

SLOVENSKI STANDARD

SIST EN 572-5:2012

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Nadomešča:

SIST EN 572-5:2004

**Steklo v gradbeništvu - Osnovni izdelki iz natrij-kalcijevega silikatnega stekla - 5.
del: Vzorčasto steklo**

Glass in building - Basic soda lime silicate glass products - Part 5: Patterned glass

Glas im Bauwesen - Basiserzeugnisse aus Kalk-Natron-silikatglas - Teil 5: Ornamentglas

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Verre dans la construction - Produits de base: verre de silicate sodo-calcique - Partie 5:
Verre imprimé

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 572-5:2012

ICS:

81.040.20 Steklo v gradbeništvu Glass in building

SIST EN 572-5:2012 en,fr,de

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**EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

EN 572-5

July 2012

ICS 81.040.20

Supersedes EN 572-5:2004

English Version

**Glass in building - Basic soda lime silicate glass products - Part
2: Patterned glass**

Verre dans la construction - Produits de base: verre de
silicate sodo-calcique - Partie 5: Verre imprimé

Glas im Bauwesen - Basiserzeugnisse aus Kalk-
Natronsilikatglas - Teil 5: Ornamentglas

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 11 May 2012.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
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Foreword

This document (EN 572-5:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 129 "Glass in building", the secretariat of which is held by NBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2013.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 572-5:2004.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

This edition is a revision of EN 572-5:2004. The main change in this edition is a new method of determination of squareness.

This European Standard "Glass in building – Basic soda lime silicate glass products" consists of the following parts:

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- Part 1: Definitions and general physical and mechanical properties;
- Part 2: Float glass; [SIST EN 572-5:2012
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- Part 3: Polished wired glass;
- Part 4: Drawn sheet glass;
- Part 5: Patterned glass;
- Part 6: Wired patterned glass;
- Part 7: Wired or unwired channel shaped glass;
- Part 8: Supplied and final cut sizes;
- Part 9: Evaluation of conformity/Product standard.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies dimensional and minimum quality requirements (in respect of visual and pattern faults) for patterned glass as defined in EN 572-1:2012, for use in building.

This European Standard applies only to patterned glass supplied in rectangular panes and in stock sizes.

EN 572-8 gives information on patterned glass in sizes other than those covered by this European Standard.

2 Normative references

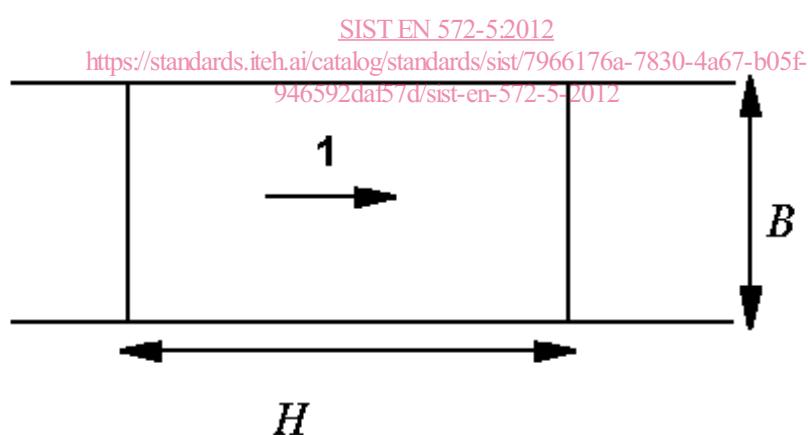
The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 572-1:2012, *Glass in building — Basic soda lime silicate glass products — Part 1: Definitions and general physical and mechanical properties*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 572-1:2012 and the following apply.

3.1 length, H , and width, B
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 defined with reference to the direction of draw of the glass ribbon as shown in Figure 1



Key

1 direction of draw

Figure 1 — Relationship between length, width and direction of draw

3.2

stock sizes

glass delivered in the following sizes:

- nominal length, H : 2 100 mm to 4 500 mm;
- nominal width, B : 1 260 mm to 2 520 mm

Note 1 to entry: The maximum stock sizes available depend on the manufacturer and the pattern.

3.3**visual fault**

fault which alters the visual quality of the glass

Note 1 to entry: Visual faults include spot faults, linear/extended faults and pattern faults.

3.4**spherical or quasi-spherical spot fault**

spot fault whose larger dimension is less than or equal to twice the smaller dimension

3.5**elongated spot fault**

spot fault whose larger dimension is more than twice the smaller dimension

3.6**linear/extended fault**

fault which can be on or in the glass, in the form of deposits, marks or scratches which occupy an extended length or area

3.7**pattern fault**

deviations of the pattern relative to a reference, e.g. line or straight edge

3.8**deviation of the pattern**

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4.1 Thickness

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4.1.1 General

The actual thickness shall be the average of four measurements, taken to the nearest 0,01 mm, one taken at the thickest and closest point to the centre of each side. Measurement shall be by means of an instrument of the plate gauge type with a diameter of (50 ± 5) mm.

NOTE The mechanical resistance of patterned glass is a function of the pattern as well as the thickness.

4.1.2 Tolerances

The actual thickness rounded to the nearest 0,1 mm shall not vary from the nominal thickness by more than the tolerances shown in Table 1.

Table 1 — Tolerances on nominal thickness

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal thickness	Tolerances
3	$\pm 0,5$
4	$\pm 0,5$
5	$\pm 0,5$
6	$\pm 0,5$
8	$\pm 0,8$
10	$\pm 1,0$
12	$\pm 1,5$
14	$\pm 1,5$
15	$\pm 1,5$
19	$\pm 2,0$

4.2 Length, width and squareness

The tolerances, t , on the nominal dimensions length, H , and width, B , are dependant on the thickness of the glass and are shown in Table 2.

Table 2 — Tolerances, t , on length, H , and width, B , according to the nominal thickness of the glass

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal thickness	Tolerances, t
3	SIST EN 572-5:2012 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7966176a-7830-4a67-b05f-946592da57d/sist-en-572-5-2012
4	± 3
5	
6	
8	
10	± 4
12	
14	
15	± 5
19	

The limits of squareness are described by the difference between diagonals. Such limits are given in Table 3.

Table 3 — Limit on the difference between diagonals

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal glass thickness, d	Limit on the difference between diagonals		
	Stock sizes – Splits		
	$(H, B) \leq 1\ 500$	$1\ 500 < (H, B) \leq 3\ 000$	$(H, B) > 3\ 000$
3, 4, 5, 6	3	4	5
8, 10, 12	4	5	6
14, 15, 19	5	6	8

5 Quality requirements

5.1 General

One quality level is considered in this European Standard. This is determined by evaluation of the visual faults.

There are three different types of pattern faults considered which may occur simultaneously. They are shown in Figure 2 and are

- a) out of square,

- b) waviness,

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- c) bow.

5.2 Methods of observation and measurement

5.2.1 Spot and linear/extended faults

The glass pane to be examined is illuminated in conditions approximating to diffuse daylight and is observed in front of a matt grey screen.

Place the pane of glass to be examined vertically 3 m in front of the parallel to the screen. Arrange the point of observation 1,5 m from the glass, keeping the direction of observation normal to the glass surface.

View the pane of glass, and note the presence of the following visually disturbing faults.

- a) Spot faults: Measure the dimensions of these faults with a micrometer with graduations in tenths of a millimetre. Note the number, dimensions and concentration of the spot faults.
- b) Linear/extended faults: Note the number of these faults.

5.2.2 Pattern faults

A reference, e.g. line or straight edge, is placed on the glass as shown in Figure 2. The deviation, x , of the pattern in relation to this reference is measured.