

SLOVENSKI STANDARD kSIST FprEN 1607:2012

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Toplotnoizolacijski proizvodi za uporabo v gradbeništvu - Ugotavljanje natezne trdnosti v smeri debeline

Thermal insulating products for building applications - Determination of tensile strength perpendicular to faces

Wärmedämmstoffe für das Bauwesen - Bestimmung der Zugfestigkeit senkrecht zur Plattenebene

Produits isolants thermiques destinés aux applications du bâtiment - Détermination de la résistance à la traction perpendiculairement aux faces

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: FprEN 1607

<u>ICS:</u>

91.100.60 Materiali za toplotno in zvočno izolacijo

Thermal and sound insulating materials

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Thermal insulating products for building applications -Determination of tensile strength perpendicular to faces

Produits isolants thermiques destinés aux applications du bâtiment - Détermination de la résistance à la traction perpendiculairement aux faces Wärmedämmstoffe für das Bauwesen - Bestimmung der Zugfestigkeit senkrecht zur Plattenebene

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Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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kSIST FprEN 1607:2012

FprEN 1607:2012 (E)

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Foreword

This document (FprEN 1607:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 88 "Thermal insulating materials and products", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This document is currently submitted to the Unique Acceptance Procedure.

This document will supersede EN 1607:1996.

The revision of this standard contains no major changes only minor corrections and clarifications of editorial nature.

This European Standard is one of a series of standards which specify test methods for determining dimensions and properties of thermal insulating materials and products. It supports a series of product standards for thermal insulating materials and products which derive from the Council Directive of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to construction products (Directive 89/106/EEC) through the consideration of the essential requirements.

This European Standard has been drafted for applications in building, but it may also be used in other areas where it is relevant.

This EN test standard is one of the following group of interrelated standards on test methods for determining dimensions and properties of thermal insulation materials and products, all of which come within the scope of CEN/TC 88:

EN 822, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of length and width

EN 823, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of thickness

EN 824, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of squareness

EN 825, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of flatness

EN 826, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of compression behaviour

EN 1602, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of the apparent density

EN 1603, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of dimensional stability under constant normal laboratory conditions (23 °C/50 % relative humidity)

EN 1604, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of dimensional stability under specified temperature and humidity conditions

EN 1605, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of deformation under specified compressive load and temperature conditions

EN 1606, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of compressive creep

EN 1607, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of tensile strength perpendicular to faces

EN 1608, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of tensile strength parallel to faces

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EN 1609, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of short-term water absorption by partial immersion

EN 12085, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of linear dimensions of test specimens

EN 12086, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of water vapour transmission properties

EN 12087, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of long-term water absorption by immersion

EN 12088, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of long-term water absorption by diffusion

EN 12089, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of bending behaviour

EN 12090, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of shear behaviour

EN 12091, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of freeze-thaw resistance

EN 12429, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Conditioning to moisture equilibrium under specified temperature and humidity conditions

EN 12430, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of behaviour under point load

EN 12431, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of thickness for floating floor insulating products

EN 13793, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of behaviour under cyclic loading

EN 13820, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of organic content

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the equipment and procedures for determining the tensile strength of a product perpendicular to its faces. It is applicable to thermal insulating products.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 12085, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of linear dimensions of test specimens

ISO 5725-1, Accuracy (trueness and precision) of measurement methods and results — Part 1: General principles and definitions

ISO 5725-2, Accuracy (trueness and precision) of measurement methods and results — Part 2: Basic method for the determination of repeatability and reproducibility of a standard measurement method

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following term and definition apply.

3.1

tensile strength perpendicular to faces

 $\sigma_{\rm mt}$

maximum recorded tensile force perpendicular to the product faces during the pulling operation, divided by the cross-sectional area of the test specimen

4 Principle

A test specimen is attached between two rigid plates or blocks, fastened in a tensile testing machine and pulled apart at a given speed.

The maximum tensile force is recorded and the tensile strength of the test specimen is calculated.

5 Apparatus

5.1 Tensile testing machine, appropriate for the range of force and displacement involved, capable of having a constant crosshead speed adjusted to 10 mm/min \pm 10 % and capable of measuring the force to an accuracy of \pm 1 %.

5.2 Rigid plates or blocks, with self-aligning attachment to avoid uneven distribution of tensile stress during the test.

Examples of suitable arrangement to bond the test specimen are shown in Figure 1.

5.3 Adhesive, used to bond the test specimen between the rigid plates or blocks:

- The adhesive shall not reinforce or damage the surface layers of the product.
- Hot adhesives shall be avoided if they damage the product.

— Any solvent used shall be compatible with the product.

NOTE Any test equipment which provides the same result with at least the same accuracy may be used.

6 Test specimens

6.1 Dimensions of test specimens

The thickness of test specimens shall be equal to the original product thickness including any skins, facings and/or coatings.

The test specimens shall be prisms of square cross section having sides of the following recommended dimensions:

Dimensions used shall be as specified in the relevant product standard.

NOTE In the absence of a product standard or any other European technical specification, the dimensions of test specimens may be agreed between parties.

The linear dimensions shall be determined in accordance with EN 12085 to an accuracy of \pm 0,5 %.