 mm) between prick punch marks at opposite ends of the diameter across the eye. The proof load shall be applied through a mandrel having a diameter of one half the nominal inside diameter of the eye.
- 6.2 Breaking Strength—The lifting eyes shall conform to the breaking strength specified in Table 2.
- 6.2.1 The breaking strength shall be determined by screwing the lifting eye to the full thread engagement into a block secured in one jaw of the testing machine and held to the other jaw by means of a mandrel passing through the eye. Failure of the lifting eye below the specified breaking strength constitutes a failure.

TABLE 2 Breaking Strength and Proof Load Requirements,
Types 1 and 2

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Nominal	Tensile Stress	Breaking	Proof Load,		
Thread Size	Area ^A	Strength, min	min ^B		
Inch Pound Units					
in.	in. ²	lbf	lbf		
1/4-20	0.0318	2 100	800		
5/ ₁₆ –18	0.0524	3 400	1 360		
3/8-16	0.0775	5 000	2 000		
⁷ / ₁₆ –14	0.1063	6 900	2 760		
1/2 -13	0.1419	9 200	3 680		
9/16-12	0.182	11 830	4 740		
5⁄8 −11	0.226	14 700	5 880		
3/4 -10	0.334	21 700	8 680		
7/8-9	0.462	30 000	12 000		
1–8	0.606	39 400	15 760		
11/8-7	0.763	49 600	19 840		
11/4-7	0.969	63 000	25 200		
11/2-6	1.41	91 600	36 520		
13/4-5	1.90	123 500	49 400		
2-4	2.50	162 500	65 000		
21/2-4	4.00	260 000	104 000		

A The stress area is calculated as follows:

 $As = 0.7854 [D - (0.9743/n)]^2$

where:

As = stress area, in.2,

D = nominal bolt size, and

n = threads per inch.

^B Proof load is calculated as 2 times the rated capacity in straight pull (0 degrees) specified in ANSI/ASME B 18.15.

- 6.3 Tensile Test Requirements—A specimen machined from a finished lifting eye shall conform to the tensile requirements specified in Table 3.
- 6.3.1 When the lifting eye is too small to have a tensile bar machined from it, a test specimen from the same heat of steel and same heat treatment lot or charge as the lifting eyes to be tested shall be used to establish the tensile properties of the material in accordance with 6.3.
- 6.3.2 The tensile properties shall be determined in accordance with Test Methods F 606.
- 6.4 *Bend Test*—Type 1 straight shank lifting eyes 1½ in. (36.1 mm) or less in diameter, after being screwed into a steel block to the full thread length and bent 45° by pressure, shall not exhibit any visible surface ruptures in the unthreaded section of the lifting eye when examined at 10× magnification.
- 6.5 *Impact Strength*—The lifting eyes shall have an average Charpy V-notch impact strength of not less than 35 ft·lbf (47 J) at 0°C (32°F).
- 6.5.1 The impact strength shall be the average of three specimens tested. Not more than one specimen shall exhibit a value below the specified minimum average, and in no case shall a value be less than 23 ft·lbf (31 J).
- 6.5.2 Whenever possible, test specimens shall be taken from the shank and shall conform to the standard 10 by 10-mm Charpy V-notch specimen shown in Test Methods and Definitions A 370. When lifting eyes are too small for standard-size specimens, subsize specimens may be used, or specimens that represent the same heat and have been subjected to the same forging and heat-treating practices as the lifting eyes they represent may be taken from separate test coupons.
- 6.5.3 The impact properties shall be determined in accordance with Test Methods and Definitions A 370.

7. Grain Size

- 7.1 The finished lifting eyes shall have an as-finished grain size of ASTM No. 5 or finer.
- 7.2 The grain size shall be rated from a broken tensile specimen end representing a heat treated lot of one size.
- 7.3 Tests shall be conducted in accordance with Test Methods E 112.

8. Dimensions

- 8.1 The dimensions of the lifting eyes shall conform to the requirements specified in latest issue of ANSI/ASME B 18.15 unless otherwise specified.
- 8.2 The Type and Style shall be as specified by the purchaser. When not specified, Type 1, Style B shall be furnished.
- 8.3 When dimensions other than specified in 8.1 are required, they shall be in accordance with the purchaser's drawing. In such cases, the proof load and breaking strength

TABLE 3 Tensile Properties for Machined Specimens

Tensile strength, psi	65 000–90 000	
Tensile strength (MPa)	(448–620)	
Yield point, min, psi	30 000	
Yield point, min (MPa)	(207)	
Elongation in 4D, min, %	30	
Reduction of area, min, %	60	