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Superabrasive products — Rotating grinding tools with diamond or cubic boron nitride — General survey, designation and multilingual nomenclature

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 6104 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 29, *Small tools*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Grinding wheels and abrasives*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 6104:1979), which been technically revised. (standards.iteh.ai)

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Superabrasive products — Rotating grinding tools with diamond or cubic boron nitride — General survey, designation and multilingual nomenclature

1 Scope

This International Standard gives a general survey, and specifies the designation, of rotating grinding tools with diamond or cubic boron nitride superabrasive section. It also gives a multilingual nomenclature concerning these tools.

NOTE In addition to terms in English and French, two of the three official ISO languages, this International Standard gives the equivalent terms in German; these terms are published under the responsibility of the member body for Germany (DIN). However, only the terms given in the official language can be considered as ISO terms.

2 Terms and dimensional abbreviations I I en STANDARD PREVIEW

See Annex A.

3 Designation

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3.1 Structure of designation

3.1.1 Elements

The structure of designation comprises three symbols intended only for the designation of the rotating grinding wheel and cutting-off wheels (saws). The three symbols shall be included in any designation. A supplementary symbol may be used if necessary.

The meaning of these symbols is the following:

- digit or characteristic number for the basic core shape on which the superabrasive section is mounted (see 3.1.2);
- one- or two-letter symbols for the shape or superabrasive section (see 3.1.3);
- digit or characteristic number for location of the superabrasive section on the core (see 3.1.4);
- possibly, one or several letter symbols for the core modifications (see 3.1.5).

3.1.2 Basic core shape

Basic core shapes are defined by symbols irrespective of their location of the superabrasive section on the core and the end use of the rotating grinding tools. The presence of a recess in the core to accommodate the superabrasive section does not affect the determination of the symbol. For basic core shapes, see Table 1.

Core shape	Designation	Illustration	Core shape	Designation	Illustration
1	Straight peripheral wheel		10	Concave double-angle cup wheel	
2	Face or rim wheel		11	Taper cup wheel	α > 60°
3	Single hubbed wheel		12	Taper cup wheel	$30^\circ < \alpha \le 60^\circ$
4	Wheel tapered one side		13	Taper cup wheel	$\alpha \leqslant 30^{\circ}$
6	Straight cup wheel	iTeh STAND	ARI rđs.	Double hubbed wheel	
9	Double cup wheel	ISC The second	0 6104:20 andards/s d0a/iso-6	<u>05</u> ist/100aad9a-45c 104-2005	8-4f c6- 9504-

Table 1 — Basic core shapes

3.1.3 Shape of superabrasive section

Superabrasive section shapes and their codes are shown and indicated in Table 2.

- Code is irrespective of the location of the superabrasive section.
- The superabrasive section can be at any position relative to the core.
- The bold black lines in the drawings indicate the grinding face.



Table 2 — Superabrasive section shapes and codes

3.1.4 Location of superabrasive section on core

See Table 3.

No.	Location	Description	Shape
1	Periphery	The superabrasive section is placed on the periphery of the core and extends over the full thickness of the wheel. The axial length of this section may be greater than, equal to, or less than the depth of diamond or CBN, measured radially.	
		One or more hubs are not added to the wheel thickness for the purpose of this description.	
2	One side	The superabrasive section is placed on the side of the wheel and the length of the superabrasive section extends from the periphery towards the centre. It may or may not include the entire side.	
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3	Both sides	The superabrasive sections are placed on both sides of the wheel and extend from the periphery towards the centre. They may or may not include the entire sides. 1b960d0f9d0a/iso-6104-2005	15c8-4fc6-
4	Concave or arc	This description applies to the general wheel types 2, 6, 10, 11, 12 or 13, and locates the superabrasive section on the side wall. This wall has an angle or arc extending from a higher point at the wheel periphery to a lower point towards the wheel centre.	
5	Convex or arc	This description applies to the general wheel types 2, 6 and 11, and locates the superabrasive section on the side wall. This wall has an angle or arc extending from a lower point at the wheel periphery to a higher point toward the wheel centre.	
6	Part of periphery	The superabrasive section is placed on the periphery of the core but does not extend over the full thickness of the wheel and does not reach to either side.	
7	Part of side	The superabrasive section is placed on the side of the core and does not extend to the wheel periphery. It may or may not extend to the centre.	
8	Throughout	No core, superabrasive wheel consists of solid superabrasive section.	

Table 3 — Location of the superabrasive section on the core

No.	Location	Description	Shape
9	Corner	This description is of a location which would commonly be considered to be on the periphery, except that the superabrasive section is on one corner but does not extend to the other corner.	
10	Annular	This description is of a location of the superabrasive section on the inner annular of the wheel.	

Table 3 (continued)

3.1.5 Modification of basic core shapes

Modifications that are made to basic core shapes are optional within the meaning of the descriptions given in Table 4.

Abbreviation	Description	Shape
В	Holes drilled and counterbored in core iTeh STANDARD PF	EVIEW
С	Holes drilled and countersunk in core (standards.iteh.	ai)
н	Straight holes drilled in core catalog/standards/sist/100aa 1b960d0f9d0a/iso-6104-200	d9a-45c8-4fc6-95
к	Hole with keyway in core	
	Mixed holes, some plain, some threaded, in the core	
Μ		

Table 4 — Modification to basic core shapes