INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



111

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION●MEЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ⊕ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Textile machinery and accessories — Cones for yarn winding (cross wound) — Half angle of the cone 4° 20'

Matériel pour l'industrie textile – Cônes pour bobinage croisé – Demi-angle du cône 4° 20'

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FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 111 was developed by Technical Committee VIEW ISO/TC 72, Textile machinery and accessories, and was circulated to the member bodies in February 1977.

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It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

<u>ISO 111:19</u>78

Belgium kenyastandards.iteh.ai/catalosouth/Arfricast Rep.3 of 67-cfb6-451e-811b-

Czechoslovakia Korea, Rep. of 71728\$pan8e/iso-111-1978

France Mexico Switzerland
Germany Netherlands United Kingdom

India Poland U.S.S.R. Italy Romania Yugoslavia

The member body of the following country expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds:

Turkey

This International Standard cancels and replaces ISO Recommendation R 111-1959, of which it constitutes a technical revision.

Textile machinery and accessories — Cones for yarn winding (cross wound) — Half angle of the cone 4° 20'

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1 SCOPE AND FIELD OF APPLICATION

This International Standard specifies the dimensions and tolerances of cones for yarn winding (cross wound) required); the tolerances of cones for yarn winding (cross wound) required). dimensions and tolerances of the gauges for measuring the cone.

2 DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES

See figures and tables on page 2.

Dimensions which are not specified are left to the discretion of the manufacturer.

The width of wound yarn shall not exceed L = 25 mm.

The deviations from the nominal value 4° 20' of the half angle of cone are limited by the tolerances for D, D_1 and L as indicated in the table. They do not influence the practical use of the cones during winding and during further processes.

3 MATERIAL

The material may be untreated, impregnated or lacquered paper or suitable plastic.

The following details shall be specified:

- a) nature of yarn to be wound;
- b) treatment of surface;
- c) wall thickness (corresponding to the nature of yarn);

d) details of tailing groove and notch for tail (if grequired);

ards/sist/abc33067-cfb6-451e-811be/iso-111-69-number, size and location of perforation (if required).

The distance between the ends of the cone and edges of the nearest holes, if any, shall be 16 ± 0.5 mm.

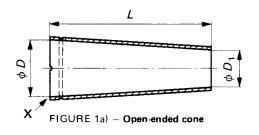
4 USE OF THE GAUGE

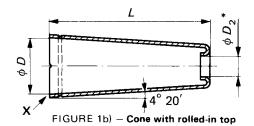
The inner dimensions of the cone are in accordance with this International Standard if the edge of the larger end of the cone, after it has been placed loosely on the gauge and then pressed home by hand, is between the tolerance marks.

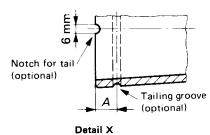
To check the smaller diameter of an open-ended cone additionally, it shall be placed with the smaller end first on the gauge. The edge of the smaller end of the cone must then be between the tolerance marks on the corresponding end of the gauge.

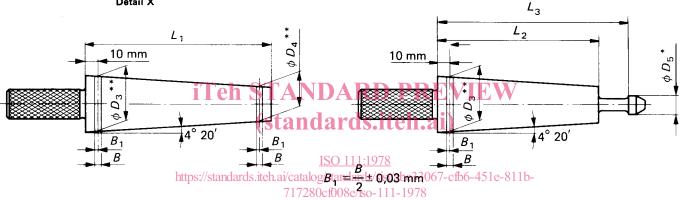
5 CHECKING OF THE LENGTH OF THE CONE

To check the tolerances of the length of the cone, a suitable gauge for checking lengths, for example a slide-gauge, has to be used. The conical gauges shown cannot be used for this purpose.









 ${\sf FIGURE\ 2a)-Gauge\ for\ open-ended\ cones}$

FIGURE 2b) - Gauge for cones with rolled-in top

TABLE 1 - Cones

TABLE 2 - Gauges

Values in millimetres

_						Value	s in milli	metres
D		L		D_1		D ₂ *		А
	Admiss- ible de- viations		Admiss- ible de- viations		Admiss- ible de- viations		Admiss- ible de- viations	
55		145	-	33	± 0,25	28	± 0,3	
59	± 0,25	170						8
80		200	± 2	49,7		40	± 0,5	°
		230		45,1		35		
104	± 0,4	290	± 2,5	60	± 0,4	50		10

D ₃ **	D ₄ **	L ₁	D ₅ * h9	L ₂ max.	L ₃ min.	<i>B</i> ± 0,03	
55	33	165	27,5	145	161		
59	3	190	27,5	170	186	2.2	
80	49,7	220	39,5	200	216	3,2	
80	45,1	250	34,5	230	246		
104	60	310	49,5	290	306	5,2	

[•] In certain cases, especially for automatic winding, dimensions D_2 and D_5 have to be agreed upon between the interested parties in relation to the wall thickness.

^{**} The tolerances of the cone diameters of the gauge, measured at any distance from the ends, shall be j_s6 (see ISO/R 286, ISO System of limits and fits - Part I: General, tolerances and deviations, page 23).