INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Second edition 2004-05-15

Space data and information transfer systems — CCSDS file delivery protocol

Systèmes de transfert des informations et données spatiales — Protocole CCSDS de livraison de fichiers

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ISO 17355:2004 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b10a512c-525b-46ad-9c84-962ead548e4c/iso-17355-2004



Reference number ISO 17355:2004(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 17355 was prepared by the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) (as CCSDS 727.0-B-2, October 2002) and was adopted (without modifications except those stated in Clause 2 of this International Standard) by Technical Committee ISO/TC 20, *Aircraft and space vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 13, *Space data and information transfer systems*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 17355:2003), which has been technically revised.

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Space data and information transfer systems — CCSDS file delivery protocol

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the requirements for a file delivery protocol and associated service for application in the space environment. It is intended for use over the current and envisaged packet delivery services used in the space environment.

The scope and field of application are furthermore detailed in subclauses 1.1 and 1.2 of the enclosed CCSDS publication.

2 Requirements

Requirements are the technical recommendations made in the following publication (reproduced on the following pages), which is adopted as an International Standard:

CCSDS 727.0-B-2, October 2002, Recommendation for space data system standards — CCSDS file delivery protocol (CFDP).

For the purposes of international standardization, the modifications outlined below shall apply to the specific clauses and paragraphs of publication CCSDS 727.0-B-255-2004

Pages i to v

This part is information which is relevant to the CCSDS publication only.

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Add the following information to the references indicated:

- [1] Document CCSDS 701.0-B-3, June 2001, is equivalent to ISO 13420:—¹⁾.
- [2] Document CCSDS 102.0-B-5, November 2000, is equivalent to ISO 13419:2003.
- [3] Document CCSDS 103.0-B-2, June 2001, is equivalent to ISO 17433:2003.
- [4] Document CCSDS 202.0-B-3, June 2001, is equivalent to ISO 12172:2003.

3 Revision of publication CCSDS 727.0-B-2

It has been agreed with the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems that Subcommittee ISO/TC 20/SC 13 will be consulted in the event of any revision or amendment of publication CCSDS 727.0-B-2. To this end, NASA will act as a liaison body between CCSDS and ISO.

¹⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 13420:1997)

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Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems

RECOMMENDATION FOR SPACE DATA SYSTEM STANDARDS

CCSDS FILE DELIVERY iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW PROTOCOL (CFDP)

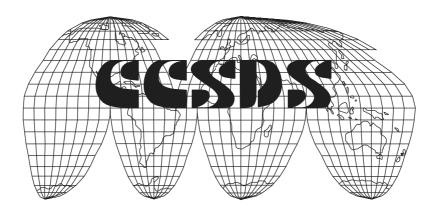
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CCSDS 727.0-B-2

BLUE BOOK

October 2002



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AUTHORITY

Issue:	Blue Book, Issue 2
Date:	October 2002
Location:	Houston, Texas USA

This document has been approved for publication by the Management Council of the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) and represents the consensus technical agreement of the participating CCSDS Member Agencies. The procedure for review and authorization of CCSDS Recommendations is detailed in the reference [A1], and the record of Agency participation in the authorization of this document can be obtained from the CCSDS Secretariat at the address below.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW This Recommendation is published and maintained by: (standards.iteh.ai) CCSDS Secretariat Office of Space Communication (Code M-3) National Aeronautics and Space Administration -525b-46ad-9c84-

Washington, DC 20546, USA^{8e4c/iso-173}

STATEMENT OF INTENT

The Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) is an organization officially established by the management of member space Agencies. The Committee meets periodically to address data systems problems that are common to all participants, and to formulate sound technical solutions to these problems. Inasmuch as participation in the CCSDS is completely voluntary, the results of Committee actions are termed **Recommendations** and are not considered binding on any Agency.

This **Recommendation** is issued by, and represents the consensus of, the CCSDS Plenary body. Agency endorsement of this **Recommendation** is entirely voluntary. Endorsement, however, indicates the following understandings:

- o Whenever an Agency establishes a CCSDS-related **standard**, this **standard** will be in accord with the relevant **Recommendation**. Establishing such a **standard** does not preclude other provisions which an Agency may develop.
- o Whenever an Agency establishes a CCSDS-related standard, the Agency will provide other CCSDS member Agencies with the following information:
 - -- The standard itself. <u>ISO 17355:2004</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b10a512c-525b-46ad-9c84-
 - -- The anticipated date of initial operational capability.
 - -- The anticipated duration of operational service.
- o Specific service arrangements shall be made via memoranda of agreement. Neither this **Recommendation** nor any ensuing **standard** is a substitute for a memorandum of agreement.

No later than five years from its date of issuance, this **Recommendation** will be reviewed by the CCSDS to determine whether it should: (1) remain in effect without change; (2) be changed to reflect the impact of new technologies, new requirements, or new directions; or, (3) be retired or canceled.

In those instances when a new version of a **Recommendation** is issued, existing CCSDSrelated Agency standards and implementations are not negated or deemed to be non-CCSDS compatible. It is the responsibility of each Agency to determine when such standards or implementations are to be modified. Each Agency is, however, strongly encouraged to direct planning for its new standards and implementations towards the later version of the Recommendation.

FOREWORD

Until relatively recently the typical storage medium for spacecraft has been the tape recorder, a complex device offering limited data storage and data access. The use of this type of storage has typically been limited to the recording and subsequent dump to the ground of telemetry data. Manipulation from the ground has required significant human intervention and used ad hoc, privately developed protocols.

The introduction of solid state mass memory providing gigabytes of storage with random access opens up a whole new ethos of spacecraft operation where much of the routine traffic to and from the spacecraft will be in the form of files. Furthermore, because of the random access nature of the onboard storage medium, it becomes possible to repeat transmission of data lost on the link and thus guarantee delivery of critical information.

To exploit the potential advantages of onboard mass memory, protocol support is required to provide a standard means to move data to and from the onboard storage medium in the form of files

While the onboard storage medium has rapidly evolved, the essential constraints of space missions remain: (standards.iteh.ai)

limited systems resources in terms of computational power and memory capacities;

- $environmental_{strestrictions_{caincluding_{ds}} noisy_{0a} bandwidth_{ad} imited, asymmetrical, and$ interrupted communications links, some with very long propagation delay;
- varying user needs including a requirement for early access to transferred data regardless of its quality.

In view of these constraints, it is clear that there is a need for a file delivery service capable of transferring files to and from mass memory located in the space segment. Such a capability must not only operate under the constraints associated with space data communication, but it must also be applicable to the diverse range of mission configurations ranging from single low earth orbiting spacecraft to complex networks of relays, orbiters, and landers

Through the process of normal evolution, it is expected that expansion, deletion, or modification of this document may occur. This Recommendation is therefore subject to CCSDS document management and change control procedures which are defined in reference [A1]. Current versions of CCSDS documents are maintained at the CCSDS Web site:

http://www.ccsds.org/

Questions relating to the contents or status of this document should be addressed to the CCSDS Secretariat at the address indicated on page i.

At time of publication, the active Member and Observer Agencies of the CCSDS were:

Member Agencies

- Agenzia Spaziale Italiana (ASI)/Italy.
- British National Space Centre (BNSC)/United Kingdom.
- Canadian Space Agency (CSA)/Canada.
- Centre National d'Etudes Spatiales (CNES)/France.
- Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt e.V. (DLR)/Germany.
- European Space Agency (ESA)/Europe.
- Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas Espaciais (INPE)/Brazil.
- National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)/USA.
- National Space Development Agency of Japan (NASDA)/Japan.
- Russian Space Agency (RSA)/Russian Federation.

Observer Agencies

- Austrian Space Agency (ASA)/Austria PREVIEW
- Central Research Institute of Machine Building (TsNIIMash)/Russian Federation.
- Centro Tecnico Aeroespacial (CTA)/Brazil.
- Chinese Academy of Space Technology (CAST)/China.
- Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization (CSIRO)/Australia.
- Communications Research Centre (CRC)/Canada4
- Communications Research Laboratory (CRL)/Japan.
- Danish Space Research Institute (DSRI)/Denmark.
- European Organization for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites (EUMETSAT)/Europe.
- European Telecommunications Satellite Organization (EUTELSAT)/Europe.
- Federal Service of Scientific, Technical & Cultural Affairs (FSST&CA)/Belgium.
- Hellenic National Space Committee (HNSC)/Greece.
- Indian Space Research Organization (ISRO)/India.
- Institute of Space and Astronautical Science (ISAS)/Japan.
- Institute of Space Research (IKI)/Russian Federation.
- KFKI Research Institute for Particle & Nuclear Physics (KFKI)/Hungary.
- MIKOMTEK: CSIR (CSIR)/Republic of South Africa.
- Korea Aerospace Research Institute (KARI)/Korea.
- Ministry of Communications (MOC)/Israel.
- National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)/USA.
- National Space Program Office (NSPO)/Taipei.
- Swedish Space Corporation (SSC)/Sweden.
- United States Geological Survey (USGS)/USA.

DOCUMENT CONTROL

Document	Title	Date	Status
CCSDS	CCSDS File Delivery Protocol,	January	Original Issue
727.0-B-1	Issue 1	2002	(superseded)
CCSDS	CCSDS File Delivery Protocol,	October	Current Issue
727.0-B-2	Issue 2	2002	

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