

## SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 80000-5:2013

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### Veličine in enote - 5. del: Termodinamika (ISO 80000-5:2007)

Quantities and units - Part 5: Thermodynamics (ISO 80000-5:2007)

Größen und Einheiten - Teil 5: Thermodynamik (ISO 80000-5:2007)

Grandeurs et unités - Partie 5: Thermodynamique (ISO 80000-5:2007) (standards.iteh.ai)

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Quantities and units Thermodynamics in general

SIST EN ISO 80000-5:2013

en

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# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

## EN ISO 80000-5

April 2013

ICS 01.060

**English Version** 

### Quantities and units - Part 5: Thermodynamics (ISO 80000-5:2007)

Grandeurs et unités - Partie 5: Thermodynamique (ISO 80000-5:2007)

Größen und Einheiten - Teil 5: Thermodynamik (ISO 80000-5:2007)

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions. Teh STANDARD PREVIEW

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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### Foreword

The text of ISO 80000-5:2007 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 12 "Quantities and units" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 80000-5:2013.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2013.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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Endorsement notice

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# ISO 80000-5

First edition 2007-05-01

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## Quantities and units —

Part 5: Thermodynamics

Grandeurs et unités —

Partie 5: Thermodynamique **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW** (standards.iteh.ai)

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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 80000-5 was prepar^d by Technical Committee ISO/TC 12, *Quantities and units* in collaboration with IEC/TC 25, *Quantities and units*.

This first edition cancels and replaces ISO 31-4:1992 and ISO 31-4:1992/Amd.1:1998. The major technical changes from the previous standards are the following:

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- the presentation of *numerical statements* has been changed;
- the normative references have been changed;
- some quantities concerning moisture have been added at the end of the list of quantities.
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ISO 80000 consists of the following parts, under the general title Quantities and units:

- Part 1: General
- Part 2: Mathematical signs and symbols to be used in the natural sciences and technology
- Part 3: Space and time
- Part 4: Mechanics
- Part 5: Thermodynamics
- Part 7: Light
- Part 8: Acoustics
- Part 9: Physical chemistry and molecular physics
- Part 10: Atomic and nuclear physics
- Part 11: Characteristic numbers
- Part 12: Solid state physics

IEC 80000 consists of the following parts, under the general title Quantities and units:

- Part 6: Electromagnetism
- Part 13: Information science and technology
- Part 14: Telebiometrics related to human physiology

#### ISO 80000-5:2007(E)

This corrected version of ISO 80000-5:2007 incorporates the following corrections.

— Foreword	The titles of ISO/TC 12 and IEC/TC 25 have been updated.
— Footnotes 1) to 5)	The footnotes have been deleted.
— Clause 2	The references have been updated.
— 5-2 (Definition)	" $T_0 := 275,15$ K" has been changed to " $T_0 := 273,15$ K".
— 5-2.a (Conversion factors and remarks)	ISO 31-0:1992, 3.4 has been changed to ISO 80000-1:2009, 7.1.4.
— 5-14 (Symbol)	$\alpha$ has been changed to $a$ .
— 5-14 (Definition)	$\alpha$ has been changed to $a$ .
— 5-16.1 (Remarks)	ISO 31-8:1992 has been changed to ISO 80000-9:2009.
— 5-19 (Remarks)	ISO 31-8:1992 has been changed to ISO 80000-9:2009.
— 5-21.a (International Symbol)	K has been changed to kg.

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### Introduction

#### 0.1 Arrangements of the tables

The tables of quantities and units in this International Standard are arranged so that the quantities are presented on the left-hand pages and the units on the corresponding right-hand pages.

All units between two full lines on the right-hand pages belong to the quantities between the corresponding full lines on the left-hand pages.

Where the numbering of an item has been changed in the revision of a part of ISO 31, the number in the preceding edition is shown in parentheses on the left-hand page under the new number for the quantity; a dash is used to indicate that the item in question did not appear in the preceding edition.

#### 0.2 Tables of quantities

The names in English and in French of the most important quantities within the field of this International Standard are given together with their symbols and, in most cases, their definitions. These names and symbols are recommendations. The definitions are given for identification of the quantities in the International System of Quantities (ISQ), listed on the left-hand pages of the table; they are not intended to be complete.

The scalar, vectorial or tensorial character of quantities is pointed out, especially when this is needed for the definitions.

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In most cases only one name and only one symbol for the quantity are given; where two or more names or two or more symbols are given for one quantity and no special distinction is made, they are on an equal footing. When two types of italic letters exist (for example as with  $\vartheta$  and  $\vartheta$ ,  $\varphi$  and  $\phi$ ; *a* and *a*; *g* and *g*) only one of these is given. This does not mean that the other is not equally acceptable. It is recommended that such variants should not be given different meanings. A symbol within parentheses implies that it is a reserve symbol, to be used when, in a particular context, the main symbol is in use with a different meaning.

In this English edition, the quantity names in French are printed in an italic font, and are preceded by *fr*. The gender of the French name is indicated by (m) for masculine and (f) for feminine, immediately after the noun in the French name.

#### 0.3 Tables of units

#### 0.3.1 General

The names of units for the corresponding quantities are given together with the international symbols and the definitions. These unit names are language-dependent, but the symbols are international and the same in all languages. For further information, see the SI Brochure (8<sup>th</sup> edition 2006) from BIPM and ISO 80000-1.

The units are arranged in the following way:

a) The coherent SI units are given first. The SI units have been adopted by the General Conference on Weights and Measures (Conférence Générale des Poids et Mesures, CGPM). The use of coherent SI units is recommended; decimal multiples and submultiples formed with the SI prefixes are recommended even though not explicitly mentioned.