

## SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 10113:2014

01-september-2014

# Kovinski materiali - Pločevina in trakovi - Ugotavljanje količnika plastične anizotropije (ISO 10113:2006)

Metallic materials - Sheet and strip - Determination of plastic strain ratio (ISO 10113:2006)

Metallische Werkstoffe - Blech und Band - Bestimmung der senkrechten Anisotropie (ISO 10113:2006) **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW** 

Matériaux métalliques - Tôles et bandes - Détermination du coefficient d'anisotropie plastique (ISO 10113:2006)

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/Offecdcd-dcb6-472c-8c2b-

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 10113-2014

## ICS:

77.040.10	Mehansko preskušanje kovin	Mechanical testing of metals
77.140.50	Ploščati jekleni izdelki in polizdelki	Flat steel products and semi- products

SIST EN ISO 10113:2014

en



# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 10113:2014</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0ffecdcd-dcb6-472c-8c2b-82e3eedb46f9/sist-en-iso-10113-2014

### SIST EN ISO 10113:2014

# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

## EN ISO 10113

June 2014

ICS 77.040.10

**English Version** 

# Metallic materials - Sheet and strip - Determination of plastic strain ratio (ISO 10113:2006)

Matériaux métalliques - Tôles et bandes - Détermination du coefficient d'anisotropie plastique (ISO 10113:2006)

Metallische Werkstoffe - Blech und Band - Bestimmung der senkrechten Anisotropie (ISO 10113:2006)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 6 June 2014.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.

<u>SIST EN ISO 10113:2014</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0ffecdcd-dcb6-472c-8c2b-82e3eedb46f9/sist-en-iso-10113-2014



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Ref. No. EN ISO 10113:2014 E

## EN ISO 10113:2014 (E)

Con	tents
-----	-------

Page

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 10113:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0ffecdcd-dcb6-472c-8c2b-82e3eedb46f9/sist-en-iso-10113-2014

## Foreword

The text of ISO 10113:2006 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164 "Mechanical testing of metals" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 10113:2014 by Technical Committee ECISS/TC 101 "Test methods for steel (other than chemical analysis)" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2014, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2014.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 10113:2006 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 10113:2014 without any modification.

## (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 10113:2014</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0ffecdcd-dcb6-472c-8c2b-82e3eedb46f9/sist-en-iso-10113-2014



# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 10113:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0ffecdcd-dcb6-472c-8c2b-82e3eedb46f9/sist-en-iso-10113-2014

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 10113

Second edition 2006-09-01

Corrected version 2007-08-01

# Metallic materials — Sheet and strip — Determination of plastic strain ratio

Matériaux métalliques — Tôles et bandes — Détermination du coefficient d'anisotropie plastique

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 10113:2014</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0ffecdcd-dcb6-472c-8c2b-82e3eedb46f9/sist-en-iso-10113-2014



Reference number ISO 10113:2006(E)

#### PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN ISO 10113:2014</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0ffecdcd-dcb6-472c-8c2b-82e3eedb46f9/sist-en-iso-10113-2014



### COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

#### © ISO 2006

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org Published in Switzerland

## Contents

Forev	word	iv
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4	Symbols	3
5	Principle	4
6	Test equipment	4
7	Test piece	4
8	Procedure	4
9	Expression of results	6
10	Test report	8
Anne	ex A (informative) International comparison of symbols used in the determination of plastic strain ratio	9
Biblic	ography	10
	(Stanuar US.11711.ar)	

SIST EN ISO 10113:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0ffecdcd-dcb6-472c-8c2b-82e3eedb46f9/sist-en-iso-10113-2014

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 10113 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164, *Mechanical testing of metals*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Ductility testing*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 10113:1991), which has been technically revised. (standards.iteh.ai)

This corrected version of ISO 10113:2006 incorporates the following corrections.

- In 3.1, the definition has been updated and previous Note 4 has been incorporated into Note 2.
- In 3.2 and 3.3, second indexes for the strain level have been added. The previous footnote <sup>1)</sup> has been inserted as Note 2.
- In Table 1, corrections to the symbols and designations have been made for specified plastic strain, specified plastic strain range, plastic strain ratio, weighted average of  $r_{x/y}$  values and the slope of the elastic part of the stress/percentage extension curve.
- In 9.2, the word "a" has been deleted in the second line between "For" and "better".
- Symbol corrections have been made in Equation (5) and Equation (7).
- Figures 1 and 2 and the associated keys have been modified.

# Metallic materials — Sheet and strip — Determination of plastic strain ratio

### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for determining the plastic strain ratio of flat products (sheet and strip) made of metallic materials.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6892:1998, Metallic materials — Tensile testing at ambient temperature **ITEN STANDARD PREVIEW** ISO 9513:1999, Metallic materials — Calibration of extensometers used in uniaxial testing (standards.iten.ai)

### 3 Terms and definitions SIST EN ISO 10113:2014

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/Offecdcd-dcb6-472c-8c2b-

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

## 3.1 plastic strain ratio

ratio of the true plastic width strain to the true plastic thickness strain in a test piece that has been subjected to uniaxial tensile stress

$$r = \frac{\varepsilon_{\rm b}}{\varepsilon_{\rm a}} \tag{1}$$

where

- $\varepsilon_{a}$  is the true plastic thickness strain;
- $\varepsilon_{\rm b}$  is the true plastic width strain.

NOTE 1 The above expression using a single point is only valid in the region where the plastic strain is homogeneous.

NOTE 2 Since it is easier and more precise to measure changes in length than in thickness, the following relationship derived from the law of constancy of volume is used up to the percentage plastic extension at maximum force,  $A_g$ , to calculate the plastic strain ratio, *r*.

For some materials exhibiting a phase change during plastic deformation, the volume of the measured section cannot always be assumed to be constant. In such cases, the procedure should be defined and agreed between the parties involved.