## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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# Continuous hot-dip metallic-coated steel sheet for corrugated steel pipe

Tôles en acier revêtues en continu par immersion à chaud pour tuyaux d'acier strié

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO 16172:2006</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a0175e85-8fd4-41da-b927-99634f7957df/iso-16172-2006



Reference number ISO 16172:2006(E)

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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 16172 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, *Steel*, Subcommittee SC 12, *Continuous mill flat rolled products*.

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# Continuous hot-dip metallic-coated steel sheet for corrugated steel pipe

### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the requirements for steel sheet used in the manufacture of corrugated steel pipe for storm sewers, culverts, drains, and similar uses.

The sheet is metallic coated by the continous hot-dip process.

Many metallic coated materials are covered in this International Standard. Users must determine which product best serves their needs. Four different metallic coatings are included:

- zinc coated;
- zinc-5 % aluminum-mischmetal alloy coating;
- 55 % aluminum-zinc alloy coated;
- Al-Si alloy coated.

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The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1460, Metallic coatings — Hot dip galvanized coatings on ferrous materials — Gravimetric determination of the mass per unit area

ISO 2178, Non-magnetic coatings on magnetic substrates — Measurement of coating thickness — Magnetic method

ISO 3497, Metallic coatings — Measurement of coating thickness — X-ray spectrometric methods

ISO 6892:1998, Metallic materials — Tensile testing at ambient temperature

ISO 16163, Continuously hot-dipped coated steel sheet products — Dimensional and shape tolerances

#### 3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations

For the purposes of this document, the following terms, definitions and abbreviations apply.

#### Terms and definitions 3.1

### 3.1.1

### fabricator

(for corrugated metal pipe) the organization that produces the finished pipe

### 3.1.2

### fabricator

(for structural plate pipe) the organization that processes flat sheets and other items necessary for the field assembly of finished products

### 3.1.3

### manufacturer

(for corrugated metal pipe) the organization that produces the metal sheet from which pipe is made

### 3.1.4

### purchaser

(for corrugated metal pipe) the person or agency that purchases the finished pipe

NOTE With regard to this International Standard for sheet for corrugated steel pipe, the fabricator may also be considered as the purchaser of the sheet, where that term is used in this International/Standard. Such an interpretation will not restrict the purchaser of finished pipe from enforcing any provisions of this specification.

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### 3.1.5

### normal spangle coating

coating formed as a result of the unrestricted growth of aluminium alloy crystals during normal solidification of the Zn-5AI-MM coating type https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a0175e85-8fd4-41da-b927-99634f7957df/iso-16172-2006

### 3.1.6

### minimized spangle coating

a finer metallurgical coating formed as a result of treatment to restrict the formation of the normal coarse-grain coating structure of the Zn-5AI-MM coating type

### 3.2 Abbreviations

Al-Si: aluminium-silicon alloy 55AI-Zn: 55 % aluminium-zinc alloy Zn: zinc Zn-5Al-MM: zinc-5 % aluminium-mischmetal alloy

#### Requirements 4

#### Chemical composition 4.1

The chemical composition (heat analysis) of the base metal shall conform to the requirements of Table 1.

#### 4.2 **Mechanical properties**

The metallic-coated sheet shall conform to the requirements listed in Table 2.

-		
Element	Heat analysis	Product analysis
Sulfur, max., %	0,05	0,06
Sum of carbon, manganese, phosphorus, sulfur and silicon, max., %	0,70	0,74

### Table 1 — Chemical composition

### Table 2 — Mechanical requirements (properties of flat sheet prior to fabrication)<sup>a</sup>

Tensile strength <sup>b</sup> , min., N/mm <sup>2</sup>	310
Yield strength <sup>b</sup> , min. N/mm <sup>2</sup>	230
Elongation, in 50 mm <sup>c</sup> , min., %	20

<sup>a</sup> To determine conformance with this specification, round each value for tensile strength and yield strength to the nearest 1 N/mm<sup>2</sup> and each value for elongation to the nearest 1 %.

<sup>b</sup> Yield strength and tensile strength are based on the thickness of the base metal. If tests are made after coating, determine the base metal thickness after stripping the coating from the ends of the specimen contacting the grips of the tension-testing machine prior to tensile testing.

<sup>2</sup> The elongation requirement does not apply to material tested after corrugating.

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## 5 Coating requirements (standards.iteh.ai)

### 5.1 Coating mass

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The coating mass shall comply with the requirements listed in Table 3. The coating mass is the total amount of coating on both sides of the sheet, expressed in grams per square metre.

### 5.2 Coating adhesion

The adhesion of the coating shall be such that no peeling or flaking occurs while the coated sheet is being corrugated and formed into pipe.

### 5.3 Surface treatment

A chemical treatment may be applied to the metallic-coated sheet to minimize the hazard of wet storage stain during shipment and storage. However, the inhibiting characteristics of the treatment are limited and, if a shipment is received wet, the material shall be used immediately or dried.

	Coating mass total, both sides		Equivalent coating thickness total, both sides <sup>a</sup>	
Туре				
	Triple spot, average, min.	Single spot, min.	Triple spot, average, min.	Single spot, min.
	g/m <sup>2</sup>	g/m <sup>2</sup>	μm	μm
Zn	610	550	86	78
Zn-5AI-MM	640	550	93	80
55AI-Zn	210	180	56	48
Al-Si	305	275	95	86

### Table 3 — Coating mass requirements

6 Dimension and tolerances

### 6.1 Thickness

Sheet thickness shall conform to the dimensions specified in Table 4. The thickness of the sheet includes both the base metal and the coating. iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

### 6.2 Length

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Permissible variations in the length of cut-length sheets, both flat, and corrugated, shall be in accordance with ISO 16163. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a0175e85-8fd4-41da-b927-

99634f7957df/iso-16172-2006

### 6.3 Flat sheet

Permissible variations in the width and camber of flat material shall be in accordance with ISO 16163. The flatness tolerances are given in Table 5.

### 6.4 Corrugated sheet

**6.4.1** Corrugations shall form smooth continuous curves and tangents. The dimensions of the corrugated sheet shall be in accordance with Table 6.

**6.4.2** The covering width of corrugated sheet shall be in accordance with Table 7. The covering width is the distance between the crests of the extreme corrugations. The lip dimension of corrugated sheet shall be in accordance with Table 8 and is measured along the radial curvature from the crest of the corrugation to the edge of the sheet. There is no established tolerance for overall width, since the covering width and lip dimensions are the governing factors for the formed product.

Specified thickness	Minimum thickness
mm	mm
1,0	0,9
1,3	1,2
1,6	1,5
2,0	1,8
2,8	2,6
3,5	3,3
4,3 <sup>a</sup>	4,0

### Table 4 — Coated-steel-sheet thickness requirements

<sup>a</sup> Aluminium-silicon-alloy-coated sheet is not available in these thicknesses.

NOTE Thickness is measured not less than 10 mm from an edge. On corrugated sheet, thickness is measured on the tangents of corrugations.

### 7 Sampling

### 7.1 Chemical composition **11eh STANDARD PREVIEW**

A heat analysis of each heat shall be made by the manufacturer to determine compliance with the requirements of Table 1. (Standards.iten.al)

### 7.2 Mechanical properties ISO 16172:2006

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One representative sample is used for the tensile test to determine conformance with the requirements of Table 2. Mechanical property tests shall be conducted on the sheet prior to corrugating or other fabrication, whenever possible. If the tests are made after corrugating, the specimens shall be taken on the tangents of corrugations and used for the determination of tensile and yield strength only.

### 7.3 Coating properties

### 7.3.1 Coating mass

Test specimens for coils shall be taken from a sample piece approximately 300 mm in length on the ascoated width. Three specimens are cut from the sample, one from the mid-width position and one from each side, not closer than 25 mm from the side edge. The minimum specimen area shall be 2 000 mm<sup>2</sup>.

### 7.3.2 Triple-spot test

The triple-spot test result shall be the average coating mass found on the three specimens taken according to 7.3.1.

### 7.3.3 Single-spot test

The single-spot test result shall be the minimum coating mass found on any one of the three specimens used for the triple-spot test.