INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

150/IEC 15054

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Information technology —
Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network —
Inter-exchange signalling protocol —
Call Interception additional network
iTeh STfeature RD PREVIEW

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote **DPREVIEW**

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 15054 was prepared by ECMA (as ECMA-221) and was adopted, under a special "fast-track procedure", by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 4, Information technology, in parallel with its approval by national bodies of ISO and IEC. 2ab715cd8ae7/iso-iec-15054-2003

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 15054:1997), which has been technically revised.

ISO/IEC 15054:2003(E)

Introduction

This International Standard is one of a series of Standards defining services and signalling protocols applicable to Private Integrated Services Networks (PISNs). The series uses ISDN concepts as developed by ITU-T and conforms to the framework of International Standards for Open Systems Interconnection as defined by ISO/IEC.

This International Standard specifies the signalling protocol for use at the Q reference point in support of the Call Interception additional network feature. The protocol defined in this International Standard forms part of the PSS1 protocol (informally known as QSIG).

This International Standard is based upon the practical experience of ECMA member companies and the results of their active and continuous participation in the work of ISO/IEC JTC 1, ITU-T, ETSI and other international and national standardization bodies. It represents a pragmatic and widely based consensus.

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Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network — Inter-exchange signalling protocol — Call Interception additional network feature

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the signalling protocol for the support of the additional network feature Call Interception (ANF-CINT) at the Q reference point between Private Integrated services Network eXchanges (PINX) connected together within a Private Integrated Services Network (PISN).

ANF-CINT is an additional network feature which enables calls that cannot be completed due to certain conditions to be redirected to a predetermined intercepted-to user.

The Q reference point is defined in ISO/IEC 11579-1.

Service specifications are produced in three stages and according to the method specified in ETS 300 387. This International Standard contains the stage 3 specification for the Q reference point and satisfies the requirements identified by the stage 1 and stage 2 specifications in ISO/IEC 15053.

The signalling protocol for ANF-CINT operates on top of the signalling protocol for basic circuit switched call control, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, and uses certain aspects of the generic procedures for the control of supplementary services specified in ISO/IEC 11582.

This International Standard also specifies additional signalling protocol requirements for the support of interactions at the Q reference point between ANF-CINT and other supplementary services and ANFs.

NOTE - Additional interactions that have no impact on the signalling protocol at the Q-reference point can be found in the relevant stage 1 specifications.

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This International Standard is applicable to PINXs which can interconnect to form a PISN.

2 Conformance

In order to conform to this International Standard, a PINX shall satisfy the requirements identified in the Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma in annex A.

Conformance to this International Standard includes conforming to those clauses that specify protocol interactions between ANF-CINT and other supplementary services and ANFs for which signalling protocols at the Q reference point are supported in accordance with the stage 3 standards concerned.

3 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 11572:2000, Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Circuit mode bearer services - Inter-exchange signalling procedures and protocol

ISO/IEC 11574:2000, Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Circuit-mode 64 kbit/s bearer services - Service description, functional capabilities and information flows

ISO/IEC 11579-1:1994, Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private integrated services network - Part 1: Reference configuration for PISN Exchanges (PINX)

ISO/IEC 11582:2002, Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Generic functional protocol for the support of supplementary services - Inter-exchange signalling procedures and protocol

ISO/IEC 13868:2003, Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Name Identification supplementary services

ISO/IEC 13869:2003, Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Call Transfer supplementary service

ISO/IEC 13870:2003, Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Call Completion supplementary services

ISO/IEC 13873:2003, Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Call Diversion supplementary services

ISO/IEC 15050:2003, Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Advice Of Charge supplementary services

ISO/IEC 15052:2003, Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Recall supplementary service

ISO/IEC 15053:2003, Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Specification, functional model and information flows - Call Interception additional network feature

ETS 300 387:1994, Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Method for the specification of basic and supplementary services

ITU-T Rec. I.112:1993, Vocabulary of terms for ISDNs

ITU-T Rec. I.210:1993, Principles of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and the means to describe them

ITU-T Rec. Z.100:1999, Specification and description language (SDL) (Standards.iteh.ai)

4 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

4.1 External definitions

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/df7d231a-ea5c-41ec-b142-

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This International Standard uses the following terms defined in other documents:

-	Application Protocol Data Unit (APDU)	(ISO/IEC 11582)
-	Basic Service	(ITU-T Rec. I.210)
-	Call, Basic Call	(ISO/IEC 11582)
-	End PINX	(ISO/IEC 11582)
_	Incoming Gateway PINX	(ISO/IEC 11572)
_	Outgoing Gateway PINX	(ISO/IEC 11572)
_	Originating PINX	(ISO/IEC 11572)
-	Preceding PINX	(ISO/IEC 11572)
-	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN)	(ISO/IEC 11579-1)
-	Private Integrated services Network eXchange (PINX)	(ISO/IEC 11579-1)
-	Signalling	(ITU-T Rec. I.112)
-	Subsequent PINX	(ISO/IEC 11572)
-	Supplementary Service	(ITU-T Rec. I.210)
_	Supplementary Service Control Entity	(ISO/IEC 11582)
_	Terminating PINX	(ISO/IEC 11572)
_	Transit PINX	(ISO/IEC 11572)
_	User	(ISO/IEC 11574)

4.2 Other definitions

4.2.1 Forward switching

Network routeing algorithm which performs the interception by joining together the first connection from the calling user to the Intercepting PINX and the new connection from the Intercepting PINX to the intercepted-to user.

4.2.2 Intercepting PINX

The PINX where the interception is invoked.

4.2.3 Intercepted-to PINX

The PINX serving the intercepted-to user.

4.2.4 Intercepted-to user

The user to whom the intercepted call is directed.

4.2.5 Interception immediate

The redirection of a call to an alternative destination as a result of detecting a call failure condition that prevents the call reaching an alerting or waiting on busy state.

4.2.6 Interception delayed

The redirection of a call to an alternative destination as a result of remaining too long in an alerting or waiting on busy state.

4.2.7 Call failure

In the context of a particular PINX, the inability to route a call or, having routed a call, the receipt of a call clearing message from the Subsequent PINX without the call having reached an alerting or waiting on busy state.

4.2.8 Waiting on busy

A call state in which a call is awaiting answer at a user that is busy on another call.

NOTE - This can arise, for example, as a result of the use of supplementary service Call Offer (SS-CO) during call establishment. A call that is waiting on busy can be transferred.

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5 List of acronyms

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ANF Additional Network Feature
APDU Application Protocol Data Unit
ASN.1 Abstract Syntax Notation no. 1

CINT Call Interception

ISDN Integrated Services Digital Network

NFE Network Facility Extension

PICS Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
PINX Private Integrated services Network eXchange

PISN Private Integrated Services Network
SDL Specification and Description Language

SS Supplementary Services

6 Signalling protocol for the support of ANF-CINT

6.1 ANF-CINT description

ANF-CINT is invoked for an unanswered or unsuccessful call, allowing the call to be routed to a special destination in the PISN. The special destination may be dependant of the interception cause.

The conditions leading to invocation of ANF-CINT are considered as implementation options. Examples of factors that can be taken in to account are:

- the source of the call (e.g. the geographic location of the calling user, the network from which the call has entered the PISN);
- the particular interception cause;
- the type of connection (e.g. the originating user is an attendant);
- the call destination;
- time of the day.

6.2 ANF-CINT operational requirements

6.2.1 Requirements on an Originating PINX

Call establishment procedures for the outgoing side of an inter-PINX link and call release procedures, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call-related control of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for an End PINX, shall apply.

6.2.2 Requirements on a Terminating PINX

Call establishment procedures for the incoming side of an inter-PINX link and call release procedures, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call-related control of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for an End PINX, shall apply.

6.2.3 Requirements on an Intercepted-to PINX tandards.iteh.ai)

Call establishment procedures for the incoming side of an inter-PINX link and call release procedures, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, shall apply.

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Generic procedures for the call-related control of supplementary services as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for an End PINX, shall apply.

6.2.4 Requirements on a Transit PINX

Basic call procedures for call establishment and call clearing at a Transit PINX, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call-related control of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for a Transit PINX, shall apply.

6.2.5 Requirements on an Intercepting PINX

Call establishment procedures for the outgoing side of an inter-PINX link and call release procedures, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call-related control of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for an End PINX, shall apply.

Where, as a result of invocation of ANF-CINT, an Intercepting PINX can become a Transit PINX, generic procedures for the call-related control of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for a Transit PINX, shall apply.

6.3 **ANF-CINT coding requirements**

6.3.1 **Operations**

The operations defined in Abstract Syntax Notation number 1 (ASN.1) in table 1 shall apply. The notation is in accordance with ITU-T Rec. X.680 and X.690. The ITU-T Rec. X.208 and X.209 superseded version is in annex D.

In addition the operation diverting Leg Information 3, as defined in ISO/IEC 13873, shall apply.

Table 1 - Operations in Support of ANF-CINT

Call-Interception-Operations-asn1-97 (iso (1) standard (0) pss1-cint (15054) cint-operations-asn1-97 (1) }

DEFINITIONS EXPLICIT TAGS ::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS OPERATION, ERROR FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects

{joint-iso-itu-t (2) remote-operations (4) informationObjects (5) version1(0)}

EXTENSION, Extension() FROM Manufacturer-specific-service-extension-class-asn1-97

(iso (1) standard (0) pss1-generic-procedures (11582) msi-class-asn1-97 (11)}

PartyNumber, PresentedNumberUnscreened, PresentationAllowedIndicator

FROM Addressing-Data-Elements-asn1-97

(iso (1) standard (0) pss1-generic-procedures (11582) addressing-data-elements-asn1-97 (20)}

Name FROM Name-Operations-asr1-97

(iso (1) standard (0) pss1-name (13868) name-operations-asn1-97 (1));

Call-Interception-Operations OPERATION ::= { cintLegInformation1 | cintLegInformation2 | cintCondition | cintDisable | cintEnable}

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cintLegInformation1 OPERATION ::= {

-- Sent from the Intercepting PINX to the Originating PINX --

ARGUMENT CintInformation1Arg

RETURN RESULT **FALSE** ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE CODE local: 66}

cintLegInformation2 OPERATION ::= {

-- Sent from the Intercepting PINX to the Intercepted-to PINX --

ARGUMENT CintInformation2Arg

RETURN RESULT **FALSE** ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE CODE local: 67}

Table 1 - Operations in Support of ANF-CINT (continued)

```
OPERATION ::= {
cintCondition
                            -- Sent to a preceding PINX to indicate a condition for possible interception
                            ARGUMENT
                                                  CintCondArg
                            RETURN RESULT
                                                  FALSE
                            ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
                            CODE
                                                  local: 68}
cintDisable
                     OPERATION ::= {
                            -- Sent to a Preceding PINX to disable interception delayed --
                                           CintExtension
                            ARGUMENT
                            RETURN RESULT
                                                  FALSE
                            ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
                                                  local: 69}
                            CODE
cintEnable
                     OPERATION ::= {
                            -- Sent to a Preceding PINX to reenable interception --
                            ARGUMENT CintExtension
                            RETURN RESULT
                                                  FALSE
                            ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
                                                  local: 70}
                            CODE
CintInformation1Arg
                            SEQUENCE
                            άTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
                                                         CintCause,
                            interceptionCause
                            intercepted To Number 2 rds.
                                                         PartyNumber,
                                                         CintExtension OPTIONAL
                            extension
                                             ISO/IEC 15054:2003
                          https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/df7d231a-ea5c-41ec-b142-
CintInformation2Arg
                                        2ab715cd8ae7/iso-iec-15054-2003
                            interceptionCause
                                                  CintCause.
                            calledNumber
                                                  [1]PresentedNumberUnscreened OPTIONAL,
                            originalCalledNumber
                                                  [2]PresentedNumberUnscreened OPTIONAL,
                            calledName
                                                  [3]Name OPTIONAL,
                            originalCalledName
                                                  [4]Name OPTIONAL,
                            extension
                                                  CintExtension OPTIONAL
                            }
CintCondArg
                            SEQUENCE
                     ::=
                            interceptionCause
                                                  Condition,
                            originalCalledNumber
                                                  [1]PresentedNumberUnscreened OPTIONAL,
                            calledName
                                                  [2]Name OPTIONAL.
                            originalCalledName
                                                  [3]Name OPTIONAL.
                            extension
                                                  CintExtension OPTIONAL
                            }
                            CHOICE
CintExtension
                     ::=
                            none
                                           NULL,
                                           [5] IMPLICIT Extension{{CINTExtSet}},
                            single
                                           [6] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension{{CINTExtSet}}
                            multiple
```

Table 1 - Operations in Support of ANF-CINT (concluded)

0: 10		NITECED (
CintCause	::=	INTEGER {	(0)				
		unknown	(0),	ar ar an			
		cintBnan	(1),	timeout in waiting on busy condition			
		cintBus	(2),	busy user			
		cintCug	(3),	closed user group rejection			
		cintDnd	(4),	do not disturb activated			
		cintlbd	(5),	incoming barred destination			
		cintlnn	(6),	invalid number			
		cintMob1	(7),	mobile user location not known			
		cintMob2	(8),	mobile user no longer registered			
		cintMob3	(9),	mobile terminal not responding			
		cintNcmp	(10),	no compatible destination			
		cintNcong	(11),	network congestion			
		cintNre	(12),	no reply (i.e. timeout during alerting)			
		cintOos	(13),	called user out of service			
		cintRrs	(14),	route restriction (calling user not authorized for			
				the route)			
		cintTbnan	(15),	timeout in wait on busy condition after transfer			
		cintTnre	(16),	no reply after transfer (i.e. timeout during alerting			
				after transfer			
		cintTrans	(17),	upper limit of transit counter reached			
		cintUpl	_(18),	upper limit of number of diversions reached			
		cintlnvDiv	(19),	invalid call diversion destination			
		cintHold	(20)	timeout after call hold			
		} (0127)	stan	dards.iteh.ai)			
			IC	O. IEEG 15054 2002			
Condition	::=	INTEGER {		<u>O/IEC 15054:2003</u>			
		https://standards.it unknown	eh akcatak	og/standards/sist/df7d231a-ea5c-41ec-b142- d8ae7/iso-jec-15054-2003 - busy user			
		cintBus	2ab (15co	d8ae //so-jec-15054-2003 busy user			
		cintCug	(3),	closed user group rejection			
		cintDnd	(4),	do not disturb activated			
		cintlbd	(5),	incoming barred destination			
		cintlnn	(6),	invalid number			
		cintMob1	(7),	mobile user location not known			
		cintMob2	(8),	mobile user no longer registered			
		cintMob3	(9),	mobile terminal not responding			
		cintNcmp	(10),	no compatible destination			
		cintNcong	(11),	network congestion			
		cintOos	(13),	called user out of service			
		cintRrs	(14),	route restriction (calling user not authorized for			
		-	` '/'	the route			
		cintTrans	(17),	upper limit of transit counter reached			
		cintUpl	(18),	upper limit of number of diversions			
			(/,	reached			
		cintInvDiv	(19)	invalid call diversion destination			
		} (0127)	()	2 33 3 3.5 3.5 3.5			
CINTExtSet E	XTENSI	ON ::= {}					
END of C	Call-Interd	ception-Operation	ns-asn1-	97			

6.3.2 Information elements

6.3.2.1 Facility information element

The operations defined in 6.3.1 shall be coded in the Facility information element in accordance with ISO/IEC 11582.

When conveying the invoke APDU of the operations defined in 6.3.1 except for cintCondition, the destinationEntity data element of the NFE shall contain value endPINX.

When conveying the invoke APDU of operation cintCondition, the destinationEntity data element of the NFE shall contain value anyTypeOfPINX.

When conveying invoke APDUs of the operations defined in 6.3.1. the Interpretation APDU shall be included and shall contain the value discardAnyUnrecognisedInvokePdu.

6.3.2.2 Other information elements

Any other information elements (e.g. Progress indicator, Calling party number) shall be coded in accordance with the rules of ISO/IEC 11572.

6.3.3 Messages

The Facility information element shall be conveyed in the messages specified in clause 10 of ISO/IEC 11582. The basic call messages shall be used for call establishment and release as specified in ISO/IEC 11572.

6.4 ANF-CINT state definitions

6.4.1 States at the Originating PINX

The procedures for the Originating PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-CINT Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with a particular call.

6.4.1.1 State CINT-orig-idle

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Call interception is not in progress.

6.4.2 States at the Intercepting PINX

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The procedures for the Intercepting PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-CINT Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with a particular call.

6.4.2.1 State CINT-intrcp-idle

Call interception is not in progress.

6.4.2.2 State CINT-intercepting

Interception delayed is in progress.

6.4.3 States at the Intercepted-to PINX

The procedures for the Intercepted-to PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-CINT Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with a particular call.

6.4.3.1 State CINT-intrcpto-idle

ANF-CINT is not in progress.

6.4.3.2 State CINT-intrcpto-presented

An intercepted call has arrived and the PINX is waiting for valid presentation restriction information to become available.

6.4.4 States at a Transit PINX

6.4.4.1 State CINT-transit-idle

ANF-CINT is not in progress.

6.4.5 States at the Terminating PINX

6.4.5.1 State CINT-term-idle

ANF-CINT is not in progress.

6.5 ANF-CINT Signalling procedures for activation, deactivation, registration and interrogation

Not applicable.

6.6 ANF-CINT Signalling procedures for invocation and operation

Examples of message sequences are shown in annex B.

6.6.1 Actions at a Terminating PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Terminating PINX is shown in C.4 of annex C.

If call failure is detected, the Terminating PINX, instead of initiating call clearing towards the preceding PINX, may invoke interception immediate in accordance with the procedures of 6.6.4.

If call failure is detected and interception immediate is not invoked, the Terminating PINX may send a cintCondition invoke APDU in the DISCONNECT message or, if an in-band tone or announcement is applied, in the PROGRESS message.

When the Terminating PINX sends an ALERTING, PROGRESS or FACILITY message indicating that the call is entering an alerting or waiting on busy state and if the Terminating PINX is to become the Intercepting PINX for interception delayed, it shall:

- i) send a cintDisable invoke APDU in the ALERTING, PROGRESS or FACILITY message; and
- ii) if the call remains unanswered for an implementation-dependent length of time, invoke interception delayed in accordance with the procedures of 6.6.5.

NOTE - The sending of a cintDisable invoke APDU prevents another PINX becoming the Intercepting PINX.

When a call enters an alerting or waiting on busy state, if the Terminating PINX is not to become the Intercepting PINX and requires that interception delayed be disabled, it shall send a cintDisable invoke APDU in the ALERTING, PROGRESS or FACILITY message.

During an alerting or waiting on busy state, if a cintDisable invoke APDU has previously been sent and there is a need to reenable interception delayed, then a cintEnable invoke APDU shall be sent in a FACILITY or ALERTING message.

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6.6.2 Actions at a Transit PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Transit PINX is shown in C.5 of annex C.

On receipt of a cintCondition invoke APDU from the subsequent PINX in conjunction with a call failure, a Transit PINX may take note of the condition indicated with a view to possible interception immediate.

If call failure is detected, whether or not a cintCondition invoke APDU has been received, a Transit PINX, instead of continuing call clearing towards the Preceding PINX, may invoke interception immediate in accordance with the procedures of 6.6.4, provided that the Transit PINX has not already relayed on any APDUs from the Subsequent PINX to the Preceding PINX.

If call failure is detected, interception immediate is not invoked and a cintCondition invoke APDU has been received from the Subsequent PINX, a cintCondition invoke APDU containing the same interception cause shall be sent in the DISCONNECT or PROGRESS message, as received from the Subsequent PINX, to the Preceding PINX. If call failure is detected, interception immediate is not invoked and a cintCondition invoke APDU has not been received from the Subsequent PINX, a cintCondition invoke APDU may be sent in the DISCONNECT message to the Preceding PINX.

6.6.3 Actions at the Originating PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Originating PINX is shown in C.1 of annex C.

On receipt of a cintCondition invoke APDU from the subsequent PINX in conjunction with a call failure, the Originating PINX may take note of the condition indicated with a view to possible interception immediate.

If call failure is detected, whether or not a cintCondition invoke APDU has been received, the Originating PINX may, instead of indicating call failure to the calling user, invoke interception immediate in accordance with the procedures of 6.6.4.

On receipt of a cintDisable invoke APDU in an ALERTING, PROGRESS or FACILITY message, the Originating PINX shall disable interception delayed for the call concerned.

On receipt of a cintEnable invoke APDU in a FACILITY or ALERTING message, the Originating PINX shall cancel the effect of any previously received cintDisable invoke APDU.

When a call remains unanswered in an alerting or waiting on busy state for an implementation-dependent length of time, the Originating PINX may invoke interception delayed in accordance with the procedures of 6.6.5, provided that interception delayed is not disabled.