## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 22884

First edition 2004-04-15

# Castors and wheels — Requirements for applications over 1,1 m/s (4 km/h) and up to 4,4 m/s (16 km/h)

Roues et roulettes — Exigences pour des applications à plus de 1,1 m/s (4 km/h) et jusqu'à 4,4 m/s (16 km/h)

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 22884:2004 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2b15867b-6ce5-4e31-aa68-7148294dc0ef/iso-22884-2004



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Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
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Published in Switzerland

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### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 22884 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 110, *Industrial trucks*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Castors and wheels*.

This first edition of ISO 22884 cancels and replaces ISO 2175:1981, ISO 2184-1:1972, ISO 3101:1981 and ISO 3102:1981. (standards.iteh.ai)

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## Castors and wheels — Requirements for applications over 1,1 m/s (4 km/h) and up to 4,4 m/s (16 km/h)

### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the technical requirements, the appropriate dimensions and the requirements for testing of castors and wheels (which may include accessories), specifically for manually propelled or power-towed industrial applications at speeds over 1,1 m/s (4 km/h) and up to 4,4 m/s (16 km/h).

Pneumatic wheels and drive wheels are not covered by this International Standard.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 22877, Castors and wheels — Vocabulary, symbols and multilingual terminology (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 22878:2004, Castors and wheels — Test methods and apparatus

ISO 22884:2004

3 Terms and definitions ds.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2b15867b-6ce5-4e31-aa68-7148294dc0ef/iso-22884-2004

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 22877 apply. Symbols are given in ISO 22878:2004, Annex A.

### 4 Classification, characteristics and dimensions

### 4.1 Classification

The castors and wheels are divided into three categories: A, B and C. These categories define three increasing speed ratings and are listed in Table 1.

Table 1

Category	A	В	С
Speed, m/s (km/h)	1,7 (6)	2,8 (10)	4,4 (16)

### 4.2 Characteristics

The characteristics of a castor are

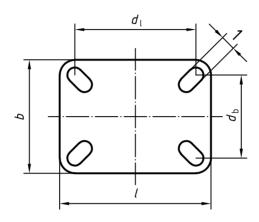
- top plate,
- offset,
- wheel, and
- load capacity.

### 4.3 Top plate

Rectangular top plates are used with four fixing holes. The design of the outer profile is left to the manufacturer, provided that it is inscribed in a rectangle of maximum size  $l \times b$  as indicated in Table 2 and shown in Figure 1.

The fixing holes are located at the corners of a rectangle inscribed in the outer profile. The holes may be oblong and form slots, provided the width of the slot is suitable for bolts of diameter  $(\dot{D}_{\rm G1})$  as in Table 2.

Table 2 lists the standardized dimensions of the different classes of top plates.



### Key

1 adapted to  $D_{\rm G1}$ 

(standards.iteh.ai) NOTE The symbols  $A \times B$  (top plate outer dimensions) and  $a \times b$  (bolt hole spacing) may be used in place of the recommended symbols stated above as these are of common use within the trade.

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Table 2

### Dimensions in millimetres

Class	Top plate outer dimensions	Bolt hole spacing	Fixing bolt diameter
	$l \times b$	$d_{ extsf{I}}  imes d_{ extsf{b}}$	$D_{G1}$
R51	160 × 120	105 × 80	10
			12
R52	180 × 160	140 × 105	10
			12
			14
			16
R53	230 × 180	160 × 120	12
			14
			16
			20
R54	270 × 230	210 × 160	14
			16
			20

### 4.4 Offset

Table 3 specifies the minimum and maximum offset values  $(d_{\rm F})$  for swivel castors, corresponding to the wheel diameter (D), as in Figure 2.

For shock-absorbing castors, the offset may vary from the dimensions stated.

Table 3

<b>-</b>			****	
l IIm	ensions	ın	millim	natrac

Wheel diameter	Off	set
D	d	F
	Minimum	Maximum
125	25	75
150/160	30	95
200	40	120
250	50	150
280/300	55	180
350/360	70	215
400	80	240
450	90	270
500 A ND A DI	100	300

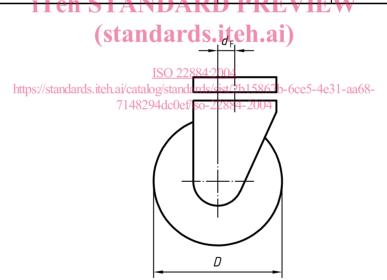


Figure 2 — Offset

### 4.5 Wheel

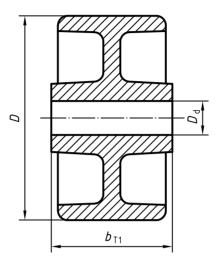
### 4.5.1 Characteristics

The characteristics of a wheel are

- diameter,
- hub width,
- bore diameter, and
- load capacity.

The characteristics of the wheel are illustrated in Figure 3 and the hub width  $(b_{\rm T1})$  and bore diameter  $(D_{\rm d})$  corresponding to each wheel diameter (D) are listed in Table 4. Wheels are not restricted to these hub widths and bores when used in castors.

The user shall verify the mechanical strength of axle components (bolts, nuts, bushes, spacers, etc.).



### iTeh Figure 3—Wheel dimensions EVIEW

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Dimensions in millimetres

Wheel diameter  D https://stanc	Hub width 22884:21 lards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/s	Bore diameters <sup>a</sup>  st/2b15867b-6ce5-4e31-aa68-   884-2004
125	50	20
		25
	60	20
		25
150/160	60	20
		25
	60	20
		25
200	75	25
	90	25
		30
	60	25
		30
	75	25
		30
250	90	25
		30
	140	30
		40

Table 4 (continued)

Dimensions in millimetres

Wheel diameter	Hub width	Bore diameters <sup>a</sup>		
D	$b_{T1}$	$D_{\sf d}$		
	60	25		
		30		
280	75	25		
		30		
	90	25		
		30		
	90	25		
		30		
300		35		
	120	35		
		40		
	75	30		
350/360		40		
	90	35		
		40		
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		50		
	140	40		
		50		
	90	40		
450		50		
	120	60		
_	90	40		
500		50		
	120	60		
	160	60		
The above bores refer to the nominal diameter of the axle.				

### 4.5.2 Wheel diameter tolerance

The tolerance on wheel diameter (D) shall be  $\pm$ 1,5 %.

### 4.5.3 Hub width tolerance

The tolerance on hub width ( $b_{\rm T1})$  shall be  $^{~0}_{-2\%}.$ 

### 4.6 Load capacity

This is the maximum load, in newtons, which can be carried by a wheel or a castor so as to fully comply with the required acceptance criteria.

### 5 Requirements for testing

### 5.1 General

Test apparatus and procedures shall be as specified in ?ISO 22878:-?. A static test is not required for this type of castor.

### 5.2 Standard conditions

### 5.2.1 Environmental conditions

Tests shall be carried out at a temperature between 15  $^{\circ}$ C and 28  $^{\circ}$ C. During the 24 h prior to the test, the samples shall remain at the specified temperature, in an environment with a relative humidity between 40 % and 70 %.

Samples shall not be artificially cooled during testing.

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### 5.2.2 Test sequence

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Tests, where applicable, shall be carried out in the sequence as listed in Table 5.

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Reference in this International Standard	Test sequence	7148294dc0effiso-22884-2004  Castors and wheel types	Test procedures given in ISO 22878:2004, subclause
5.3	Initial wheel play	All castors	4.2
5.4	Initial swivel play	Swivel castors with or without accessories	4.3
5.5	Electrical resistance	Castors and wheels electrically conductive or antistatic	4.4
5.6	Fatigue test for braking and/or locking device	Castors with  — wheel locking/braking device  — directional locking device  — total locking/braking device  — central locking/braking device  If device is operated by means of threaded mechanism this test will not be applicable.	4.5
5.7	Efficiency check of wheel braking and/or locking device	Castors with  — wheel locking/braking device  — total locking/braking device  — central locking/braking device	4.6
5.8	Efficiency check of swivel braking and/or locking device	Castors with  — directional locking/braking device  — total locking/braking device  — central locking/braking device	4.7

Table 5 (continued)

Reference in this International Standard	Test sequence	Castors and wheel types	Test procedures given in ISO 22878:2004, subclause
5.9	Static test	This test is not required	4.9
5.10	Dynamic test	All castors	4.8
5.11	Efficiency check of wheel braking and/or locking device	Castors with  — wheel locking/braking device  — total locking/braking device  — central locking/braking device	4.6
5.12	Efficiency check of swivel braking and/or locking device	Castors with  — directional locking/braking device  — total locking/braking device  — central locking/braking device	4.7
5.13	Final wheel play	All castors	4.2
5.14	Final swivel play	Swivel castors with or without accessories	4.3

### 5.3 Initial wheel play

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### 5.3.1 Test objectives, apparatus and procedures (Standards.iteh.ai)

These shall be as specified in ISO 22878:2004, 4.2.

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### 5.3.2 Acceptance criteria

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The measured initial wheel play shall not exceed the value  $d_{\rm W1}$  given in Table 6.

Table 6

Symbol	Value	Description
D	variable	wheel diameter
$d_{W1}$	0,5 % of $D$	maximum initial wheel play

### 5.4 Initial swivel play

### 5.4.1 Test objectives, apparatus and procedures

These shall be as specified in ISO 22878:2004, 4.3.

### 5.4.2 Acceptance criteria

The measured initial swivel play shall not exceed the value  $d_{\rm S1}$  given in Table 7.

Table 7

Symbol	Value	Description
$d_{\mathtt{S1}}$	3 mm	maximum initial swivel play