

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 1263-2:2015

01-marec-2015

Nadomešča:

SIST EN 1263-2:2002

Začasne konstrukcije za gradnjo - Varovalne mreže - 2. del: Varnostne zahteve za nameščanje varovalnih mrež

Temporary works equipment - Safety nets - Part 2: Safety requirements for the positioning limits

Temporäre Konstruktionen für Bauwerke - Schutznetze (Sicherheitsnetze) - Teil 2: Sicherheitstechnische Anforderungen für die Errichtung von Schutznetzen

Équipement temporaires de chantiers de sécurité - Partie 2 : Exigences de sécurité concernant les limites de montagendards/sist/69907dad-54b9-43b7-baad-fe97624a88d8/sist-en-1263-2-2015

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 1263-2:2014

ICS:

13.340.60 Zaščita pred padci in zdrsi Protection against falling and

slipping

91.220 Gradbena oprema Construction equipment

SIST EN 1263-2:2015 en,fr,de

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SIST EN 1263-2:2015

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Supersedes EN 1263-2:2002

English Version

Temporary works equipment - Safety nets - Part 2: Safety requirements for the positioning limits

Équipement temporaires de chantiers - Filets de sécurité -Partie 2 : Exigences de sécurité concernant les limites de montage Temporäre Konstruktionen für Bauwerke - Schutznetze (Sicherheitsnetze) - Teil 2: Sicherheitstechnische Anforderungen für die Errichtung von Schutznetzen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 8 November 2014.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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EN 1263-2:2014 (E)

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Foreword

This document (EN 1263-2:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 53 "Temporary works equipment", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2015 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 1263-2:2002.

This European Standard is one of a series of standards as listed below:

- EN 1263-1, Temporary works equipment Safety nets Part 1: Safety requirements, test methods
- EN 1263-2, Temporary works equipment Safety nets Part 2: Safety requirements for the positioning limits

The significant changes incorporated in this revision are:

- revision of Figures 1, 2, 4, and 5, (standards.iteh.ai)
- complete editorial revision. b)

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

EN 1263-2:2014 (E)

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies safety requirements for the positioning of safety nets in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction manual and with the product specifications and for the testing of system S, system T, system U and system V safety nets in accordance with EN 1263-1.

Small safety nets of system S according to EN 1263-1 (less than 35 m² and 5,0 m on the shortest side) are not dealt with in this European Standard.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1263-1:2014, Temporary works equipment — Safety nets — Part 1: Safety requirements, test methods

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 1263-1:2014 apply.

4 Safety requirements

4.1 Instruction manual iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

For the use and application of safety nets an instruction manual (guidance) in accordance with EN 1263-1:2014, Clause 9 shall be included with each consignment of safety net. This instruction manual shall be available in the language of the user. It shall contain at least the following information:

- required anchorage forces; "standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/69907dad-54b9-43b7-baad-fe97624a88d8/sist-en-1263-2-2015
 maximum fall height;
- safety net linkage;

minimum catching width;

- minimum distance below the safety net;
- storage;
- examination;
- replacement.

In addition to these instructions, special installation instructions shall be followed according to the specific application of the net.

4.2 Fall height

The fall heights H_i , H_e and H_r are defined in Table 1.

Table 1 — Definitions of fall heights

	Figure	Definition	Comment
H_{i}	1	The vertical distance between the working level being safeguarded and the safety net	The maximum permissible fall height into a safety net is 6 m from the working level, which means that the maximum nominal fall height from the centre of gravity of a person is 7 m.
H _e	1, 2 and 5	The vertical distance between the edge of a working level being safeguarded and the safety net	This dimension is to be used to calculate the horizontal projection of the safety net beyond the working level above it. See Table 2.
H_{r}	1	The vertical distance between the working level being safeguarded and the 2 m wide border edge of the safety net.	Safety nets are less able to carry an impact load near the edges of the net. Therefore, the vertical distance at this point shall not exceed 3,0 m.

Safety nets should be erected as close as possible below the working level. Each of the fall heights H_i and H_e shall not exceed 6,0 m (see Figure 1, Figure 2 and Figure 5).

In addition to this, the reduced fall height H_r within 2 m of the border shall not exceed 3,0 m (see Figure 1).

4.3 Catching width (standards.iteh.ai)

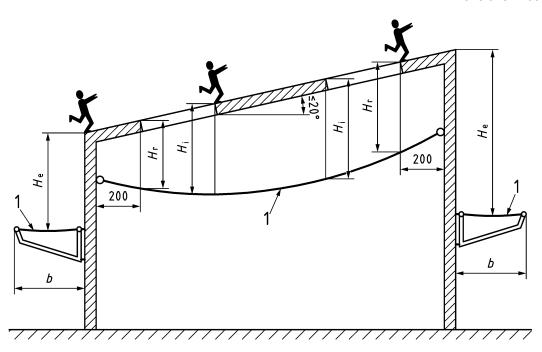
Dependent on the fall height, the catching width b of the safety net shall not be less than the values given in Table 2.

Table 2 — Fall heights and required catching widths

Fall height H_{e}	≤ 1,0 m	≤ 3,0 m	≤ 6,0 m
Catching width b	≥ 2,0 m	≥ 2,5 m	≥ 3,0 m

EN 1263-2:2014 (E)

Dimensions in centimetres



Key

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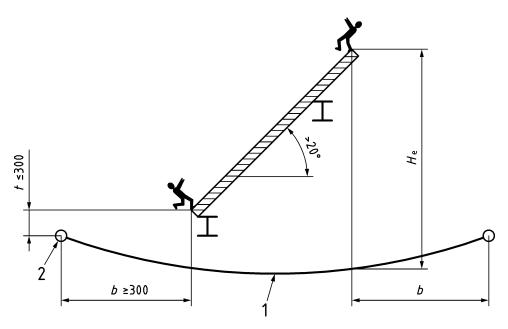
safety net

(standards.iteh.ai)
Figure 1 — Fall heights and required catching widths of working areas inclined between 0° and 20°

If the working area is inclined by more than 200 catalog/standards/sist/69907dad-54b9-43b7-baadfe97624a88d8/sist-en-1263-2-2015

- the catching width b shall be at least 3,0 m;
- the distance *t* between the outermost working point and the lowest point of the edge of the safety net shall not exceed 3,0 m (see Figure 2).

Dimensions in centimetres



Key

- 1 safety net
- 2 lowest point of the edge of the safety net ARD PREVIEW

Figure 2 — Fall heights and required catching widths of working areas inclined by more than 20°

5 Positioning of system S safety nets 263-2:2015

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/69907dad-54b9-43b7-baad-

5.1 Size of system S safety nets 624a88d8/sist-en-1263-2-2015

For the positioning of system S safety nets the smallest size shall be at least 35 m^2 . For rectangular safety nets the length of the shortest side shall be at least 5.0 m.

Small safety nets (less than 35 m^2 and 5.0 m on the shortest side) are not part of this standard and should be determined by national regulations where applicable.

5.2 Positioning fixings

System S safety nets shall be positioned with tie ropes or other devices on anchorage points capable of bearing the characteristic load. For attachment devices other than tie ropes a safety factor of 2 shall be used. The distance between the anchorage points shall be less than 2,5 m.

To calculate each anchorage point, the characteristic load P used shall be at least 6 kN with the fall height being 6,0 m. The assumed angle of this load shall be α = 45° (see Figure 3). For the calculation of the supporting framework only three characteristic loads of 4 kN, 6 kN and 4 kN shall be considered applied in the most unfavourable way (see Figure 3).