

## SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ISO 5673-1:2015

01-april-2015

Nadomešča:

**SIST ISO 5673:1995** 

Kmetijski traktorji in stroji - Priključne gredi in namestitev priključkov - 1. del: Splošno proizvodne in varnostne zahteve

Agricultural tractors and machinery - Power take-off drive shafts and power-input connection - Part 1: General manufacturing and safety requirements

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Tracteurs et matériels agricoles - Arbres de transmission à cardans de prise de force et arbre récepteur de la machine - Partiel T Exigences générales de fabrication et de sécurité

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ISO 5673-1:2005

ICS:

65.060.10 Kmetijski traktorji in prikolice Agricultural tractors and

trailed vehicles

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## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 5673-1

First edition 2005-02-15

Agricultural tractors and machinery — Power take-off drive shafts and power-input connection —

Part 1:

General manufacturing and safety iTeh STrequirements REVIEW

Stracteurs et matériels agricoles — Arbres de transmission à cardans de prise de force et arbre récepteur de la machine —

Partie 1. Exigences générales de fabrication et de sécurité https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bb3e2902-c50e-4292-8c5e-5028966daddb/sist-iso-5673-1-2015



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## **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 5673-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 23, *Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Tractors*.

This first edition of ISO 5673-1, together with ISO 5673-2, cancels and replaces ISO 5673:1993, of which it constitutes a technical revision. (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 5673 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Agricultural tractors and machinery* — *Power take-off drive shafts and power-input connection*: SIST ISO 5673-1:2015
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- Part 1: General manufacturing and safety requirements iso-5673-1-2015
- Part 2: Specification for use of PTO drive shafts, and position and clearance of PTO drive line and PIC for various attachments

## Agricultural tractors and machinery — Power take-off drive shafts and power-input connection —

## Part 1:

## General manufacturing and safety requirements

## Scope

This part of ISO 5673 specifies the power take-off (PTO) drive shafts of a tractor or self-propelled machine used in agriculture and the power-input connection (PIC) of its implement, establishing a method for determining PTO static and dynamic torsional strength while giving manufacturing and safety requirements. It is applicable only to those PTO drive shafts and guards mechanically linked to the shaft by at least two bearings. It is not applicable to PTO drive shafts guarded by location or to the mechanical characteristics of overrun devices and torque limiters, nor are environmental aspects considered; neither is it applicable to PTO drive shafts and their guards manufactured before the date of its publication. HEN STANDARD PREVIEW

Normative references (standards.iteh.ai)

The following referenced documents are sindispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the dedition deited applies ground ated breferences, 4the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies b/sist-iso-5673-1-2015

ISO 500-3:2004, Agricultural tractors — Rear mounted power take-off types 1, 2 and 3 — Part 3: Main PTO dimensions and spline dimensions, location of PTO

ISO 4254-1, Agricultural machinery — Safety — Part 1: General requirements<sup>1)</sup>

ISO 5674:2004, Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry — Guards for power take-off (PTO) drive-shafts — Strength and wear tests and acceptance criteria

ISO 11684:1995, Tractors, machinery for agriculture and forestry, powered lawn and garden equipment — Safety signs and hazard pictorials — General principles

## Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

## power take-off (PTO) drive shaft

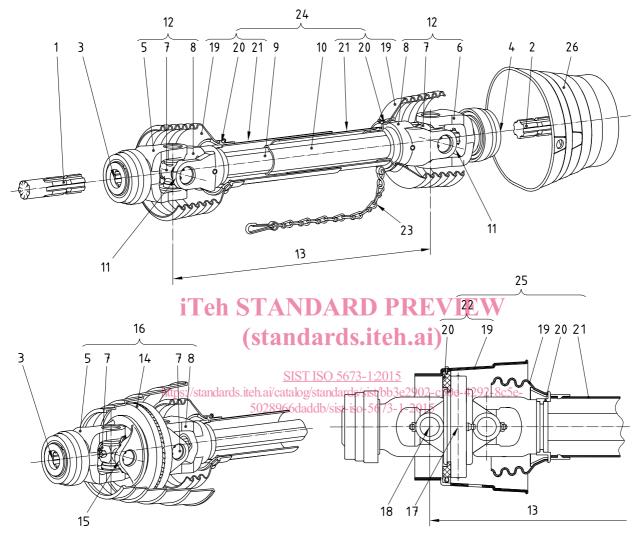
assembly consisting of two joints, telescopic members and a guard which is mechanically linked to the shaft by at least two bearings used to transmit rotational power from the PTO of a tractor or self-propelled machine to an implement and/or between parts of the implement

<sup>1)</sup> To be published. (Revision of ISO 4254-1:1989)

## 3.1.1 primary PTO drive shaft

detachable PTO drive shaft linking the PTO of the tractor or self-propelled machine to the PIC of an implement

See Figure 1.



## Key

- 1 power take off shaft (PTO)
- 2 power-input connection (PIC)
- 3 PTO yoke bore
- 4 PIC yoke bore
- 5 PTO yoke
- 6 PIC yoke
- 7 journal cross-assembly
- 8 inner yoke
- 9 inner telescopic member
- 10 outer telescopic member
- 11 end of inner yoke of universal joint
- 12 universal joint
- 13 PTO drive shaft, closed and extended length

- 14 double yoke
- 15 end of double yoke of outer joint
- 16 wide-angle universal joint
- 17 centre of articulation of wide-angle universal joint
- 18 centre of outer joint
- 19 guard cone
- 20 guard bearing
- 21 guard tube
- 22 separate guard of wide angle universal joint
- 23 restraining member (as an example)
- 24 PTO drive shaft guard
- 25 PTO wide-angle drive shaft guard
- 26 PIC guard

Figure 1 — Primary PTO drive shaft, power-input connection and associated components

## 3.1.2

## secondary PTO drive shaft

PTO drive shaft, detachable or otherwise, following the PIC of an implement and having the same basic design as a primary PTO drive shaft

See Figure 2.

## 3.2

## PTO drive shaft attachment

shaft to which a PTO drive shaft is connected

## 3.2.1

## power take-off shaft

### **PTO**

external shaft on the rear of the tractor providing rotational power to an implement by means of a primary PTO drive shaft

See Figure 2.

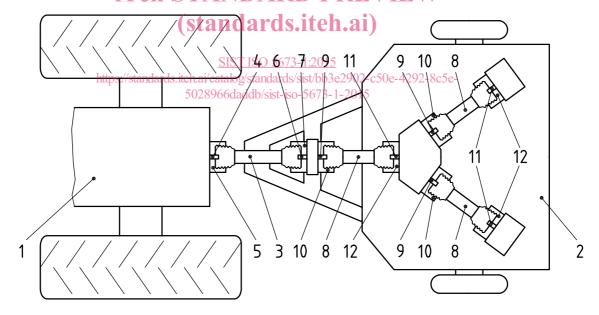
## 3.2.2

## power input connection

## PIC

first power input connection, in the form of a shaft on the implement, to which a primary PTO drive shaft is connected

## See Figure 2. **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**



## Key

- 1 tractor
- 2 implement
- 3 primary PTO drive shaft
- 4 PTO
- 5 PTO master shield
- 6 PIC

- 7 PIC guard
- 8 secondary PTO drive shaft
- 9 SPTO
- 10 SPTO guard
- 11 SPIC
- 12 SPIC guard

Figure 2 — Example of arrangement of PTO drive shafts

#### 3.2.3

## secondary power take-off

**SPTO** 

external shaft on the implement drive line providing rotational power to parts of the implement by means of a secondary PTO drive shaft

See Figure 2.

### 3.2.4

## secondary power input connection

**SPIC** 

secondary power input connection as a shaft on the implement to which a secondary PTO drive shaft is connected

See Figure 2.

## 3.3

## closed length

(PTO drive shaft) distance between the centres of the outermost journal cross-assemblies of the shaft as specified by the manufacturer, when the PTO drive shaft is fully closed

### 3.4

## extended length

(PTO drive shaft) distance between the centres of the outermost journal cross-assemblies of the shaft when the PTO drive shaft is extended to the maximum operational length as specified by the manufacturer

## 3.5

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universal joint

mechanical device which can transmit torque and/or rotational motion from one shaft to another at fixed or varying angles of intersection of the shaft axes

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wide-angle constant velocity universal joint 966daddb/sist-iso-5673-1-2015

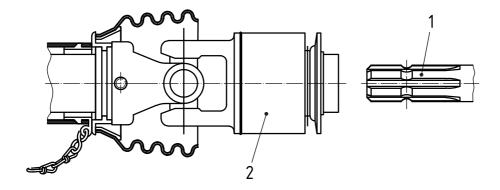
constant-velocity joint allowing operation with an articulation generally higher than 50°, while motion is transmitted uniformly

## 3.7

## overrun device

device that permits the transmission of motion in only one direction, from the tractor towards the implement See Figure 3.

NOTE It is normally used with a recipient machine having high-value inertia.



## Key

- PIC
- overrun device

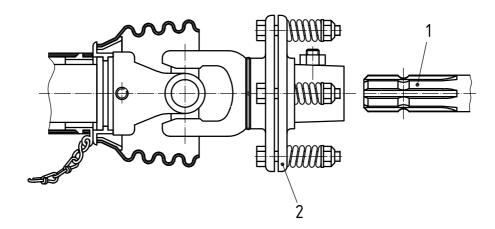
Figure 3 — Example of overrun device

### 3.8

## torque limiter

device that cuts or limits the transmission of motion between tractor and implement when the torque reaches a prefixed value

See Figure 4.



### Key

- 1 PIC
- 2 torque limiter

## Teh SFigure 4 DExample of torque limiter W

### 3.9

## (standards.iteh.ai)

## non-rotating PTO drive shaft guard

PTO drive shaft guard attached to the shaft by bearings, designed to be able to be held stationary by a restraining system while the shaft is rotating system while the shaft is rotating system days is restrained by the shaft is rotating by standards/sist/bb3e2902-c50e-4292-8c5e-

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3.10

## PIC [SPTO] [SPIC] guard

guard, fixed on the implement, which fully covers the PIC, SPTO and SPIC

### 3 11

## restraining system

part of the PTO drive shaft guard which prevents rotation of the guard when the PTO drive shaft rotates

See Figure 5.

### 3.12

## rotating PTO drive shaft guard

PTO drive shaft guard attached to the shaft by bearings, designed to be able to rotate with the shaft except when it comes into contact with some other object

## 3.13

## maximum static torsional load

static load limit without damage or permanent deformation of components

## 3.14

## maximum dynamic torsional load

dynamic load limit without damage or permanent deformation of components