INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Second edition 2005-02-01

Fibre ropes — General specifications

Cordages en fibres — Spécifications générales

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO 9554:2005</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/722d4979-4f73-4adb-9e52a93d32d447f2/iso-9554-2005



Reference number ISO 9554:2005(E)

PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO 9554:2005</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/722d4979-4f73-4adb-9e52a93d32d447f2/iso-9554-2005

© ISO 2005

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org Published in Switzerland

Contents

Page

Forewo	ordi	
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Manufacture	1
4	Lay length or pitch length	4
5	Requirements	4
6	Marking and labelling	4
7	Packaging, invoicing and delivered length	5
8	Testing	
9	Visual quality control	
10	Certification	6
11	Instructions for use	6
Annex	A (informative) Typical characteristics of the yarhs for man-made and natural fibres	7
Annex	B (informative) Information on defects and variances	9
	C (informative) Information for use and maintenance to be provided by the manufacturer 1	
Bibliog	raphy	0

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 9554 was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, *Textiles*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 9554 1991), which has been technically revised.

<u>ISO 9554:2005</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/722d4979-4f73-4adb-9e52a93d32d447f2/iso-9554-2005

Fibre ropes — General specifications

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the general characteristics of fibre ropes and their constituent materials. It is intended to be used in conjunction with the standards for the individual types of fibre rope, which cover the physical properties and specific requirements for that particular product type.

This International Standard also gives some information on the use of fibre ropes and also on their inspection and retirement criteria.

This International Standard does not intend to address all of the safety matters associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to select a rope type of the size and with the physical properties to meet the requirements of the application and to determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to its use.

2 Normative references STANDARD PREVIEW

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 9554:2005 ISO 1140, Fibre ropes //Polyamidehai/34a/2/and/85trand 200659-4f73-4adb-9e52a93d32d447f2/iso-9554-2005

ISO 1141, Fibre ropes — Polyester — 3-, 4- and 8-strand ropes

ISO 2307, Fibre ropes — Determination of certain physical and mechanical properties

EN 14687, Mixed polyolefin fibre ropes

3 Manufacture

3.1 Constituent materials

The following materials are considered in this International Standard:

- a) natural fibres:
 - sisal,
 - manila,
 - hemp;

- b) man-made fibres:
 - polyamide,
 - polyester,
 - polypropylene,
 - polyethylene,
 - mixed polyolefin.

Many new fibres are available. Specific application should involve technical discussions with rope manufacturers (see Annex A).

3.2 Construction and structure

Unless otherwise specified, 3-, 4- and 6-strand laid ropes shall be Z-twist (right-hand lay), their strands S-twist and their roping yarns Z-twist.

The 8-strand braided ropes shall consist of four S-twist strands and four Z-twist strands arranged so that S-twist strands alternate (individually or on pairs) with Z-twist strands (individually or on pairs).

The 12-strand braided ropes shall consist of six S-twist strands and six Z-twist strands arranged so that S-twist strands alternate (individually or on pairs) with Z-twist strands (individually or on pairs).

A double-braided rope shall consist of a number of strands that are braided to form a core, around which are braided additional strands to form a sheath. The core lies coaxially within the sheath. The number of strands varies, based upon the size of the rope.

ISO 9554:2005

Each strand shall consist of an equal number of rope yans sufficient to provide the characteristics specified in the International and European Standards dealing with each fibre. For ropes of reference number 36 or higher, the number of yarns in each strand may differ by one yarn or $\pm 2.5\%$ from the mean number of yarns in the strand.

The ropes and their strands shall be continuous, without splice for standard delivered lengths or shorter lengths.

Yarns may be joined as necessary.

NOTE National legislations can place additional requirements and rope construction.

3.3 Treatment

3.3.1 Polyamide and polyester ropes

3.3.1.1 Polyamide and polyester ropes shall be produced in such a way as to ensure the lay and the dimensional stability. Except if type 2 is ordered, a heat setting shall be used to ensure that subsequent shrinkage in use is minimal.

3.3.1.2 Polyamide and polyester laid ropes that are required to have a heat setting on the rope to ensure lay and dimensional stability are designated as type 1 ropes in ISO 1140 and ISO 1141.

3.3.1.3 In other cases, polyamide and polyester laid ropes that are not required to have a heat setting on the rope are designated type 2 ropes in ISO 1140 and ISO 1141.

In this case, stabilization, if any, may occur for the fibre or for the twisted yarn.

3.3.1.4 The ropes shall be supplied in their natural state without additives to weight the rope or coating treatment.

The fibre producer or the rope manufacturer may apply lubricants for enhanced performance. The total amount of additives or extractable materials shall not exceed 2,5 %.

3.3.1.5 The colour of the rope shall be natural unless otherwise requested.

Upon request of the purchaser, the manufacturer may use a coating or impregnation of the product for special applications.

3.3.1.6 The figures for linear density and minimum breaking force are the same for type 1 and type 2 ropes.

3.3.2 Polypropylene and polyethylene ropes

Polypropylene and polyethylene ropes shall be protected against deterioration due to sunlight. Any ultraviolet-(UV-) inhibiting system may be used, such as light stabilizers, pigmentation using carbon black, iron(III) oxide (Fe₂ O_3) or any other colouring product or special inhibitor.

The inhibiting system used should ensure the expected performance in usage under the foreseen geographical areas for applications provided that the manufacturer is kept informed by the user.

3.3.3 Manila and sisal

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

3.3.3.1 General

(standards.iteh.ai)

All ropes of manila and of sisal shall be made exclusively of new fibres.

ISO 9554:2005

3.3.3.2 Manila https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/722d4979-4f73-4adb-9e52-

a93d32d447f2/iso-9554-2005

A cordage oil lubricant of suitable quality shall be applied. The lubricant shall not impart an offensive odour to the finished rope. The percentage of extractable matter based on the dry weight of the rope shall not be less than 11,5 % nor more than 16,5 %.

When specified, the rope shall have a mildew-resistant treatment.

Anti-bacterial additives for manila may be added to extend the performance of the natural fibre when requested by the purchaser.

3.3.3.3 Sisal

A cordage oil lubricant of suitable quality shall be applied. The lubricant shall not impart an offensive odour to the finished rope. The percentage of extractable matter based on the dry weight of the rope shall not be more than 11,5 % for an un-oiled product and not more than 16,5 % for an oiled product.

When specified, the rope shall be free from any oils and sold as un-oiled rope.

Anti-bacterial additives for sisal may be added to extend the performance of the natural fibre when requested by the purchaser.

3.4 Workmanship

3.4.1 The finished rope shall contain no cuts, kinks, soft spots caused by change in lay or pitch length, hockles, chafed or damaged sections, or broken, loose or projecting ends in the rope or the strands.

3.4.2 The unspliced ends of all ropes shall be cut off squarely and shall be securely whipped, taped or heatsealed.

4 Lay length or pitch length

The manufacturer shall establish the lay length or the pitch length of the rope according to its intended use, and/or based upon the purchaser's acceptance.

NOTE For a given reference number of rope, the smaller the lay or pitch length the harder the rope will be; this hardness can affect the estimated breaking strength of the rope.

Requirements 5

The main requirements shall be those specified in the relevant International or European Standard for the product and include the following:

- a) linear density;
- minimum breaking force; b)
- reference number. C)

The corresponding methods of test are specified in ISO 2307. D PREVIEW

Other requirements, for example the lay length or the pitch length, the diameter of the circumscribed circle and the elongation of the rope under specific tensile conditions, may be specified, subject to agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser, where applicable with submission of a sample. ISO 9554:2005

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/722d4979-4f73-4adb-9e52-

6 Marking and labelling

a93d32d447f2/iso-9554-2005

Marking 6.1

6.1.1 General

The identification of the material, quality and origin of a fibre rope conforming to this International Standard shall be marked using a tape placed within the article (see 6.1.2 and 6.1.3) so as to remain recognizable despite soiling, soaking or discoloration during use.

The tape shall be at least 3 mm wide, and shall be printed with the number of the relevant ISO International Standard, and a reference identifying the manufacturer. The maximum distance between two consecutive markings shall be 0,5 m.

6.1.2 Ropes of reference number less than 14

These do not need to be marked unless specified in a product standard.

6.1.3 Ropes of reference number equal to or greater than 14

A marker tape as defined in 6.1.1 shall be incorporated into the centre of one strand for 3-, 4-, 8- and 12strand ropes. Double braided ropes shall have a marker tape in or outside the core.

6.2 Labelling

Each coil shall have a label, which is firmly fixed in place, giving the following information:

- constituent material;
- identification of manufacturer and country of origin;
- reference number;
- delivered length;
- declaration of conformity to this International Standard relating to the constituent material (e.g. "according to ISO 9554").

7 Packaging, invoicing and delivered length

7.1 Packaging and invoicing

7.1.1 The packaging unit may be a reel, a coil, a hank, a box, a bag, a bulk or as specified by the purchaser.

7.1.2 The finished rope shall be supplied in a package so that it can be dispensed freely without entanglement of any kind.

7.1.3 Either the unit mass or the length invoices the rope. When gross mass is used for invoicing, the mass of the packaging shall not exceed **1**,**5** % of the gross mass of the rope.

7.2 Delivered length

ngth ISO 9554:2005 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/722d4979-4f73-4adb-9e52-

7.2.1 Standard delivered length a93d32d447f2/iso-9554-2005

The length of the coil shall be determined by dividing the mass of the coil by the mass per metre of the rope, determined in accordance with ISO 2307.

The limit deviation on delivered length shall be

- - 5 % for ropes with a reference number less than or equal to 14,

- - 3 % for ropes with a reference number greater than 14,

on condition that the gross mass corresponding to the delivered length is not less than the product of the minimum linear density and the theoretical delivered length.

Standard delivered lengths are the following:

100 m; 183 m; 200 m; 220 m; 366 m.

Other lengths may be supplied for special orders.

7.2.2 Shorter delivered length due to sampling

To carry out testing at the request of the purchaser, test pieces may be taken from the ordered length of rope. The length of rope delivered shall then be less than the ordered length because of these test pieces (which are considered to be part of the delivery).

In the event a specific length is required and testing is required, the purchaser may be invoiced the additional length or mass of the rope required to perform such testing.

8 Testing

8.1 The testing of the finished rope shall be conducted as specified in the applicable International and European Standards and in the purchase order or contract.

8.2 The required length and number of test samples shall be removed from the selected test reels as outlined in 7.2.2 if required.

8.3 Test reports shall be prepared in accordance with the contract or the purchase order.

9 Visual quality control

9.1 Responsibility for inspection

Unless otherwise specified in the contract or in the purchase order, the rope manufacturer is responsible for the performance of all quality control requirements specified in this International Standard and in the applicable fibre rope standard. The purchaser shall have the option to have a representative present during the control by the manufacturer. The purchaser, at his/her expense, reserves the right to perform or have a third party perform any of the controls set forth in the specification where controls are deemed necessary to ensure that ropes conform to specifications. A representative of the rope manufacturer shall have the option to be present during these controls.

(standards.iteh.ai)

9.2 Finished rope visual control

ISO 9554:2005

Each sample shall be subject to visual examination. The samples shall be selected at random. If any defects are noted in the original test units, an equal number of additional test units shall be selected at random and if any specified defects are noted, the entire lot shall be rejected.

10 Certification

When requested by the purchaser, the manufacturer of the rope shall issue certificates of conformity with the relevant International Standard when invoicing. These certificates shall always be available for any of the phases of the distribution and/or usage of the rope.

If certification is required, it shall be requested at the time of placing the order.

11 Instructions for use

The manufacturer shall provide the purchaser with a set of instructions for the use and maintenance of fibre ropes.

NOTE Recommendations on information for use and maintenance of fibre ropes to be provided by the manufacturer are given in Annex C.

Annex A (informative)

Typical characteristics of the yarns for man-made and natural fibres

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO 9554:2005</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/722d4979-4f73-4adb-9e52a93d32d447f2/iso-9554-2005