



SLOVENSKI STANDARD
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**Zdravstvena informatika - Komunikacija osebnih medicinskih naprav - 10421. del:
Specialne naprave - Merilnik vršne vrednosti izdihanega zraka (ISO 11073-
10421:2012)**

Health informatics - Personal health device communication - Part 10421: Device
specialization - Peak expiratory flow monitor (peak flow) (ISO 11073-10421:2012)

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Informatique de santé - Communication entre dispositifs de santé personnels - Partie
10421: Spécialisation de dispositif - Moniteur du flux respiratoire de crête (flux de crête)
(ISO 11073-10421:2012)

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
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English Version

**Health informatics - Personal health device communication -
Part 10421: Device specialization - Peak expiratory flow monitor
(peak flow) (ISO 11073-10421:2012)**

Informatique de santé - Communication entre dispositifs de
santé personnels - Partie 10421: Spécialisation des
dispositifs - Moniteur de surveillance du débit expiratoire de
pointe (débit de pointe) (ISO 11073-10421:2012)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 11073-10421:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215 "Health informatics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 251 "Health informatics" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2013.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO/IEEE
11073-10421

First edition
2012-11-01

**Health informatics — Personal health
device communication —**

**Part 10421:
Device specialization — Peak expiratory
flow monitor (peak flow)**

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*Informatique de santé — Communication entre dispositifs de santé
personnels —*

*Partie 10421. Spécialisation de dispositif — Moniteur du flux respiratoire
de crête (flux de crête)*

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Foreword

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ISO/IEEE 11073 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Health informatics — Personal health device communication* (text in parentheses gives a variant of subtitle):

- *Part 10101: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Nomenclature*
- *Part 10201: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Domain information model*
- *Part 10404: Device specialization — Pulse oximeter*
- *Part 10407: Device specialization — Blood pressure monitor*
- *Part 10408: Device specialization — Thermometer*
- *Part 10415: Device specialization — Weighing scale*

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- *Part 10417: Device specialization — Glucose meter*
- *Part 10420: Device specialization — Body composition analyzer*
- *Part 10421: Device specialization — Peak expiratory flow monitor (peak flow)*
- *Part 10471: Device specialization — Independent living activity hub*
- *Part 10472: Device specialization — Medication monitor*
- *Part 20101: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Application profiles — Base standard*
- *Part 20601: Application profile — Optimized exchange protocol*
- *Part 30200: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Transport profile — Cable connected*
- *Part 30300: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Transport profile — Infrared wireless*
- *Part 30400: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Interface profile — Cabled Ethernet*
- *Part 90101: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Analytical instruments — Point-of-care test*
- *Part 91064: (Standard communication protocol) Computer-assisted electrocardiography*
- *Part 92001: (Medical waveform format) — Encoding rules*

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Introduction

This introduction is not part of IEEE Std 11073-10421-2010, Health informatics—Personal health device communication—Part 10421: Device specialization—Peak expiratory flow monitor (peak flow).

ISO/IEEE 11073 standards enable communication between medical devices and external computer systems. This document uses the optimized framework created in IEEE Std 11073-20601-2008^a and describes a specific, interoperable communication approach for weighing scales. These standards align with, and draw upon, the existing clinically focused standards to provide support for communication of data from clinical or personal health devices

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^a For information on references, see Clause 2.

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Health informatics — Personal health device communication —

Part 10421:

Device specialization — Peak expiratory flow monitor (peak flow)

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1 Overview <https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bfb2c827-f078-46ae-af9c-4068a8d29b50/sist-en-iso-11073-10421-2013>

1.1 Scope

The scope of this standard is to establish a normative definition of communication between personal telehealth peak flow monitoring devices (agents) and managers (e.g., cell phones, personal computers, personal health appliances, and set top boxes) in a manner that enables plug-and-play interoperability. It leverages work done in other ISO/IEEE 11073 standards including existing terminology, information profiles, application profile standards, and transport standards. It specifies the use of specific term codes, formats, and behaviors in telehealth environments restricting optionality in base frameworks in favor of interoperability. This standard defines a common core of functionality of a peak-flow monitoring device. The use case is restricted to personal respiratory monitoring and therefore does not include hospital-based spirometry. Continuous and high-acuity monitoring (e.g., for emergency response) are outside the scope of the use case.

In the context of personal health devices, a peak flow meter is a device used to measure the respiratory function of those managing respiratory conditions such as asthma and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. The ability to identify declining respiratory status prior to the need for acute intervention improves the quality of life for the individual while reducing the overall costs of care. Respiratory status data are collected by a personal respiratory monitoring device and forwarded to a central data repository for review and action by a health care provider. The data are episodic in nature and are forwarded at designated intervals or when the person is symptomatic.