INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO/IEC 9945-4

Rationale, IEEE Std 1003.1[™], 2003 Edition The Open Group Technical Standard Includes IEEE Std 1003.1[™]-2001 and IEEE Std 1003.1[™]-2001/Cor 1-2002

Second edition 2003-08-15

Information technology — Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX®) —

Part 4: Rationale

Technologies de l'information — Interface pour la portabilité des systèmes (POSIX®) —

Partie 3: Rationnel

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO/IEC 9945-4:2003 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f4ed8e5f-aa1e-498e-9a7e-beae62d072de/iso-iec-9945-4-2003



ISO/IEC 9945-4:2003(E) Rationale, IEEE Std 1003.1, 2003 Edition The Open Group Technical Standard, Issue 6

PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO/IEC 9945-4:2003 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f4ed8e5f-aa1e-498e-9a7e-beae62d072de/iso-iec-9945-4-2003

ISO/IEC 9945-4:2003(E)

IEEE Std 1003.1™, 2003 Edition

The Open Group Technical Standard Base Specifications, Issue 6

Includes IEEE Std 1003.1™-2001 and IEEE Std 1003.1™-2001/Cor 1-2002

Information Technology — Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX®)

Part 4: Rationale

Sponsor

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Portable Applications Standards Committee s.iteh.ai)

of the

IEEE Computer Society

ISO/IEC 9945-4:2003

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f4ed8e5f-aa1e-498e-9a7e-beae62d072de/iso-iec-9945-4-2003

and

The Open Group



Adopted as an International Standard by the International Organization for Standardization and by the International Electrotechnical Commission







International Standard ISO/IEC 9945-4:2003(E)

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75% of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO/IEC 9945 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 9945-4 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC, 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 22, *Programming languages*, their environments and system software interfaces.

This second edition of ISO/IEC 9945-4 is a minor revision and together with ISO/IEC 9945-1, ISO/IEC 9945-2, and ISO/IEC 9945-3, cancels and replaces ISO/IEC 9945-1:2002, ISO/IEC 9945-2:2002, ISO/IEC 9945-3:2002 and ISO/IEC 9945-4:2002.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f4ed8e5f-aa1e-498e-9a7e-

ISO/IEC 9945 consists of the following parts, runder the general title Information technology — Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX®):

Part 1: Base Definitions

• Part 2: System Interfaces

• Part 3: Shell and Utilities

Part 4: Rationale



Abstract

This standard is simultaneously ISO/IEC 9945:2003, IEEE Std 1003.1-2001, and forms the core of the Single UNIX Specification,

The IEEE Std 1003.1, 2003 Edition includes IEEE Std 1003.1-2001/Cor 1-2002 incorporated into IEEE Std 1003.1-2001 (base document). The Corrigendum addresses problems discovered since the approval of IEEE Std 1003.1-2001. These changes are mainly due to resolving integration issues raised by the merger of the base documents that were incorporated into IEEE Std 1003.1-2001, which is the single common revision to IEEE Std 1003.1[™]-1996, IEEE Std 1003.2[™]-1992, ISO/IEC 9945-1:1996, ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993, and the Base Specifications of The Open Group Single UNIX® Specification, Version 2.

This standard defines a standard operating system interface and environment, including a command interpreter (or "shell"), and common utility programs to support applications portability at the source code level. This standard is intended to be used by both applications developers and system implementors and comprises four major components (each in an associated volume):

- · General terms, concepts, and interfaces common to all volumes of this standard, including utility conventions and C-language header definitions, are included in the Base Definitions volume.
- Definitions for system service functions and subroutines, language-specific system services for the C programming language, function issues, including portability, error handling, and error recovery, are included in the System Interfaces volume.
- · Definitions for a standard source code-level interface to command interpretation services (a "shell") and common utility programs for application programs are included in the Shell and Utilities volume.
- · Extended rationale that did not fit well into the rest of the document structure, which contains historical information concerning the contents of this standard and why features were included or discarded by the standard developers, is included in the Rationale (Informative) volume.

The following areas are outside the scope of this standard:

- Graphics interfaces
- · Database management system interfaces
- Record I/O considerations
- · Object or binary code portability
- · System configuration and resource availability

This standard describes the external characteristics and facilities that are of importance to applications developers, rather than the internal construction techniques employed to achieve these capabilities. Special emphasis is placed on those functions and facilities that are needed in a wide variety of commercial applications. standards.iteh.ai)

Keywords

application program interface (API), argument, asynchronous, basic regular expression (BRE), batch job, batch system, built-in utility, byte, child, command language interpreter, CPU extended regular expression (ERE), FIFO, file access control mechanism, input/output (I/O), job control network poutable operating system interface (POSIX®), parent shell, stream, string, synchronous, system, thread, X/Open System Interface (XSI) beae62d072de/iso-iec-9945-4-2003

Copyright © 2001-2003 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. and The Open Group. All rights reserved. This printing is by the International Organization for Standardization with special permission of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. and The Open Group. Published in Switzerland.

Rationale (Informative)

Published 31 March 2003 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. 3 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10016-5997, U.S.A. ISBN: 0-7381-3438-2 PDF 0-7381-3564-X/SS95078 CD-ROM 0-7381-3563-1/SE95078 Printed in the United States of America by the IEEE.

Published 31 March 2003 by The Open Group Apex Plaza, Forbury Road, Reading, Berkshire RG1 1AX, U.K. Document Number: C034 ISBN: 1-931624-26-7 Printed in the U.K. by The Open Group.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced in any form, in an electronic retrieval system or otherwise, without prior written permission from both the IEEE and The Open Group.

Portions of this standard are derived with permission from copyrighted material owned by Hewlett-Packard Company, International Business Machines Corporation, Novell Inc., The Open Software Foundation, and Sun Microsystems, Inc.

Permissions

Authorization to photocopy portions of this standard for internal or personal use is granted provided that the appropriate fee is paid to the Copyright Clearance Center or the equivalent body outside of the U.S. Permission to make multiple copies for educational purposes in the U.S. requires agreement and a license fee to be paid to the Copyright Clearance Center.

Beyond these provisions, permission to reproduce all or any part of this standard must be with the consent of both copyright holders and may be subject to a license fee. Both copyright holders will need to be satisfied that the other has granted permission. Requests to the copyright holders should be sent by email to austin-group-permissions@opengroup.org.

Feedback

This standard has been prepared by the Austin Group. Feedback relating to the material contained in this standard may be submitted using the Austin Group web site at http://www.opengroup.org/austin/defectform.html.

(standards.iteh.ai)

ISO/IEC 9945-4:2003
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f4ed8e5f-aa1e-498e-9a7e-beae62d072de/iso-iec-9945-4-2003

IEEE Standards documents are developed within the IEEE Societies and the Standards Coordinating Committees of the IEEE Standards Association (IEEE-SA) Standards Board. The IEEE develops its standards through a consensus development process, approved by the American National Standards Institute, which brings together volunteers representing varied viewpoints and interests to achieve the final product. Volunteers are not necessarily members of the Institute and serve without compensation. While the IEEE administers the process and establishes rules to promote fairness in the consensus development process, the IEEE does not independently evaluate, test, or verify the accuracy of any of the information contained in its standards.

Use of an IEEE Standard is wholly voluntary. The IEEE disclaims liability for any personal injury, property, or other damage, of any nature whatsoever, whether special, indirect, consequential, or compensatory, directly or indirectly resulting from the publication, use of, or reliance upon this, or any other IEEE Standard document.

The IEEE does not warrant or represent the accuracy or content of the material contained herein, and expressly disclaims any express or implied warranty, including any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a specific purpose, or that the use of the material contained herein is free from patent infringement. IEEE Standards documents are supplied "AS IS".

The existence of an IEEE Standard does not imply that there are no other ways to produce, test, measure, purchase, market, or provide other goods and services related to the scope of the IEEE Standard. Furthermore, the viewpoint expressed at the time a standard is approved and issued is subject to change brought about through developments in the state of the art and comments received from users of the standard. Every IEEE Standard is subjected to review at least every five years for revision or reaffirmation. When a document is more than five years old and has not been reaffirmed, it is reasonable to conclude that its contents, although still of some value, do not wholly reflect the present state of the art. Users are cautioned to check to determine that they have the latest edition of any IEEE Standard.

In publishing and making this document available, the IEEE is not suggesting or rendering professional or other services for, or on behalf of, any person or entity. Nor is the IEEE undertaking to perform any duty owed by any other person or entity to another. Any person utilizing this, and any other IEEE Standards document, should rely upon the advice of a competent professional in determining the exercise of reasonable care in any given circumstances.

Interpretations: Occasionally questions may arise regarding the meaning of portions of standards as they relate to specific applications. When the need for interpretations is brought to the attention of the IEEE, the Institute will initiate action to prepare appropriate responses. Since IEEE Standards represent a consensus of concerned interests, it is important to ensure that any interpretation has also received the concurrence of a balance of interests. For this reason, IEEE and the members of its societies and Standards Coordinating Committees are not able to provide an instant response to interpretation requests except in those cases where the matter has previously received formal consideration.

Comments for revision of IEEE Standards are welcome from any interested party, regardless of membership affiliation with the IEEE. Suggestions for changes in documents should be in the form of a proposed change of text, together with appropriate supporting comments. Comments on standards and requests for interpretations should be addressed to:

Secretary, IEEE-SA Standards Board, 445 Hoes Lane, P.O. Box 1331, Piscataway, NJ 08855-1331, U.S.A.

Attention is called to the possibility that implementation of this standard may require use of subject matter covered by patent rights. By publication of this standard, no position is taken with respect to the existence or validity of any patent rights in connection therewith. The IEEE shall not be responsible for identifying patents for which a license may be required by an IEEE Standard or for conducting inquiries into the legal validity or scope of those patents that are brought to its attention.

A patent holder has filed a statement of assurance that it will grant licenses under these rights without compensation or under reasonable rates and non-discriminatory, reasonable terms and conditions to all applicants desiring to obtain such licenses. The IEEE makes no representation as to the reasonableness of rates and/or terms and conditions of the license agreements offered by patent holders. Further information may be obtained from the IEEE Standards Department.

Authorization to photocopy portions of any individual standard for internal or personal use is granted in the U.S. by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., provided that the appropriate fee is paid to the Copyright Clearance Center. Permission to photocopy portions of any individual standard for educational classroom use can also be obtained through the Copyright Clearance Center. To arrange for payment of the licensing fee, please contact:

Copyright Clearance Center, Customer Service, 222 Rosewood Drive, Danvers, MA 01923, U.S.A., Tel.: +1 978 750 8400

Amendments, corrigenda, and interpretations for this standard, or information about the IEEE standards development process, may be found at http://standards.ieee.org.

Full catalog and ordering information on all IEEE publications is available from the IEEE Online Catalog & Store at http://shop.ieee.org/store.

^{1.} For this standard, please send comments via the Austin Group as requested on page iii.

^{2.} Please refer to the special provisions for this standard on page iii concerning permissions from both copyright holders and arrangements to cover photocopying and reproduction across the world, as well as by commercial organizations wishing to license the material for use in product documentation.

The Open Group

The Open Group, a vendor and technology-neutral consortium, is committed to delivering greater business efficiency by bringing together buyers and suppliers of information technology to lower the time, cost, and risks associated with integrating new technology across the enterprise.

The Open Group's mission is to offer all organizations concerned with open information infrastructures a forum to share knowledge, integrate open initiatives, and certify approved products and processes in a manner in which they continue to trust our impartiality.

In the global eCommerce world of today, no single economic entity can achieve independence while still ensuring interoperability. The assurance that products will interoperate with each other across differing systems and platforms is essential to the success of eCommerce and business workflow. The Open Group, with its proven testing and certification program, is the international guarantor of interoperability in the new century.

The Open Group provides opportunities to exchange information and shape the future of IT. The Open Group's members include some of the largest and most influential organizations in the world. The flexible structure of The Open Groups membership allows for almost any organization, no matter what their size, to join and have a voice in shaping the future of the IT world.

More information is available on The Open Group web site at http://www.opengroup.org.

The Open Group has over 15 years' experience in developing and operating certification programs and has extensive experience developing and facilitating industry adoption of test suites used to validate conformance to an open standard or specification. The Open Group portfolio of test suites includes the *Westwood* family of tests for this standard and the associated certification program for Version 3 of the Single UNIX Specification, as well tests for CDE, CORBA, Motif, Linux, LDAP, POSIX.1, POSIX.2, POSIX Realtime, Sockets, UNIX, XPG4, XNFS, XTI, and X11. The Open Group test tools are essential for proper development and maintenance of standards-based products, ensuring conformance of products to industry-standard APIs, applications portability, and interoperability. In-depth testing identifies defects at the earliest possible point in the development cycle, saving costs in development and quality assurance.

More information is available at http://www.opengroup.org/testing.

The Open Group publishes a wide range of technical documentation, the main part of which is focused on development of Technical and Product Standards and Guides, but which also includes white papers, technical studies, branding and testing documentation, and business titles. Full details and a catalog are available at http://www.opengroup.org/pubs.

As with all *live* documents, Technical Standards and Specifications require revision to align with new developments and associated international standards. To distinguish between revised specifications which are fully backwards compatible and those which are not:

- A new *Version* indicates there is no change to the definitive information contained in the previous publication of that title, but additions/extensions are included. As such, it *replaces* the previous publication.
- A new *Issue* indicates there is substantive change to the definitive information contained in the previous publication of that title, and there may also be additions/extensions. As such, both previous and new documents are maintained as current publications.

Readers should note that Corrigenda may apply 16 Cany 15 publication. Corrigenda information is published at http://www.opengroup.org/corrigenda://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f4ed8e5f-aa1e-498e-9a7e-

Full catalog and ordering information on all Open Group publications is available at http://www.opengroup.org/pubs.

Contents

Part	A	Base Definitions	1
Appendix	Α	Rationale for Base Definitions	3
• • •	A.1	Introduction	3
	A.1.1	Scope	3
	A.1.2	Conformance	5
	A.1.3	Normative References	5
	A.1.4	Terminology	5
	A.1.5	Portability	8
	A.1.5.1	Codes	8
	A.1.5.2	Margin Code Notation	8
	A.2	Conformance	9
	A.2.1	Implementation Conformance	9
	A.2.1.1	Requirements	9
	A.2.1.2	Documentation	9
	A.2.1.3	POSIX Conformance	10
	A.2.1.4		10
	A.2.1.5		11
	A.2.1.6	Options	12
	A.2.2	Options	12
	A.2.2.1		12
	A.2.2.2	Conforming POSIX Application	12
	A.2.2.3	100/100 // 13 1,2005	12
	A.2.2.4		12
	A.2.2.5		12
	A.2.3	Language-Dependent Services for the C Programming	
			13
	A.2.4		13
	A.3		13
	A.4	General Concepts	33
	A.4.1		33
	A.4.2		33
	A.4.3		33
	A.4.4	File Access Permissions	33
	A.4.5	File Hierarchy	33
	A.4.6	Filenames 3	34
	A.4.7	File Times Update	35
	A.4.8		35
	A.4.9	5	35
	A.4.10		36
	A.4.11		37
	A.4.12		39

A.4.13	Scheduling Policy	39
A.4.14	Seconds Since the Epoch	39
A.4.15	Semaphore	40
A.4.16	Thread-Safety	40
A.4.17	Tracing	40
A.4.18	Treatment of Error Conditions for Mathematical Functions	40
A.4.19	Treatment of NaN Arguments for Mathematical Functions	40
A.4.20	Utility	40
A.4.21	Variable Assignment	41
A.5	File Format Notation	41
A.6	Character Set	41
A.6.1	Portable Character Set	41
A.6.2	Character Encoding	42
A.6.3	C Language Wide-Character Codes	42
A.6.4	Character Set Description File	42
A.6.4.1	State-Dependent Character Encodings	42
A.7	Locale	44
A.7.1	General	44
A.7.2	POSIX Locale	45
A.7.3	Locale Definition	45
A.7.3.1	LC_CTYPE	46
A.7.3.2	LC_COLLATE	47
A.7.3.3	LC_MONETARY	49
A.7.3.4		50
A.7.3.5 C	1 SICATIMEDARD PREVIEW	50
A.7.3.6		51
A.7.4	LC_MESSAGES	51
A.7.4.1	Locale Lexical Conventions	51
A.7.4.2	Locale Grammarts. 4:2003	51
Ant7p5://stanc	lard Liocale Definition Example d8e5f.aa1e-498e-9a7e-	52
A.8	Environment Variables 945-4-2003	55
A.8.1	Environment Variable Definition	55
A.8.2	Internationalization Variables	55
A.8.3	Other Environment Variables	56
A.9	Regular Expressions	58
A.9.1	Regular Expression Definitions	58
A.9.2	Regular Expression General Requirements	59
A.9.3	Basic Regular Expressions	60
A.9.3.1	BREs Matching a Single Character or Collating Element	60
A.9.3.2	BRE Ordinary Characters	60
A.9.3.3	BRE Special Characters	60
A.9.3.4	Periods in BREs	60
A.9.3.5	RE Bracket Expression	60
A.9.3.6	BREs Matching Multiple Characters	62
A.9.3.7	BRE Precedence	62
A.9.3.8	BRE Expression Anchoring	62
A.9.4	Extended Regular Expressions	63
A.9.4.1	EREs Matching a Single Character or Collating Element	63

Contents

A.9.4.2	ERE Ordinary Characters	63
A.9.4.3	ERE Special Characters	63
A.9.4.4	Periods in EREs	63
A.9.4.5	ERE Bracket Expression	63
A.9.4.6	EREs Matching Multiple Characters	63
A.9.4.7	ERE Alternation	63
A.9.4.8	ERE Precedence	64
A.9.4.9	ERE Expression Anchoring	64
A.9.5	Regular Expression Grammar	64
A.9.5.1	BRE/ERE Grammar Lexical Conventions	64
A.9.5.2	RE and Bracket Expression Grammar	64
A.9.5.3	ERE Grammar	64
A.10	Directory Structure and Devices	65
A.10.1	Directory Structure and Files	65
A.10.2	Output Devices and Terminal Types	65
A.11	General Terminal Interface	65
A.11.1	Interface Characteristics	66
A.11.1.1	Opening a Terminal Device File	66
A.11.1.2	Process Groups	66
A.11.1.3	The Controlling Terminal	67
A.11.1.4	Terminal Access Control	67
A.11.1.5	Input Processing and Reading Data	68
A.11.1.6	Canonical Mode Input Processing	68
A.11,1.7	Non-Canonical Mode Input Processing	69
A.11.1.8eh		69
A.11.1.9	Special Characters	69
A.11.1.10	Modem Disconnect LCII. 21,	69
A.11.1.11	Closing a Terminal Device File	69
A.11.2	Parameters/that Can be Set	70
Antiple 2/standa	rds.it TheitermigstStructure t/fded8e5f-aa1e-498e-9a7e-	70
A.11.2.2	Input Modes/iso-icc-9945-4-2003	70
A.11.2.3	Output Modes	70
A.11.2.4	Control Modes	70
A.11.2.5	Local Modes	70
A.11.2.6	Special Control Characters	71
A.12	Utility Conventions	71
A.12.1	Utility Argument Syntax	71
A.12.2	Utility Syntax Guidelines	72
A.13	Headers	74
A.13.1	Format of Entries	74

Part	В	System Interfaces	75
Appendix	В	Rationale for System Interfaces	77
	B.1	Introduction	
	B.1.1	Scope	77
	B.1.2	Conformance	77
	B.1.3	Normative References	77
	B.1.4	Change History	77
	B.1.5	Terminology	
	B.1.6	Definitions	
	B.1.7	Relationship to Other Formal Standards	
	B.1.8	Portability	
	B.1.8.1	Codes	
	B.1.9	Format of Entries	83
	B.2	General Information	84
	B.2.1	Use and Implementation of Functions	
	B.2.2	The Compilation Environment	
	B.2.2.1	POSIX.1 Symbols	
	B.2.2.2	The Name Space	
	B.2.3	Error Numbers	
	B.2.3.1	Additional Error Numbers	
	B.2.4	Signal Concepts	
	B.2.4.1	Signal Generation and Delivery	
	B.2.4.2	Realtime Signal Generation and Delivery	96
	B.2.4.3	eh Ssignal Actions RD PREVIEW	99
	B.2.4.4	Signal Effects on Other Functions	
	B.2.5	Standard 1/0 Streams ten. al	
	B.2.5.1	Interaction of File Descriptors and Standard I/O Streams	
	B.2.5.2	Stream Orientation and Encoding Rules	
		standard STREAMS og/standards/sist/Med8e5f-aa1e-498e-9a7e-	
	B.2.6.1	Accessing STREAMS\45-4-2003	
	B.2.7	XSI Interprocess Communication	
	B.2.7.1	IPC General Information	
	B.2.8	Realtime	
	B.2.8.1	Realtime Signals	
	B.2.8.2	Asynchronous I/O	
	B.2.8.3	Memory Management	
	B.2.8.4	Process Scheduling	
	B.2.8.5	Clocks and Timers	
	B.2.9	Threads	
	B.2.9.1	Thread-Safety	
	B.2.9.2	Thread IDs	
	B.2.9.3	Thread Mutexes	
	B.2.9.4	Thread Scheduling	
	B.2.9.4 B.2.9.5	Thread Scheduling Thread Cancellation	
	B.2.9.6	Thread Read-Write Locks	
	B.2.9.7	Thread Interactions with Regular File Operations	
	B.2.10	•	
	D.2.10	Sockets	177

	B.2.10.1	Address Families	177
	B.2.10.2	Addressing	177
	B.2.10.3	Protocols	177
	B.2.10.4	Routing	177
	B.2.10.5	Interfaces	177
	B.2.10.6	Socket Types	177
	B.2.10.7	Socket I/O Mode	177
	B.2.10.8	Socket Owner	178
	B.2.10.9	Socket Queue Limits	178
	B.2.10.10	Pending Error	178
	B.2.10.11	Socket Receive Queue	178
	B.2.10.12	Socket Out-of-Band Data State	178
	B.2.10.13	Connection Indication Queue	178
	B.2.10.14	Signals	178
	B.2.10.15	Asynchronous Errors	178
	B.2.10.16	Use of Options	178
	B.2.10.17	Use of Sockets for Local UNIX Connections	178
	B.2.10.18	Use of Sockets over Internet Protocols	
	B.2.10.19	Use of Sockets over Internet Protocols Based on IPv4	178
	B.2.10.20	Use of Sockets over Internet Protocols Based on IPv6	178
	B.2.11	Tracing	179
	B.2.11.1	Objectives	179
	B.2.11.2	Trace Model	
	B.2.11.3	Trace Programming Examples Rationale on Trace for Debugging	189
	B.2.11.40	Rationale on Trace for Debugging	197
	B.2.11.5	Rationale on Trace Event Type Name Space	197
	B.2.11.6	Rationale on Trace Events Type Filtering	199
	B.2.11.7	Tracing, pthread API	201
	B.2.11.8	Rationale/on Triggering3.	202
	Bh2p1s1/.9tan	dards iRationale on Timestamp Clockaale 498e 9a7e	202
	B.2.11.10	Rationale on Different Overrun Conditions	203
	B.2.12	Data Types	203
	B.3	System Interfaces	206
	B.3.1	Examples for Spawn	206
Part	C	Shell and Utilities	917
ıaıı	C	Shell and Cultics	211
Appendix	C	Rationale for Shell and Utilities	219
pp	C.1	Introduction	
	C.1.1	Scope	
	C.1.2	Conformance	
	C.1.3	Normative References	
	C.1.4	Change History	
	C.1.5	Terminology	
	C.1.6	Definitions	
	C.1.7	Relationship to Other Documents	
	C.1.7.1	System Interfaces	
	C.1.7.2	Concepts Derived from the ISO C Standard	

C.1.8	Portability	. 221
C.1.8.1	Codes	. 221
C.1.9	Utility Limits	
C.1.10	Grammar Conventions	
C.1.11	Utility Description Defaults	
C.1.12	Considerations for Utilities in Support of Files of Arbitrary Size.	
C.1.13	Built-In Utilities	
C.2	Shell Command Language	
C.2.1	Shell Introduction	
C.2.2	Quoting	
C.2.2.1	Escape Character (Backslash)	
C.2.2.2	Single-Quotes	
C.2.2.3	Double-Quotes	
C.2.3	Token Recognition	
C.2.3.1	Alias Substitution	
C.2.4	Reserved Words	
C.2.5	Parameters and Variables	
C.2.5.1	Positional Parameters	
C.2.5.2	Special Parameters	
C.2.5.3	Shell Variables	
C.2.6	Word Expansions	
C.2.6.1	Tilde Expansion	
C.2.6.2	Parameter Expansion	
C.2.6.3		
C.2.6.4 eh	Command Substitution Arithmetic Expansion	240
C.2.6.5	Field Splitting	241
C.2.6.6	Field Splitting	242
C.2.6.7	Quote Removal	242
C.2.7	RedirectionIEC 9945-4:2003	
	rds.ii Redirecting:Input ls/sist/f4ed8e5f-aa1e-498e-9a7e-	
C.2.7.2	Redirecting Output 1945-4-2003	
C.2.7.3	Appending Redirected Output	
C.2.7.4	Here-Document	
C.2.7.5	Duplicating an Input File Descriptor	
C.2.7.6	Duplicating an Output File Descriptor	
C.2.7.7	Open File Descriptors for Reading and Writing	
C.2.8	Exit Status and Errors	
C.2.8.1	Consequences of Shell Errors	
C.2.8.2	Exit Status for Commands	
C.2.9	Shell Commands	
C.2.9.1	Simple Commands	
C.2.9.2	Pipelines	
C.2.9.3	Lists	
C.2.9.4	Compound Commands	
C.2.9.5	Function Definition Command	
C.2.10	Shell Grammar	
C.2.10.1	Shell Grammar Lexical Conventions	
C.2.10.2	Shell Grammar Rules	
	WAAAAAWA AYWAYY HITTIINHHIIHHIIHHIIHHIIHHIIHHIIHHIIHHIIH	~~~

	C.2.11	Signals and Error Handling	253
	C.2.12	Shell Execution Environment	
	C.2.13	Pattern Matching Notation	
	C.2.13.1	Patterns Matching a Single Character	
	C.2.13.2	Patterns Matching Multiple Characters	
	C.2.13.3	Patterns Used for Filename Expansion	
	C.2.14	Special Built-In Utilities	
	C.3	Batch Environment Services and Utilities	
	C.3.1	Batch General Concepts	
	C.3.2	Batch Services	
	C.3.3	Common Behavior for Batch Environment Utilities	
	C.4	Utilities	
Part	D	Portability Considerations	265
Appendix	D	Portability Considerations (Informative)	
	D.1	User Requirements	
	D.1.1	Configuration Interrogation	
	D.1.2	Process Management	268
	D.1.3	Access to Data	
	D.1.4	Access to the Environment	
	D.1.5	Access to Determinism and Performance Enhancements	
	D.1.6	Operating System-Dependent Profile	
	D.1.7Te	JO Interaction D.D. E. V. I. F. V. V.	268
	D.1.8	Internationalization Interaction	269
	D.1.9	C Language Extensions a.h. a.i Command Language	269
	D.1.10		
	D.1.11	Interactive Facilities	269
	D.1.12	Accomplish Multiple Tasks Simultaneouslylards on the property Data Manifold House 1- aale-498e-9a7e-	269
	D.1.13	lards fen av standards sig /4ed8e51-aa1e-498e-9a/e- Complex Data Manipulation,	269
	D.1.14	ғие ніегагспу маніршаноп	209
	D.1.15	Locale Configuration	
	D.1.16	Inter-User Communication	270
	D.1.17	System Environment	
	D.1.18	Printing	270
	D.1.19	Software Development	270
	D.2	Portability Capabilities	270
	D.2.1	Configuration Interrogation	271
	D.2.2	Process Management	
	D.2.3	Access to Data	
	D.2.4	Access to the Environment	
	D.2.5	Bounded (Realtime) Response	
	D.2.6	Operating System-Dependent Profile	
	D.2.7	I/O Interaction	
	D.2.8	Internationalization Interaction	
	D.2.9	C-Language Extensions	
	D.2.10	Command Language	
	D.2.11	Interactive Facilities	274