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Inteligentni transportni sistemi - Prometne in potovalne informacije (TTI) prek izvedenske skupine za transportne protokole, binarni format 1. generacije (TPEG1) - 11. del: Vsebnik lokacijskih referenc (TPEG-LRC) (ISO/TS 18234-11:2013)

Intelligent transport systems - Traffic and Travel Information (TTI) via transport protocol experts group, generation 1 (TPEG1) binary data format - Part 11: Location Referencing Container (TPEG1-LRC) (ISO/TS 18234-11:2013)

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Intelligente Transportsysteme - Reise- und Verkehrsinformation (TTI) über Datenströme der Transportprotokoll Expertengruppe, Generation 1 (TPEG1) binäres Datenformat - Teil 11: Lokalisierungsreferenzcontainer (TPEG1-LRC) (ISO/TS 18234-11:2013)

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Systemes intelligents de transport - Informations sur le trafic et le tourisme via les données de format binaire du groupe d'experts du protocole de transport, génération 1 (TPEG1) - Partie 11: Conteneur de référencement d'emplacement (ISO/TS 18234-11:2013)

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Intelligent transport systems - Traffic and Travel Information
(TTI) via transport protocol experts group, generation 1 (TPEG1)
binary data format - Part 11: Location Referencing Container
(TPEG1-LRC) (ISO/TS 18234-11:2013)

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Intelligente Transportsysteme - Reise- und
Verkehrsinformation (TTI) über Datenströme der
Transportprotokoll Expertengruppe, Generation 1 (TPEG1)
binäres Datenformat - Teil 11:
Lokalisierungsreferenzcontainer (TPEG1-LRC) (ISO/TS
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This Technical Specification (CEN/TS) was approved by CEN on 14 January 2013 for provisional application.

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Foreword

This document (CEN ISO/TS 18234-11:2013) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 278 "Road transport and traffic telematics", the secretariat of which is held by NEN, in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 204 "Intelligent transport systems".

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**Intelligent transport systems — Traffic
and Travel Information (TTI) via transport
protocol experts group, generation 1
(TPEG1) binary data format —**

Part 11:

**Location Referencing Container
(TPEG1-LRC)****(standards.iteh.ai)**

*Systèmes intelligents de transport — Informations sur le trafic et le
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ISO/TS 18234-11:2013(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

In other circumstances, particularly when there is an urgent market requirement for such documents, a technical committee may decide to publish other types of document:

- an ISO Publicly Available Specification (ISO/PAS) represents an agreement between technical experts in an ISO working group and is accepted for publication if it is approved by more than 50 % of the members of the parent committee casting a vote;
- an ISO Technical Specification (ISO/TS) represents an agreement between the members of a technical committee and is accepted for publication if it is approved by 2/3 of the members of the committee casting a vote.

An ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is reviewed after three years in order to decide whether it will be confirmed for a further three years, revised to become an International Standard, or withdrawn. If the ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is confirmed, it is reviewed again after a further three years, at which time it must either be transformed into an International Standard or be withdrawn.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/TS 18234-11 was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 278, *Road transport and traffic telematics*, in collaboration with ISO Technical Committee TC 204, *Intelligent transport systems* in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

ISO/TS 18234 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Intelligent transport systems — Traffic and Travel Information (TTI) — TTI via Transport Protocol Expert Group (TPEG) data-streams*:

- *Part 1: Introduction, numbering and versions (TPEG1-INV)*
- *Part 2: Syntax, Semantics and Framing Structure (SSF)*
- *Part 3: Service and network information (TPEG1-SNI)*
- *Part 4: Road Traffic Message (RTM) application*
- *Part 5: Public Transport Information (PTI) application*
- *Part 6: Location referencing applications*

- *Part 7: Parking Information (TPEG-PKI)*¹
- *Part 8: Congestion and travel-time application (TPEC1-CTT)*²
- *Part 9: Traffic event compact (TPEG1-TEC)*³
- *Part 10: Conditional access information (TPEG1-CAI)*⁴
- *Part 11: Location Referencing Container (TPEG1-LRC)*

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¹ To be published.

² To be published.

³ To be published.

⁴ To be published.

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Introduction

TPEG technology uses a byte-oriented data stream format, which may be carried on almost any digital bearer with an appropriate adaptation layer. TPEG messages are delivered from service providers to end-users and used to transfer information from the database of a service provider to an end-user's equipment.

The brief history of TPEG technology development dates back to the European Broadcasting Union (EBU) Broadcast Management Committee establishing the B/TPEG project group in autumn 1997 with the mandate to develop, as soon as possible, a new protocol for broadcasting traffic and travel-related information in the multimedia environment. TPEG technology, its applications and service features are designed to enable travel-related messages to be coded, decoded, filtered and understood by humans (visually and/or audibly in the user's language) and by agent systems.

One year later in December 1998, the B/TPEG group produced its first EBU specifications. Two documents were released. Part 2 (TPEG1-SSF, which became ISO/TS 18234-2) described the Syntax, Semantics and Framing structure, which is used for all TPEG applications. Part 4 (TPEG1-RTM, which became ISO/TS 18234-4) described the first application, for Road Traffic Messages.

Subsequently, CEN/TC 278/WG 4, in conjunction with ISO/TC 204/WG 10, established a project group comprising the members of B/TPEG and they continued the work concurrently since March 1999. Since then two further parts were developed to make the initial complete set of four parts, enabling the implementation of a consistent service. Part 3 (TPEG1-SNI, ISO/TS 18234-3) describes the Service and Network Information Application, which should be used by all service implementations to ensure appropriate referencing from one service source to another. Part 1 (TPEG1-INV, ISO/TS 18234-1), completes the series, by describing the other parts and their relationship; it also contains the application IDs used within the other parts. Additionally, Part 5, the Public Transport Information Application (TPEG1-PTI, ISO/TS 18234-5) and TPEG1-LRC, ISO/TS 18234-6, were developed.

This Technical Specification adds a powerful mechanism for the ISO/TS 18234 series, allowing detailed road event information to be encoded and transmitted to the user; it was developed specifically to satisfy the need for a number of location referencing methods for Navigation Systems for worldwide markets. This Technical Specification includes new datatypes as specified in Annex A.

TPEG applications are now developed using UML modelling and a software tool is used to automatically select content which then populates this Technical Specification. Diagrammatic extracts from the model are used to show the capability of the binary coding in place of lengthy text descriptions; the diagrams do not necessarily include all relevant content possible.

During the development of the TPEG technology a number of versions have been documented and various trials implemented using various versions of the specifications. At the time of the publication of this Technical Specification, the original parts are fully inter-workable and no specific dependencies exist. Now, however, at least for TPEG1-TEC, profiles are used to define which Applications should be used together. For example TPEG1-TEC is used only with TPEG1-LRC containing DLR1 and never with TPEG1-LOC.

Intelligent transport systems — Traffic and Travel Information (TTI) via transport protocol experts group, generation 1 (TPEG1) binary data format —

Part 11:

Location Referencing Container (TPEG1-LRC)

1 Scope

This Technical Specification establishes the method of signalling the specific location referencing used by all TPEG1 applications that require detailed location information to be delivered to client devices such as TPEG1-RTM, TPEG1-PTI, TPEG1-TEC or TPEG1-PKI. The TPEG1-Location Referencing Container (TPEG1-LRC) is described, as well as how it is used to signal which specific location referencing method is in use for a particular TPEG Message. It is able to handle Location Referencing methods that are external to ISO/TS 18234 (all parts) and the internal location referencing method (TPEG1-LOC) defined in ISO/TS 18234-6.

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2 Normative references

SIST-TS CEN ISO/TS 18234-11:2013

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 639-1:2002, *Codes for the representation of names of languages — Part 1: Alpha-2 code*

ISO 3166-1:2006, *Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions — Part 1: Country codes*

ISO 4217:2008, *Codes for the representation of currencies and funds*

ISO 17572-2:2008, *Intelligent transport systems (ITS) — Location referencing for geographic databases — Part 2: Pre-coded location references (pre-coded profile)*

ISO 17572-3:2008, *Intelligent transport systems (ITS) — Location referencing for geographic databases — Part 3: Dynamic location references (dynamic profile)*

ISO/TS 18234-2:2006, *Traffic and Travel Information (TTI) — TTI via Transport Protocol Expert Group (TPEG) data-streams — Part 2: Syntax, Semantics and Framing Structure (SSF)*

ISO/TS 18234-3:2006, *Traffic and Travel Information (TTI) — TTI via Transport Protocol Expert Group (TPEG) data-streams — Part 3: Service and Network Information (SNI) application*

ISO/TS 18234-6:2006, *Traffic and Travel Information (TTI) — TTI via Transport Protocol Expert Group (TPEG) data-streams — Part 6: Location referencing applications*

IEC 60559:1989, *Binary floating-point arithmetic for microprocessor systems*

ISO/TS 18234-11:2013(E)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purpose of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

NOTE Digital map-based systems, either on the message generation side or the client (end-user) side tend to be based upon road mapping rather than, for example, rail track mapping. Therefore, throughout ISO/TS 18234 (all parts) there is a tendency to use roads as examples. However, roads are not necessarily implied, so the use and context of an element must be clarified.

3.1

dynamic location reference

location reference generated on the fly based on geographic properties in a digital map database

3.2

location referencing

means to provide information that allows a system to identify a location accurately

Note 1 to entry: The content of a location reference allows the location to be presented in a plain-language manner directly to the end-user (i.e. text, speech or icons) or to be used for navigational purposes, for example, for map-based systems.

3.3

location referencing container

concept applied to the grouping of all the location referencing elements of a TPEG Message together in one place

Note 1 to entry: Many TPEG applications are designed to deliver TPEG messages, which consist of three high level containers, each with one or more elements. These containers are for message management, event information and location referencing information. Note that some special application messages do NOT include a location referencing container, such as a cancellation message. It should also be noted that each container does not necessarily have all possible lower level elements included.

Figure 1 shows the “container view” structure used, for example, when a TPEG1-RTM (See ISO/TS 18234-4) application message is generated to describe a road event and location references need to be given to the end-user.

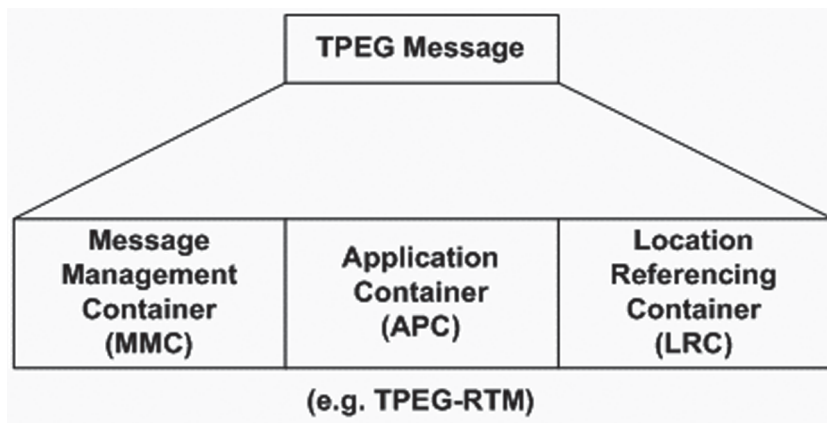


Figure 1 — The “container view” of a TPEG Message

The main purpose of the location referencing container is to provide both human understandable and machine-readable elements to appropriate client decoders. It may be delivered to a “thin client”, which for example is only able to convey limited location referencing information to the end-user, or it may be delivered to a “thick client” using a considerable number of elements and using considerable processing power to filter the information for a comprehensive display to an end-user.

3.4**message**

collection of coherent information sent through the information channel describing an event, a collection of related events, or status information and including message management information

3.5**pre-coded location reference**

location reference using a unique identifier that is agreed upon in both sender and receiver systems to select a location from a set of pre-coded locations

3.6**TPEG-LOC****TPEG Location**

native TPEG location referencing method focused on providing location references for various TPEG applications, which are designed for delivering messages to end-users

Note 1 to entry: Since TPEG-LOC is designed for delivering messages to end-users, some definitions have a meaning which is different from that found in other location referencing systems.

Note 2 to entry: An important aspect of the TPEG-LOC referencing method is that a location description may be created on-the-fly by the service provider when needed. It may then be interpreted and used by the TPEG-decoder, and then discarded. The pre-creation of codes and the use of a database and code maintenance is entirely avoided.

4 Abbreviations

For the purposes of this document, the following abbreviations apply.

CEN	Comité Européen de Normalisation
EBU	European Broadcasting Union
ETL	Extended TMC Location Reference
GLR	Geographical Location Reference
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
OSI	Open Systems Interconnection
RTM	Road Traffic Message
SSF	Syntax, Semantics and Framing Structures
TISA	Traveller Information Services Association
TPEG	Transport Protocol Experts Group
TTI	Traffic and Travel Information
VICS	Vehicle Information and Communication System

NOTE Real-time road traffic information system providing congestion and regulation information developed and deployed by Japan.