



SLOVENSKI STANDARD

SIST-TS CEN ISO/TS 14441:2014

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**Zdravstvena informatika - Zahteve za varnost in zasebnost sistemov EHR
(elektronski zdravstveni zapis) pri ocenjevanju skladnosti (ISO/TS 14441:2013)**

Health informatics - Security and privacy requirements of EHR systems for use in
conformity assessment (ISO/TS 14441:2013)

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Informatique de santé - Sécurité et exigences d'intimité des systèmes de EHR pour
l'évaluation de la conformité (ISO/TS 14441:2013)

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: **CEN ISO/TS 14441:2013**

ICS:

35.240.80

Uporabniške rešitve IT v
zdravstveni tehniki

IT applications in health care
technology

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en,fr,de

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
SPÉCIFICATION TECHNIQUE
TECHNISCHE SPEZIFIKATION

CEN ISO/TS 14441

December 2013

ICS 35.240.80

English Version

**Health informatics - Security and privacy requirements of EHR
systems for use in conformity assessment (ISO/TS 14441:2013)**

Informatique de santé - Sécurité et exigences d'intimité des
systèmes de EHR pour l'évaluation de la conformité
(ISO/TS 14441:2013)

Medizinische Informatik - Sicherheits- und
Datenschutzanforderungen für die Konformitätsprüfung von
EGA-Systemen (ISO/TS 14441:2013)

This Technical Specification (CEN/TS) was approved by CEN on 7 April 2013 for provisional application.

The period of validity of this CEN/TS is limited initially to three years. After two years the members of CEN will be requested to submit their comments, particularly on the question whether the CEN/TS can be converted into a European Standard.

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Foreword

This document (CEN ISO/TS 14441:2013) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215 “Health informatics” in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 251 “Health informatics” the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

**ISO/TS
14441**

First edition
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Health informatics — Security and privacy requirements of EHR systems for use in conformity assessment

*Informatique de santé — Sécurité et exigences d'intimité des systèmes
de EHR pour l'évaluation de la conformité*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

In other circumstances, particularly when there is an urgent market requirement for such documents, a technical committee may decide to publish other types of document:

- an ISO Publicly Available Specification (ISO/PAS) represents an agreement between technical experts in an ISO working group and is accepted for publication if it is approved by more than 50 % of the members of the parent committee casting a vote;
- an ISO Technical Specification (ISO/TS) represents an agreement between the members of a technical committee and is accepted for publication if it is approved by 2/3 of the members of the committee casting a vote.

An ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is reviewed after three years in order to decide whether it will be confirmed for a further three years, revised to become an International Standard, or withdrawn. If the ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is confirmed, it is reviewed again after a further three years, at which time it must either be transformed into an International Standard or be withdrawn.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/TS 14441 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215, *Health informatics*.

Introduction

As local, regional and national EHR infostructures develop, electronic patient record systems are being implemented at the many points of care where patients are seen [point-of-service (POS) clinical systems]. In addition to institutional settings like hospitals, where the systems in various departments (e.g. nursing units) are typically integrated into a single patient record, smaller single purpose systems such as electronic medical records (EMRs) are also being implemented in physician offices and other non-institutional settings such as public health where the sophistication of the systems and the local IT support infrastructure is much less. As countries begin to connect these POS clinical systems to EHR infostructures (or directly exchange clinical information with other POS clinical systems through system-to-system communications), the security and privacy of these systems becomes much more critical and complex than when the systems operated in a disconnected or 'stand-alone' state. To ensure the required standards are implemented correctly into these systems, so that they will securely interact with EHR infostructures and maintain the privacy of patient information, many countries are implementing certification and conformance testing programs to provide objective evidence of conformity with these requirements.

This Technical Specification identifies the security and privacy requirements, harvested from the above mentioned standards and international experiences, which should be in place for conformance testing for interoperable POS clinical (electronic patient record) systems interfacing with EHRs.

The POS clinical systems profiled receive, store, process, display and communicate clinical data and administrative actions, as well as information related to system users (demographics, personal).

The systems are always accessed by authorized and authenticated users. These users are:

- health professionals that input, access and use patient data, clinical procedures, and statistics;
- administrative users that input and read patient's personal and demographics data, administrative and statistical information;
- administrators that control users power, perform backups, provide system configuration, including security ones;
- auditors that read audit trails;
- other EHR systems that input and receive data;
- subjects of care and their substitute decision makers, who may have restricted access to input and retrieve authorized data.

Key assumptions that apply for compliant POS clinical systems are as follows:

- the Target of Evaluation (TOE) comprises commercial off the shelf (COTS), governmental, proprietary and free and open source software;
- authenticated users recognize the need for a secure IT environment;
- authenticated users can be trusted to comply with the organization's security policy;
- business security processes are implemented with due regard for what can (and cannot) be reasonably accomplished in a clinical setting;
- competent security administration is carried out in relation to the system's installation and ongoing operations.

This Technical Specification draws from international standards, which have been developed by ISO/TC 215 for EHRs, as well as other ISO standards such as such as ISO/IEC 27001 and the ISO/IEC 17000 series of standards developed by the ISO Committee on conformity assessment (CASCO). This Technical Specification also reflects the experience that various countries have had to date in implementing certification and conformance testing programs in addressing privacy and security requirements in the

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context where electronic patient record (clinical) systems at the point of care are interoperable with regional and national EHRs.

This Technical Specification includes:

- security and privacy requirements that should be met to ensure that information is protected as well as the main categories of attack;
- discussion of the theoretical foundations underpinning the requirements;
- guidance on best practice for establishing and maintaining conformity assessment programs;
- description of the conformity assessment process, including the key concepts and processes.

[Annex A](#) provides more detailed information on conformity assessment models and processes, plus examples of conformity assessment programs in four example countries at a point in time (2010).

[Annex B](#) provides a detailed examination of the privacy and security requirements in place in five jurisdictions at the time that this Technical Specification was written. This analysis was used to derive the security and privacy requirements in [Clause 5](#).

This Technical Specification is to be used by agencies which accredit or operate programs for certifying health software products through conformity assessment against privacy and security standards, software suppliers demonstrating their compliance with those requirements, and purchasers of those systems who want assurance that the requirements have been met.

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Health informatics — Security and privacy requirements of EHR systems for use in conformity assessment

1 Scope

This Technical Specification examines electronic patient record systems at the clinical point of care that are also interoperable with EHRs. Hardware and process controls are out of the scope. This Technical Specification addresses their security and privacy protections by providing a set of security and privacy requirements, along with guidelines and best practice for conformity assessment.

ISO/IEC 15408 (all parts) defines “targets of evaluation” for security evaluation of IT products. This Technical Specification includes a cross-mapping of 82 security and privacy requirements against the Common Criteria categories in ISO/IEC 15408 (all parts). The point-of-service (POS) clinical software is typically part of a larger system, for example, running on top of an operating system, so it must work in concert with other components to provide proper security and privacy. While a Protection Profile (PP) includes requirements for component security functions to support system security services, it does not specify protocols or standards for conformity assessment, and does not address privacy requirements.

This Technical Specification focuses on two main topics:

- a) Security and privacy requirements (Clause 5). Clause 5 is technical and provides a comprehensive set of 82 requirements necessary to protect (information, patients) against the main categories of risks, addressing the broad scope of security and privacy concerns for point of care, interoperable clinical (electronic patient record) systems. These requirements are suitable for conformity assessment purposes.
- b) Best practice and guidance for establishing and maintaining conformity assessment programs (Clause 6). Clause 6 provides an overview of conformity assessment concepts and processes that can be used by governments, local authorities, professional associations, software developers, health informatics societies, patients’ representatives and others, to improve conformity with health software security and privacy requirements. Annex A provides complementary information useful to countries in designing conformity assessment programs such as further material on conformity assessment business models, processes and other considerations, along with illustrative examples of conformity assessment activities in four countries.

Policies that apply to a local, regional or national implementation environment, and procedural, administrative or physical (including hardware) aspects of privacy and security management are outside the scope of this Technical Specification. Security management is included in the scope of ISO 27799.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 17000, *Conformity assessment — Vocabulary and general principles*

ISO 27799:2008, *Health informatics — Information security management in health using ISO/IEC 27002*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

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3.1

accountability

principle that individuals, organizations, and the community are responsible for their actions and may be required to explain them to others

[SOURCE: ISO 15489-1:2001, definition 3.2]

Note 1 to entry: This requires that all users of PHI be traceable.

3.2

access control

a means of ensuring that the resources of a data processing system can be accessed only by authorized entities in authorized ways

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 2382-8:1998, definition 08.04.01]

3.3

accreditation body

authoritative body that performs accreditation

Note 1 to entry: The authority of an accreditation body is generally derived from government.

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 17000:2004, definition 2.6]

3.4

anonymization

process that removes the association between the identifying data set and the data subject

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 25237:2008, definition 3.2]

3.5

asset

anything that has value to the organization

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Note 1 to entry: In the context of health information security, information assets include health information, IT services, hardware, software, communications facilities, media, IT facilities, and medical devices that record or report data.

Note 2 to entry: Adapted from ISO/IEC 27000:2012, definition 2.4.

3.6

assurance

result of a set of compliance processes through which an organization achieves confidence in the status of its information security management

3.7

attestation

issue of a statement, based on a decision following review, that fulfilment of specified requirements has been demonstrated

Note 1 to entry: The resulting statement, referred to in this Technical Specification as a “statement of conformity”, conveys the assurance that the specified requirements have been fulfilled. Such an assurance does not, of itself, afford contractual or other legal guarantees.

Note 2 to entry: See also scope of attestation.

Note 3 to entry: Adapted from ISO/IEC 17000:2004, definition 5.2.

3.8**audit**

systematic, independent, documented process for obtaining records, statements of fact or other relevant information and assessing them objectively to determine the extent to which specified requirements are fulfilled

Note 1 to entry: While “audit” applies to management systems, “assessment” applies to conformity assessment bodies as well as more generally.

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 17000:2004, definition 4.4]

3.9**availability**

property of being accessible and usable upon demand by an authorized entity

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 27000:2012, definition 2.10]

3.10**certification**

third-party attestation related to products, processes, systems or persons

Note 1 to entry: Adapted from ISO/IEC 17000:2004, definition 5.5.

3.11**compliance**

the action of doing what is necessary to meet a specified requirement

3.12**confidentiality**

property that information is not made available or disclosed to unauthorized individuals, entities, or processes

[SOURCE: ISO 7498-2:1989, definition 3.3.16]

3.13**conformity assessment**

demonstration that specified requirements relating to a product, process, system, person or organization are fulfilled

Note 1 to entry: Adapted from ISO/IEC 17000:2004, definition 2.1.

3.14**conformity assessment system**

rules, procedures and management for carrying out conformity assessment

Note 1 to entry: Conformity assessment systems may be operated at international, regional, national or sub-national level.

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 17000:2004, definition 2.7]

3.15**data subject**

person to whom data refer

Note 1 to entry: In this Technical Specification, a data subject refers to a single person (versus persons).

3.16**entity**

natural or legal person, public authority or agency or any other body

Note 1 to entry: In the context outside the scope of this Technical Specification, an entity may refer to a natural person, animal, organization, active or passive object, device or group of such items that has an identity.