

SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 1092-1:2016

01-maj-2016

Prirobnice in prirobnični spoji - Okrogle prirobnice za cevi, ventile, fitinge in pribor z oznako PN - 1. del: Jeklene prirobnice

Flanges and their joints - Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, PN designated - Part 1: Steel flanges

Flansche und ihre Verbindungen - Runde Flansche für Rohre, Armaturen, Formstücke und Zubehörteile, nach PN bezeichnet - Teil 1: Stahlflansche

Brides et leurs assemblages - Brides circulaires pour tubes, appareils de robinetterie, raccords et accessoires, désignées PN - Partie 1 : Brides en acier_44d3-b7d7

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN 1092-1

ICS:

23.040.60 Prirobnice, oglavki in spojni Flanges, couplings and joints

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Flanges and their joints - Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, PN designated - Part 1: Steel flanges

Flansche und ihre Verbindungen - Runde Flansche für Rohre, Armaturen, Formstücke und Zubehörteile, nach PN bezeichnet - Teil 1: Stahlflansche

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 74.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

This document (prEN 1092-1:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 74 "Flanges and their joints", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This document is currently submitted to the CEN Enquiry.

This document will supersede EN 1092-1:2007+A1:2013.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of 97/23/EC.

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

The major changes against EN 1092-1:2007+A1:2013 are the following ones:

- a) standard references were updated;
- b) several changes were made in some synoptic tables;
- c) changes were implemented in thicknesses for types 36 and 37.

EN 1092, Flanges and their joints — Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, PN designated, consists of the following four parts:

- Part 1: Steel flanges;
- https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/065e9156-153h-44d3-b7d7
- Part 2: Cast iron flanges;
- Part 3: Copper alloy flanges;
- Part 4: Aluminium alloy flanges.

Introduction

When the Technical Committee CEN/TC 74 started its work of producing this European Standard, it took as its basis the International Standard ISO 7005-1, Steel flanges.

In taking this decision, CEN/TC 74, agreed that this standard would differ significantly from the ISO standard in respect of the following:

- a) whereas ISO 7005-1 included in its scope both the original DIN based flanges and also the original ANSI/ASME based flanges, prEN 1092-1 contains only the PN based flanges. CEN/TC 74 has produced a separate series of standards, EN 1759-1, EN 1759-3 and EN 1759-4, dealing with the ANSI/ASME based flanges in their original Class designations;
- b) the opportunity was taken to revise some of the technical requirements applicable to the DIN origin flanges.

Consequently, while the mating dimensions, the flange and facing types and designations are compatible with those given in ISO 7005-1, it is important to take account of the following differences which exist in prEN 1092-1:

- 1) the p/t ratings of this standard have been reduced in many cases by either limiting the lower temperature ratings which can no longer exceed the PN value, or by increasing the rate at which allowable pressures shall reduce with increase in temperature;
- 2) in addition to the range of PN 2,5 to PN 40 DIN origin flanges contained in the ISO standard, prEN 1092-1 also includes flanges up to PN 400.

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1 Scope

This draft European Standard for a single series of flanges specifies requirements for circular steel flanges in PN designations PN 2,5 to PN 400 and nominal sizes from DN 10 to DN 4000.

This draft European Standard specifies the flange types and their facings, dimensions, tolerances, threading, bolt sizes, flange jointing face surface finish, marking, materials, pressure/ temperature ratings and approximate flange masses.

For the purpose of this draft European Standard, "flanges" include also lapped ends and collars.

This draft European Standard applies to flanges manufactured in accordance with the methods described in Table 1.

Non-gasketed pipe joints are outside the scope of this draft European Standard.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 287-1, Qualification test of welders — Fusion welding —Part 1: Steels

EN 1514 (all parts), Flanges and their joints — Dimensions of gaskets for PN-designated flanges

EN 1515-1, Flanges and their joints — Bolting — Part 1: Selection of bolting

EN 1515-2, Flanges and their joints — Bolting — Part 2: Classification of bolt materials for steel flanges, PN designated

EN 1591-1, Flanges and their joints — Design rules for gasketed circular flange connections — Part 1: Calculation

EN 1708-1, Welding — Basic welded joint details in steel — Part 1: Pressurized components

EN 10021, General technical delivery conditions for steel products

EN 10028-2, Flat products made of steels for pressure purposes — Part 2: Non-alloy and alloy steels with specified elevated temperature properties

EN 10028-3, Flat products made of steels for pressure purposes — Part 3: Weldable fine grain steels, normalized

EN 10028-4, Flat products made of steels for pressure purposes — Part 4: Nickel alloy steels with specified low temperature properties

EN 10028-7, Flat products made of steels for pressure purposes — Part 7: Stainless steels

EN 10160:1999, Ultrasonic testing of steel flat product of thickness equal or greater than 6 mm (reflection method)

EN 10204, Metallic products — Types of inspection documents

EN 10213, Steel castings for pressure purposes

EN 10216-2, Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes — Technical delivery conditions — Part 2: Non-alloy and alloy steel tubes with specified elevated temperature properties

EN 10216-3, Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes — Technical delivery conditions — Part 3: Alloy fine grain steel tubes

EN 10216-4, Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes — Technical delivery conditions — Part 4: Non-alloy and alloy steel tubes with specified low temperature properties

EN 10216-5, Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes — Technical delivery conditions — Part 5: Stainless steel tubes

EN 10217-2, Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes — Technical delivery conditions — Part 2: Electric welded non-alloy and alloy steel tubes with specified elevated temperature properties

EN 10217-3, Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes — Technical delivery conditions — Part 3: Alloy fine grain steel tubes

EN 10217-7, Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes — Technical delivery conditions — Part 7: Stainless steel tubes

EN 10220, Seamless and welded steel tubes — Dimensions and masses per unit length

EN 10222-2, Steel forgings for pressure purposes — Part 2: Ferritic and martensitic steels with specified elevated temperature properties

EN 10222-3, Steel forgings for pressure purposes — Part 3: Nickel steels with specified low temperature properties

EN 10222-4, Steel forgings for pressure purposes — Part 4: Weldable fine grain steels with high proof strength 75(9)73cb(826/sist-en-1092-1-2018

EN 10222-5, Steel forgings for pressure purposes — Part 5: Martensitic, austenitic and austenitic-ferritic stainless steels

EN 10226-3, Pipes threads where pressure tight joint are made on the threads — Part 3: Verification by means of limit gauges

EN 10272, Stainless steel bars for pressure purposes

EN 10273, Hot rolled weldable steel bars for pressure purposes with specified elevated temperature properties

EN 12516-1, Industrial valves — Shell design strength — Part 1: Tabulation method for steel valve shells

EN 13445-3:2014, Unfired pressure vessels — Part 3: Design

EN 13480-3:2002, Metallic industrial piping — Part 3: Design and calculation

EN 22768-1, General tolerances — Part 1: Tolerances for linear and angular dimensions without individual tolerance indications (ISO 2768-1)

EN ISO 148-1, Metallic materials — Charpy pendulum impact test — Part 1: Test method (ISO 148-1)

EN ISO 887, Plain washers for metric bolts, screws and nuts for general purposes — General plan (ISO 887)

EN ISO 3452-1, Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing — Part 1: General principles (ISO 3452-1)

EN ISO 4014, Hexagon head bolts — Product grades A and B (ISO 4014)

EN ISO 4287, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters (ISO 4287)

EN ISO 5817, Welding — Fusion-welded joints in steel, nickel, titanium and their alloys (beam welding excluded) — Quality levels for imperfections (ISO 5817)

EN ISO 6892-1, Metallic materials — Tensile testing — Part 1: Method of test at room temperature (ISO 6892-1)

EN ISO 9692-2, Welding and allied processes - Joint preparation — Part 2: Submerged arc welding of steels (ISO 9692-2)

EN ISO 9712, Non-destructive testing — Qualification and certification of NDT personnel (ISO 9712)

EN ISO 10675-1, Non-destructive testing of welds — Acceptance levels for radiographic testing — Part 1: Steel, nickel, titanium and their alloys (ISO 10675-1)

EN ISO 11666, Non-destructive testing of welds — Ultrasonic testing — Acceptance levels (ISO 11666)

EN ISO 14732, Welding personnel — Qualification testing of welding operators and weld setters for mechanized and automatic welding of metallic materials (ISO 14732)

EN ISO 15614-1:2004, Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials—Welding procedure test—Part 1: Arc and gas welding of steels and arc welding of nickel and nickel alloys (ISO 15614-1:2004)

EN ISO 15614-13, Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials — Welding procedure test — Part 13: Upset (resistance butt) and flash welding (ISO 15614-13)

EN ISO 17636-1, Non-destructive testing of welds — Radiographic testing — Part 1: X- and gamma-ray techniques with film (ISO 17636-1)

EN ISO 17636-2, Non-destructive testing of welds — Radiographic testing — Part 2: X- and gamma-ray techniques with digital detectors (ISO 17636-2)

EN ISO 17637, Non-destructive testing of welds — Visual testing of fusion-welded joints (ISO 17637)

EN ISO 17638, Non-destructive testing of welds — Magnetic particle testing (ISO 17638)

EN ISO 17640, Non-destructive testing of welds — Ultrasonic testing — Techniques, testing levels, and assessment (ISO 17640)

EN ISO 23277:2009, Non-destructive testing of welds — Penetrant testing of welds — Acceptance levels (ISO 23277:2006)

EN ISO 23278:2009, Non-destructive testing of welds — Magnetic particle testing of welds — Acceptance levels (ISO 23278:2006)

ISO 7-1, Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are made on the threads — Part 1: Dimensions, tolerances and designation

ISO 4200, Plain end steel tubes, welded and seamless — General tables of dimensions and masses per unit length

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

DN

alphanumeric designation of size for components of a pipework system, which is used for reference purposes and which comprises the letters DN followed by a dimensionless whole number that is indirectly related to the physical size, in millimetres, of the bore or outside diameter of the end connections

Note 1 to entry: The number following the letters DN does not represent a measurable value and should not be used for calculation purposes except where specified in the relevant standard.

Note 2 to entry: In those standards which use the DN designation system, any relationship between DN and component dimensions should be given, e.g. DN/OD or DN/ID.

[SOURCE: EN ISO 6708:1995, 2.1] **STANDARD PREVIEW**

3.2

PN

alphanumeric designation which is used for reference purposes related to a combination of mechanical and dimensional characteristics of a component of a pipework system and which comprises the letters PN followed by a dimensionless number

Note 1 to entry: The number following the letters PN does not represent a measurable value and should not be used for calculation purposes except where specified in the relevant standard.

Note 2 to entry: The designation PN is not meaningful unless it is related to the relevant component standard number.

Note 3 to entry: The maximum allowable pressure of a pipework component depends on the PN number, the material and the design of the component, its maximum allowable temperature, etc. The relevant European Component standards include tables of specified pressure/temperature ratings or, in minimum, include rules how to determine pressure/temperature ratings.

Note 4 to entry: It is intended that all components with the same PN and DN designations have the same mating dimensions for compatible flange types.

[SOURCE: EN 1333:2006, 2.1]

3.3

maximum allowable pressure

PS

maximum pressure for which the equipment is designed, as specified by the equipment manufacturer

3.4

maximum allowable temperature

TS

maximum temperature for which the equipment is designed, as specified by the equipment manufacturer

3.5

pressure equipment manufacturer

individual or organization that is responsible for the design, fabrication, testing, inspection, installation of pressure equipment and assemblies where relevant

[SOURCE: EN 764-3:2002, 2.3]

3.6

flange manufacturer

individual or organization that is responsible for the compliance of the flanges with the requirements of this European Standard

3.7

purchaser

person or organization that orders products in accordance with this European Standard

Note 1 to entry: The purchaser is not necessarily, but may be, a manufacturer of pressure equipment in accordance with the EU Directive listed in Annex ZA. Where a purchaser has responsibilities under this EU Directive, this European Standard will provide a presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the Directive so identified in Annex ZA.

4 Designation

<u>SIST EN 1092-1:2018</u>

4.1 General₁/s://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/065e9156-153b-44d3-b7d7-

Table 6 specifies the flange types and collar types.

Figures 1 and 2 show flange types and collar types with the relevant flange type numbers. Flanges shall be denoted with "flange type" and the "flange description". Collar components shall be denoted with collar type and the collar description.

Figure 3 shows flange facing types, which may be used with the flanges or components shown in Figures 1 and 2. Flange facings shall be denoted with "type" and the relevant symbol.

The range of DN, applicable to each flange type and collar and to each PN, shall be as given in Table 7, however not all dimensions are existing for each type.

4.2 Standard designation

Flanges and collars in accordance with this standard shall be designated with the following:

- a) designation, e.g. flange, lapped end or collar;
- b) number of this European Standard, i.e. EN 1092-1;
- c) number of flange type or collar type in accordance with Figures 1 and 2;
- d) type of flange facing in accordance with Figure 3;
- e) DN (nominal size);

- f) bore diameter only if not according to this standard (for sizes greater than DN 600);
 - 1) B_1 (only for types 01, 12 and 32);
 - 2) B_2 (only for type 02);
 - 3) B_3 (only for type 04);
- g) wall thickness *S* only if not according to this European Standard (only for types 11 and 34, 35, 36 and 37);
- h) bevelled wall thickness *Sp* if required (only for types 11 and 34 to 37, see Annex A);
- i) PN designation;
- j) for type 13 flanges type of thread (R_p or R_c);
- k) material and material standard (if necessary);
- l) any heat treatment required;
- m) type of material certificate, if required (see 5.13).

EXAMPLE 1 Designation of a flange type 11 with facing type B2 of nominal size DN 200, wall thickness 9 mm, PN 100, made of material P245GH:

Flange EN 1092-1/11/B2/DN 200 × 9/PN 100/P245GH

EXAMPLE 2 Designation of a flange type 01 of nominal size DN 800, with bore diameter B_1 = 818 mm, PN 6, made of material P265GH:

Flange EN 1092-1/01/DN 800/818/PN 6/P265GH

EXAMPLE 3 Designation of a collar type 32 of nominal size DN 400, PN 10 and made of material P265GH:

Collar EN 1092-1/32/DN 400/PN 10/P265GH

EXAMPLE 4 Designation of a flange type 02 of nominal size DN 400, PN 10 and made of material 1.0425:

Flange EN 1092-1/02/DN 400/PN 10/1.0425

5 General requirements

5.1 Materials

5.1.1 General

Flanges and collars to be used in pressure equipment shall be manufactured from materials fulfilling the essential safety requirements of Directive 97/23/EC. Materials specifications which meet the requirements for this European Standard are given in Table 9 (see also Annex D).

Collars type 35 to 37 shall only be manufactured of austenitic/austenitic ferritic steel.

The fabricated flange shall fulfil the mechanical properties of the material standard.

WARNING — The restrictions of the different material standards shall be followed.

NOTE 1 The materials given in Table 9 (see also Annex D) are tabulated in material groups containing materials of similar chemical/mechanical properties and corrosion resistance in order to facilitate an equivalent application of materials in a group depending on pressure, temperature and fluid.

NOTE 2 The materials of ancillary components (for example rings according to Annex H) are not within the scope of this European Standard.

5.1.2 Methods of manufacture related to base material

Methods of manufacture: see Table 1.

Mechanical properties are dependent from dimensions of unmachined parts ($_{"}v_{"}$ " for forgings, $_{"}t$ " for flat products).

As the result of the machining this dimensions will be reduced. It shall be ensured that for machined flanges and collars the flange dimensions C_1 to C_4 or F shall not be less than 80 % of " v_R " for forgings, "t" for flat products.

Any deviations from the above should be agreed between the manufacturer and purchaser.

Table 1 — Methods of manufacture

Type of Flange and Collar	Forged ^a	Cast	Made from flat products (plates)	Machined from rolled or forged bars and forged sectional steel	Bent and electric welded form bars, sectional steel or strip b, c, d, e	Pressed from welded or seamless pipes or flat products
01 (Plate flange for welding)	yes	no	yes	dl) yes	yes	no
02 (Loose plate flange for Types 32—37)	yes IST EN	no 1092-1	yes 2018	yes	yes	no
04 (Loose plate flange for Type 34)	aloyestan	dands/s	yes	156-152b-44d	3-b7d7 _{yes}	no
05 (Blind flange)	yes	no	yes	yes	no	no
11 (Weld-neck flange)	yes	no	no	yes	yes, for ≥ DN 700	no
12 (Hubbed slip-on flange for welding)	yes	no	no	yes	no	no
13 (Hubbed threaded flange)	yes	no	no	yes	no	no
21 (Integral flange)	yes	yes	no	yes	no	no
32 (Weld-on plate collar)	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	no
33 (Lapped end pipe)	yes	no	yes	no	yes	yes
34 (Weld-neck collar)	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	no
35 (Welding neck)	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	no
36 (Pressed collar with long neck)	yes	no	no	no	yes	yes
37 (Pressed collar)	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes

a Seamless rolled, pressed, forged.

b Only one radial weld is allowed under DN 1800. If using cut strips for manufacturing, the through thickness direction of the strip for type 11 and 34 shall be perpendicular to the flange centerline, for Type 01, 02, 04 and 32 in the direction of the flange centreline.

c For welding: see 5.11.

d Welded flanges allowed only for an application up to 370 °C in conformance with EN 13480–3:2002, D.4.4.

e In case flanges are made by cold forming of a base material e.g. flat product, some mechanical properties, like elongation after fracture (A) and impact energy (KV), will be impaired due to cold forming without subsequently heat treatment.