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Alpine ski-bindings - Requirements and test methods

Fixations de skis alpins - Exigences et méthodes d'essai

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Alpine ski-bindings — Requirements and test methods

Fixations de skis alpins — Exigences et méthodes d'essai



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Contents Page

Forew	vord	iv
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Test conditions	4 4 4
5 5.1 5.2 5.3	Test methods A and B Principle Simple torsion test Forward bending test	4 5
6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	Requirements and testing	7 9 11 16 17 18
7	Marking	19
	x A (informative) Additional information to conduct tests according to test method Ax B (informative) Fixtures and load configurations necessary for conducting tests using test method B	
Annex	x C (normative) Grain size distribution of dirt	32
	\mathbf{x} \mathbf{D} (informative) Determination of tolerances on $M_{\mathbf{z}}$ and $M_{\mathbf{y}}$	
Riblio	ography	35

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 9462 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 83, Sports and recreational equipment, Subcommittee SC 3, Ski bindings.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 9462:1993), Clauses 3 and 7/subclauses 5.1, 6.3.3, 6.3.4 and 6.6.2/Tables 1 and 3/Annexes A and B of which have been technically revised/deleted/added. It also incorporates the Amendment ISO 9462:1993/Amd.1:2002 and the Technical Corrigendum ISO 9462:1993/Cor.1:1993.

Alpine ski-bindings — Requirements and test methods

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the main characteristics of ski-bindings and describes, as an example, the test methods A and B.

This International Standard applies to ski-bindings for alpine skiing for children, juniors and adults.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5355:2005, Alpine ski-boots — Requirements and test methods

ISO 8061:2004, Alpine ski-bindings — Selection of release torque values

ISO 9465:1991, Alpine ski-bindings — Lateral release under impact loading — Test method

ISO 9838:1991, Alpine ski-bindings — Test soles for ski-binding tests

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3 1

alpine ski-binding

system to ensure firm connection between boot and ski, fixing the heel low for downhill skiing

NOTE The system releases the boot from the ski when certain loads reach preset values.

3.2

release

detachment of the boot from the ski by release of the mechanism that ensures the connection between boot and ski

NOTE This release is only considered effective when all the loads due to the boot/ski connection have dropped to values which present no danger to the skier.

3.3

release values

maximum values of torques $M_{\rm Z}$ and $M_{\rm Y}$ caused at the boot/ski connection by the two movements of torsion and forward bending

See Figure 1.

NOTE 1 These values are generally adjustable on current bindings which have a scale and an indicator displaying the setting level.

NOTE 2 In the present state of the art, bindings are designed at least to release in torsion $(\pm M_z)$ and in forward bending $(\pm M_v)$

3.4

reference value

value, adjusted after a series of tests, used as a basis of comparison to evaluate the behaviour of the binding during the tests (see 6.3.1)

3.5

combined loading

loading of the sole or ski in several directions at the same time, where one of the loads is the torque $M_{\rm z}$ progressively applied to the sole until the binding releases

See Figure 1 and Table 1.

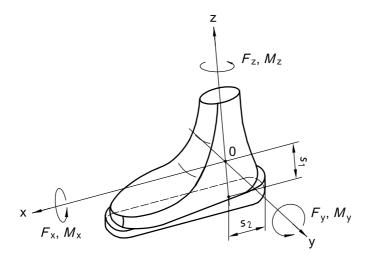


Figure 1 — Definition of the loads and torques

Table 1 — Coordinates of reference point 0

Dimensions in millimetres

	Type of binding			
	С	CA	Α	
<i>s</i> ₁	85	100	100	
<i>s</i> ₂	70	80	80	

NOTE Each of the load combinations simulates a given situation, chosen within an infinite field of possibilities and simplified for the purpose of the tests. The main simplification being that the loads applied additionally to the release torque M_7 are held constant in value and direction during all the release process.