Designation: F 722 – 82 (Reapproved 2004)

An American National Standard

Standard Specification for Welded Joints for Shipboard Piping Systems¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 722; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers typical details of welded joints commonly used in shipboard piping systems. These joints and other joints may be used provided the welding procedures used have been qualified in accordance with the applicable regulatory rules and regulations.
- 1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 Federal Standards:

Code of Federal Regulations Title 46, Shipping, Parats 30 to 40^{2}

Code of Federal Regulations Title 46, Shipping, Parts 41 to 69²

Code of Federal Regulations Title 46, Shipping, Parts 140 to 149²

Rules for Building and Classing Steel Vessels³

3. Application, Service, Limitations, and List of Weld Joint Details

- 3.1 Details of welded joints, including application, service, and limitation notes, are provided in the appropriate figures, as follows:
- 3.1.1 Butt-Welded Joints for Pipes, Valves, Fittings, and Flanges:
 - Fig. 1 Butt Joint, Square
 - Fig. 2 Butt Joint, V-Grooved
 - Fig. 3 Butt Joint, V-Grooved, Welded Both Sides
 - Fig. 4 Butt Joint, Double V-Grooved, Welded Both Sides
- Fig. 5 Butt Joint, Compound Bevel V-Grooved, Welded Both Sides
- ¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F25 on Ships and Marine Technology and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F25.11 on Machinery and Piping Systems.
- Current edition approved Nov. 1, 2004. Published November 2004. Originally approved in 1981. Last previous edition approved in 1998 as F722 82 (1998).
- ² Available from U.S. Government Printing Office Superintendent of Documents, 732 N. Capitol St., NW, Mail Stop: SDE, Washington, DC 20401.
- ³ Available from American Bureau of Shipping (ABS), ABS Plaza, 16855 Northchase Dr., Houston, TX 77060.

- Fig. 6 Butt Joint, V-Grooved, Miter Type
- Fig. 7 Butt Joint, V-Grooved, Welded with Bevel End-Type Backing Ring
- Fig. 8 Butt Joint, Compound Bevel V-Grooved, Welded with Bevel End-Type Backing Ring
- Fig. 9 Butt Joint, V-Grooved Welded with Bevel End Lug-Type Backing Ring
- Fig. 10 Butt Joint, V-Grooved, Welded with Square End-Type Backing Ring
- Fig. 11 Butt Joint, V-Grooved, Welded with Consumable Insert Ring
- Fig. 12 Butt Joint, Compound Bevel V-Grooved, Welded with Consumable Insert Ring
- Fig. 13 Butt Joint, U-Grooved, Welded with Consumable Insert Ring
- Fig. 14 Butt Joint, V-Grooved, Welded with Consumable Insert Ring
- Fig. 15 Butt Joint, Socket Weld to Socket Weld Valve, Fitting or Flange Welded on Pipe Nipple
- Fig. 16 Butt Joint, Transition between Unequal Inside and Outside Diameter Components
 - 3.1.2 Fillet Welded Joints for Valves, Fittings, and Flanges:
 - Fig. 17 Fillet Welded Sleeve-Type Pipe Coupling
 - Fig. 18 Fillet Welded Socket Weld Fitting or Valve
 - Fig. 19 Fillet Welded Socket Weld-Flange
 - Fig. 20 Double Fillet Welded Slip-On Flange (Forged)
 - Fig. 21 Double Fillet Welded Slip-On Flange (Plate Type)
- Fig. 22 Fillet Welded Slip-On Flange (Plate Type), Single Bevel
 - 3.1.3 Fabricated Joints:
 - Fig. 23 Fillet Welded Internal Root Connection
 - Fig. 24 Fillet Welded External Root Connection
- Fig. 25 Fillet Reinforced External Root Connection Single Bevel
- Fig. 26 Fillet Reinforced External Root Connection, Single Bevel, Welded Both Sides
- Fig. 27 Fillet Reinforced External Root Connection, Single Bevel, Welded with Square End Backing Ring
- Fig. 28 Fillet Reinforced Internal Root Connection, Single Bevel, Welded with Square End Backing Ring
 - 3.1.4 Outlet and Boss Connections:

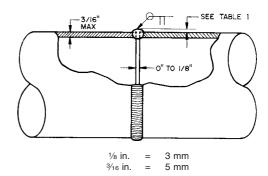
- Fig. 29 Fillet Reinforced Boss Connection Without Pilot, Single Bevel
- Fig. 30 Fillet Reinforced Boss Connection with Pilot, Single Bevel
- Fig. 31 Fillet Reinforced Boss Connection (Couplet) with Integral Backing Ring
- Fig. 32 Fillet Reinforced External Root Connection, Single Bevel with Integrally Reinforced Outlet
- Fig. 33 Fillet Reinforced External Root Connection Welded Both Sides, Single Bevel with Integrally Reinforced Outlet

4. Piping Classifications and Butt Weld Reinforcements

- 4.1 Piping classifications in accordance with Subpart 56.04 of USCG Regulations apply to this specification. For definitions of ABS Group I and II Pipe Connections, see ABS Rules, Section 30, Paragraph 30.13.
- 4.2 Maximum thickness of butt weld reinforcements in accordance with Subpart 56.70, Table 56.70-15, of USCG Regulations are listed in Table 1.

5. Keywords

5.1 backing ring pipe welds; boss connections; flange welds; miter joint weld; pipe welds; root connections; sleeve pipe welds; socket welds; welded joints



Application—Class II piping

Systems or Service--For services such as gravity drains (including plumbing), vents, and overflows.

Remarks—1. Root of weld need not be ground.

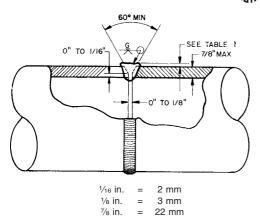
FIG. 1 Butt Joint, Square

TABLE 1 Maximum Butt Weld Reinforcement, in. (mm)

- Note 1—For double-welded butt joints, this limitation on reinforcement given above applies separately to both inside and outside surfaces of the joint.
- Note 2—For single-welded butt joints, the reinforcement limits given above apply to the outside surface of the joint only.
- Note 3— The thickness of weld reinforcement is based on the thickness of the thinner of the materials being joined. Note 4—The weld reinforcement thicknesses must be determined for the higher of the abutting surfaces involved.
- Note 5—For boiler external piping, use the column titled "above 750°F" for weld reinforcement thicknesses.

Note 6—See 4.2.

Nominal Wall Thickness of Pipe or Tube, in.	Maximum Operating Temperature of Piping System, °F (°C)			
	0 to 350 (–18 to 177)	STM F7 to 350 to 750 (177 to 399)	to	Above 750 (399)
Up to 1/8	³ / ₁₆ (5)	³ / ₃₂ (2)	111-1/22-02	1/16 (2)
Over 1/8 to 3/16	3/16 (5)	1/8 (3)		1/16 (2)
Over 3/16 to 1/2	3/16 (5)	5/32 (4)		1/16 (2)
Over ½ to 1	3/16 (5)	3/16 (5)		3/32 (2)
Over 1 to 2	1/4 (6)	1/4 (6)		1/8 (3)
Over 2	greater of 1/4 (6) or 1/8 the width of the	weld greater of 1/4 (6) or 1/8 the width of the weld		5/32 (4)

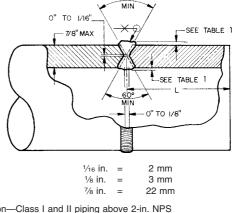


Application-Class II piping

System or Service-All provided root of weld is visually inspected where possible to ensure complete weld penetration.

Remarks—1. For services such as vents, overflows, and gravity drains (including plumbing) the root of the weld need not be ground.

FIG. 2 Butt Joint, V-Grooved



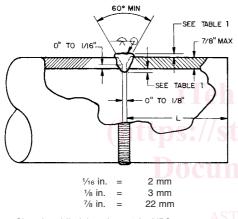
Application—Class I and II piping above 2-in. NPS

System or Service-All

Remarks—1. Internal weld shall be made first and ground, chipped, or cleaned by some other means to assure sound welds.

2. The "L" dimension should be held to a minimum to facilitate welding and inspection on the inside surface of the pipe.

FIG. 4 Butt Joint, Double V-Grooved, Welded Both Sides



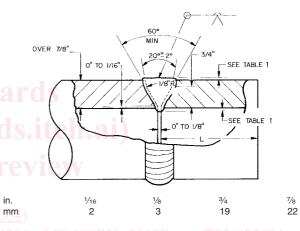
Application—Class I and II piping above 2-in. NPS

System or Service-All

Remarks—1. Internal weld shall be made first and ground, chipped, or cleaned by some other means to assure sound welds.

2. The "L" dimension should be held to a minimum to facilitate welding and inspection on the inside surface of the pipe.

FIG. 3 Butt, Joint, V-Grooved, Welded Both Sides



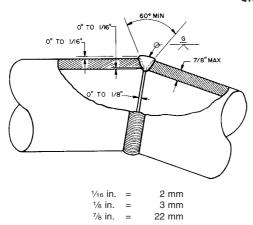
Application—Class I and II piping above 2-in. NPS

Systems or Service—All

Remarks—1. Internal weld shall be made first and ground, chipped, or cleaned by some other means to assure sound welds.

2. The "L" dimension should be held to a minimum to facilitate welding and inspection on the inside surface of the pipe.

FIG. 5 Butt Joint, Compound Bevel V-Grooved, Welded Both **Sides**



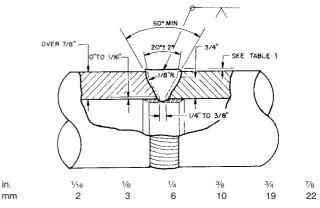
Application-Class II piping where use will not cause objectionable pressure drop or turbulence.

System or Service-All provided root of weld is visually inspected where possible to ensure complete weld penetration.

Remarks—1. For services such as vents, overflows, and gravity drains (including plumbing), the root of the weld need not be ground.

2. Miter segments shall be designed in accordance with ANSI B31.1, paragraph 104.33, and 46 CFR 56.07-10(f).

FIG. 6 Butt Joint, V-Grooved, Miter Type



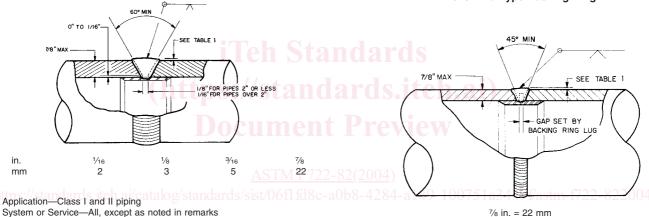
Application-Class I and II piping

System or Service-All, except as noted in remarks

Remarks—1. Backing ring may be tack-welded in place to facilitate fabrication.

- 2. When used in the following services, backing rings shall be removed.
- (A) Lube oil service discharge piping from the lube oil pumps to the reduction gears, HP and LP turbines, and lube oil gravity tank.
- (B) Superheated steam outlet piping from the main boilers to the HP and LP turbines and turbo generators and desuperheated steam from the main boilers to turbine driven main feed pumps.
 - (C) Central hydraulic systems.

FIG. 8 Butt Joint, Compound Bevel V-Grooved, Welded with **Bevel End-Type Backing Ring**



System or Service-All, except as noted in remarks

Remarks—1. Backing ring may be tack-welded in place to facilitate fabrication.

- 2. When used in the following services, backing rings shall be removed.
- (A) Lube oil service discharge piping from the lube oil pumps to the reduction gears, HP and LP turbines, and lube oil gravity tank.
- (B) Superheated steam outlet piping from the main boilers to the HP and LP turbines and turbo generators and desuperheated steam from the main boilers to turbine driven main feed pumps.
 - (C) Central hydraulic systems.

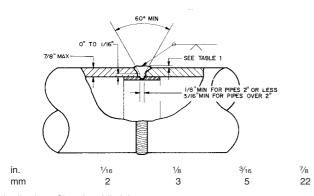
FIG. 7 Butt Joint, V-Grooved, Welded with Bevel End-Type **Backing Ring**

Application-Class I and II piping

Systems or Service-All, except as noted in remarks

- Remarks—1. Backing ring may be tack-welded in place to facilitate fabrication
- 2. When used in the following services, backing rings shall be removed. (A) Lube oil service discharge piping from the lube oil pumps to the reduction
- gears, HP and LP turbines, and lube oil gravity tank. (B) Superheated steam outlet piping from the main boilers to the HP and LP turbines and turbo generators and desuperheated steam from the main boilers to turbine driven main feed pumps.
 - (C) Central hydraulic systems.

FIG. 9 Butt Joint, V-Grooved Welded with Bevel End Lug-Type **Backing Ring**

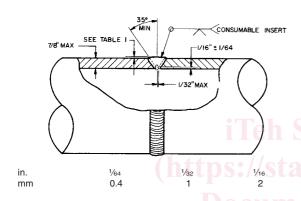


Application—Class I and II piping

Systems or Service-All

Remarks—1. After welding, backing ring shall be machined flush with inside diameter of pipe or fitting.

FIG. 10 Butt Joint, V-Grooved, Welded with Square End-Type Backing Ring

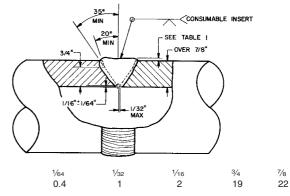


Application—Class I and II piping

System or Service—All

Remarks—1. Internal misalignment of pipes shall not exceed ½ in. (2 mm). 2. Consumable insert ring shall be centered before welding.

FIG. 11 Butt Joint, V-Grooved, Welded with Consumable Insert



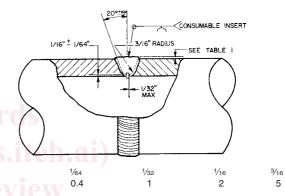
Application-Class I and II piping

System or Service-All

mm

Remarks—1. Internal misalignment of pipes shall not exceed 1/16 in. (2 mm). 2. Consumable insert ring shall be centered before welding.

FIG. 12 Butt Joint, Compound Bevel V-Grooved, Welded with Consumable Insert Ring



Application-Class I and II Piping

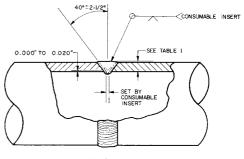
System or Service—All

in.

mm

Remarks—1. Internal misalignment of pipes shall not exceed ½6 in. (2 mm). 2. Consumable insert ring shall be centered before welding.

FIG. 13 Butt Joint, U-Grooved, Welded with Consumable Insert Ring



0.020 in. = 0.51 mm.

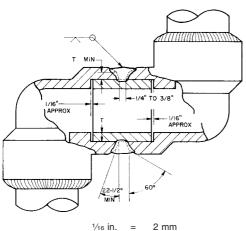
Application—Class I and II piping

System or Service—All

Remarks—1. Internal misalignment of pipes shall not exceed $\frac{1}{2}$ in. (1 mm). 2. Consumable insert ring shall be centered before welding.

FIG. 14 Butt Joint, V-Grooved, Welded with Consumable Insert Ring

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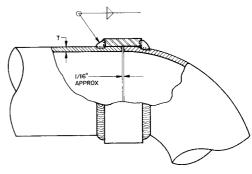
⅓ in. = 2 mm ⅓ in. = 6 mm ⅓ in. = 10 mm

Application—Fittings: See Fig. 18. Flanges: See Fig. 19. System or Service—See Fig. 18 and Fig. 19.

Remarks—1. Size of weld shall be equal to or greater than "T."

- 2. For Class I piping, depth of insertion of the pipe nipple into the fitting shall not be less than % in. (10 mm).
- 3. Weld to be deposited in a minimum of two passes unless specifically approved otherwise in a special procedure qualification.

FIG. 15 Butt Joint, Socket Weld to Socket Weld Valve, Fitting or Flange Welded on Pipe Nipple



1/16 in. = 2 mm

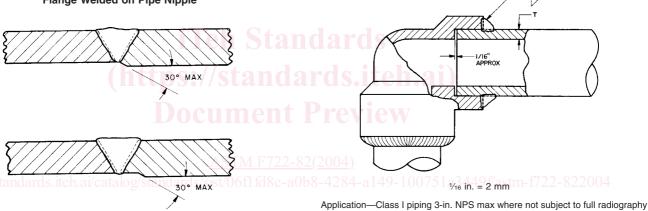
Application—Class I piping 3-in. NPS max where not subject to full radiography by 46 CFR Table 56.95-10. Class II piping all sizes.

Systems or Service—All

Remarks—1. Size of weld shall be 1.4 T min but not less than 1/8 in. (3 mm).

- 2. For Class I piping, depth of insertion of pipe, tube, or fitting in sleeve shall not be less than % in. (10 mm).
- 3. Weld to be deposited in a minimum of two passes unless specifically approved otherwise in a special procedure qualification.
- 4. For Class I piping, the inside diameter of the sleeve shall not exceed the outside diameter of the pipe, tube, or fitting by more than 0.080 in. (2.03 mm).
 - 5. Couplings may be used with flat or beveled end pipes and fitting.

FIG. 17 Fillet Welded Sleeve-Type Pipe Coupling



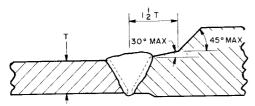


FIG. 16 Butt Joint, Transition Between Unequal Inside and Outside Diameter Components

Application—Class I piping 3-in. NPS max where not subject to full radiograph by 46 CFR Table 56.95-10. Class II piping all sizes.

System or Service—All, except socket welds shall not be used where severe erosion or crevice corrosion is expected to occur.

Remarks—1. Size of weld shall be $1\frac{1}{4}$ T min but not less than $\frac{1}{8}$ in. (3 mm).

- 2. For Class I piping, depth of insertion of pipe or tube into the fitting shall not be less than % in. (10 mm).
- 3. Weld to be deposited in a minimum of two passes unless specifically approved otherwise in a special procedure qualification.

FIG. 18 Fillet Welded Socket Weld Fitting or Valve