INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 16160

Second edition 2005-02-15

Continuously hot-rolled steel sheet products — Dimensional and shape tolerances

Tôles en acier laminées à chaud en continu — Tolérances sur dimensions et forme

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ISO 16160:2005 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/97cc0972-d0fc-4d6a-92cd-647d66624fa3/iso-16160-2005



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Foreword

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 16160 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, Steel, Subcommittee SC 12, Continuous mill flat rolled products.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 16160:2000), which has been technically revised.

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Continuously hot-rolled steel sheet products — Dimensional and shape tolerances

1 Scope

This International Standard applies to dimensional and shape tolerances for all continuously hot-rolled steel sheet products.

Note Hot-rolled steel strip and hot-rolled heavy thickness steel sheet coils are not covered by this International Standard.

2 Dimensional tolerances

Dimensional tolerances are given in Tables 1 to 9:

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Table 1 — Normal thickness tolerances for hot-rolled sheet steel (including descaled sheet), coils and cut lengths

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Specified width	https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards.									
	0,8 1,5	> 1,5 \leqslant 2,0	$>$ 2,0 \leqslant 2,5	$>2.5\leqslant3.0$	$>3.0\leqslant4.0$	$>4.0\leqslant5.0$	> 5,0 \leqslant 6,0	$>6.0\leqslant8.0$	> 8,0 \leqslant 10,0	> 10,0 \leqslant 12,5
600 ≤ 1 200	± 0,15	± 0,17	± 0,18	± 0,20	± 0,22	± 0,24	± 0,26	± 0,29	± 0,32	± 0,35
> 1 200 ≤ 1 500	± 0,17	± 0,19	± 0,21	± 0,22	± 0,24	± 0,26	± 0,28	± 0,30	± 0,33	± 0,36
> 1 500 ≤ 1 800	_	± 0,21	± 0,23	± 0,24	± 0,26	± 0,28	± 0,29	± 0,31	± 0,34	± 0,37
> 1 800	_	_	± 0,25	± 0,26	± 0,27	± 0,29	± 0,31	± 0,35	± 0,40	± 0,43

The values specified do not apply to the uncropped ends for a total length "l" of a mill edge coil. The total length "l" would be calculated using the following formula:

Total length "l" in metres = $\frac{90}{\text{Thickness in millimetres}}$

Provided that the result was not greater than 20 m, inclusive of both ends.

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a For specified strength levels of Re = 360 N/mm² and greater, increase the thickness tolerances by 10 % applying normal rounding-off procedures.

b Thickness is measured at any point on the sheet not less than 25 mm from a sheared edge and 40 mm from a mill edge. Points closer than these are subject to negotiation.

Table 2 — Restricted thickness tolerances for hot-rolled sheet steel (including descaled sheet), coils and cut lengths

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Specified width	Thickness tolerance ^a for specified thicknesses ^b									
	0,8 1,5	> 1,5 \le 2,0	> 2,0 \le 2,5	$>$ 2,5 \leqslant 3,0	> 3,0 \leqslant 4,0	$>$ 4,0 \leqslant 5,0	$>$ 5,0 \leqslant 6,0	> 6,0 \leqslant 8,0	> 8,0 \leqslant 10,0	> 10,0 \leqslant 12,5
600 ≤ 1 200	± 0,10	± 0,13	± 0,14	± 0,15	± 0,17	± 0,19	± 0,21	± 0,23	± 0,26	± 0,28
> 1 200 ≤ 1 500	± 0,12	± 0,14	± 0,15	± 0,17	± 0,18	± 0,21	± 0,22	± 0,24	± 0,26	± 0,29
> 1 500 ≤ 1 800	_	± 0,14	± 0,17	± 0,19	± 0,21	± 0,22	± 0,23	± 0,25	± 0,27	± 0,30
> 1 800	_	_	± 0,20	± 0,21	± 0,22	± 0,23	± 0,25	± 0,28	± 0,32	± 0,36

The values specified do not apply to the uncropped ends for a total length "l" of a mill edge coil. The total length "l" would be calculated using the following formula:

Total length "l" in metres = $\frac{90}{\text{Thickness in millimetres}}$

Provided that the result was not greater than 20 m, inclusive of both ends.

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Table 3 — Width tolerances for coils and cut lengths (including descaled material), mill edge

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/97cc097. Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Specified width 647d66624	Tolerance
≤ 1 500	+ 20 0
> 1 500	+ 25 0

The values specified do not apply to the uncropped ends for a total length "l" of a mill edge coil.

Total length "I" would be calculated using the formula:

Total length "I" in metres = $\frac{90}{\text{Thickness in millimetres}}$

Provided that the result was not greater than 20 m, inclusive of both ends.

For specified strength levels of R_P = 360 N/mm² and greater, increase the thickness tolerances by 10 % applying normal rounding-off procedures.

b Thickness is measured at any point on the sheet not less than 25 mm from a sheared edge and 40 mm from a mill edge. Points closer than these are subject to negotiation.

Table 4 — Width tolerances for coils and cut lengths (including descaled material), sheared edge, not resquared

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Specified width	Tolerance		
≤ 1 200	+ 3 0		
> 1 200 ≤ 1 500	+ 5 0		
> 1 500	+ 6 0		
NOTE For resquared material, more restrictive tolerances are subject to negotiation.			

Table 5 — Length tolerances for cut lengths (including descaled material), not resquared

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Specified length	Tolerance
≤ 2 000	+ 10 0
> 2 000 § 8 000 TANDARI	PREVIEW ^{+0,5 %×length} 0
> 8 000 (standards.	iteh.ai) +40 0
NOTE For resquared material, more restrictive tolerances are	subject to negotiation.

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Table 6 — Camber tolerances for coils and cut lengths (including descaled material), not resquared

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Form	Camber tolerance		
Coils	25 in any 5 000 length		
Cut lengths	0,5 % length		

NOTE For resquared material, more restrictive tolerances are subject to negotiation. The values specified do not apply to the uncropped ends of a mill edge coil for a total length of 7 metres. Camber is the greatest deviation of a side edge from a straight line, the measurement being taken on the concave side with a straight edge as shown in Figure 1.

Table 7 — Out-of-square tolerance for cut lengths (including descaled material), not resquared

Dimensions	Out-of-square tolerance		
All thicknesses and all sizes	1 % × width		

NOTE Out-of-square is the greatest deviation of an edge from a straight line, at right angles to a side and touching one corner, the measurement being taken as shown in Figure 2. It can also be measured as one-half the difference between the diagonals of the cut length sheet.

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Table 8 — Out-of-square tolerance for resquared material (including descaled material)

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Specified length	Specified width	Out-of-square tolerance ≼ 6 mm thickness
≤ 3 000	≤ 1 200	+ 2
	> 1 200	+ 3
> 3 000	All widths	+ 3

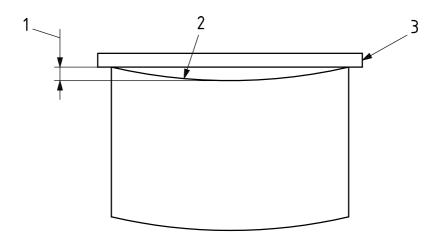
NOTE Out-of-square is the greatest deviation of an edge from a straight line at right angles to a side and touching one corner, the measurement being taken as shown in Figure 2. It can also be measured as one-half the difference between the diagonals of the cut length sheet. When measuring material to resquared tolerances, consideration may have to be given to extreme variations in temperature.

Table 9 — Standard flatness tolerances for cut lengths (including descaled material)

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

		Flatness tolerance				
Specified thickness	Specified width	Specified strength level of R_e				
	Tren ST.	< 220 N/mm ²	220 to 320 N/mm ²	> 320 N/mm ²		
	≤ 1 200 (St	andards.ite	1.21) 26	32		
 	> 1 200 \leqslant 1 500	25	31	38		
	> 1/500 https://standards.iteh.a	ISO 16160:2005 i/catalog/standards/sist/97	cc0972-d0fc-4d6a-92cd-	45		
	≤ 1 200 6	47d66624fa 18 iso-16160-	2005 22	27		
> 2	> 1 200 \leqslant 1 500	23	29	34		
	> 1 500	28	35	42		

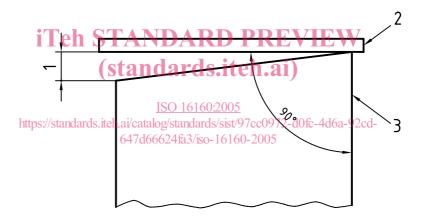
NOTE Maximum deviation from a flat horizontal surface: with the sheet lying under its own weight on a flat surface, the maximum distance between the lower surface of the sheet and the flat horizontal surface is the maximum deviation from flatness as shown in Figure 3. This table also applies to sheet cut to length from coil by the customer when agreed-upon flattening procedures are performed.



Key

- 1 edge camber
- 2 side edge (concave side)
- 3 straight edge

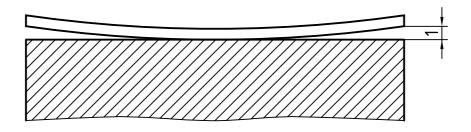
Figure 1 — Measurement of camber



Key

- 1 out-of-square
- 2 straight edge
- 3 side edge

Figure 2 — Measurement of out-of-square



Key

1 maximum deviation from flatness

Figure 3 — Measurement of flatness