



SLOVENSKI STANDARD

SIST-TS ISO/TS 22003:2011

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Sistemi vodenja varnosti živil - Zahteve za organe, ki izvajajo presoje in certificiranje sistemov vodenja varnosti živil

Food safety management systems -- Requirements for bodies providing audit and certification of food safety management systems

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Systèmes de management de la sécurité des denrées alimentaires -- Exigences pour les organismes procédant à l'audit et à la certification de systèmes de management de la sécurité des denrées alimentaires

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Food safety management systems — Requirements for bodies providing audit and certification of food safety management systems

*Systèmes de management de la sécurité des denrées alimentaires —
Exigences pour les organismes procédant à l'audit et à la certification
de systèmes de management de la sécurité des denrées alimentaires*

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ISO/TS 22003:2007(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

In other circumstances, particularly when there is an urgent market requirement for such documents, a technical committee may decide to publish other types of normative document:

- an ISO Publicly Available Specification (ISO/PAS) represents an agreement between technical experts in an ISO working group and is accepted for publication if it is approved by more than 50 % of the members of the parent committee casting a vote;
- an ISO Technical Specification (ISO/TS) represents an agreement between the members of a technical committee and is accepted for publication if it is approved by 2/3 of the members of the committee casting a vote.

This document is being issued in the Technical Specification series of publications (according to the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1, 3.1) as a “prospective standard for provisional application” in the field of food safety because there is an urgent need for guidance on how standards in this field should be used to meet an identified need.

This document is not to be regarded as an “International Standard”. It is proposed for provisional application so that information and experience of its use in practice may be gathered. Comments on the content of this document should be sent to the ISO Central Secretariat.

A review of this Technical Specification will be carried out not later than 3 years after its publication with the options of: extension for another 3 years; conversion into an International Standard; or withdrawal.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/TS 22003 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34, *Food products*, in collaboration with *ISO Committee on conformity assessment (ISO/CASCO)*.

Introduction

Certification of the food safety management system (FSMS) of an organization is one means of providing assurance that the organization has implemented a system for the management of food safety in line with its policy.

Requirements for FSMSs can originate from a number of sources, and this Technical Specification has been developed to assist in the certification of FSMSs that fulfill the requirements of ISO 22000, *Food safety management systems — Requirements for any organization in the food chain*. The contents of this Technical Specification may also be used to support certification of FSMSs that are based on other sets of specified FSMS requirements.

This Technical Specification is intended for use by bodies that carry out audit and certification of FSMSs. It gives generic requirements for such certification bodies performing audit and certification in the field of food safety management systems. Such bodies are referred to as certification bodies. This wording should not be an obstacle to the use of this Technical Specification by bodies with other designations that undertake activities covered by the scope of this document. Indeed, this Technical Specification should be usable by any body involved in the assessment of FSMSs.

Certification activities involve the audit of an organization's FSMS. The form of attestation of conformity of an organization's FSMS to a specific FSMS standard (for example ISO 22000) or other specified requirements is normally a certification document or a certificate.

It is for the organization being certified to develop its own management systems (including ISO 22000 FSMS, other sets of specified FSMS requirements, quality management systems, environmental management systems or occupational health and safety management systems) and, other than where relevant legislative requirements specify to the contrary, it is for the organization to decide how the various components of these will be arranged. The degree of integration between the various management system components will vary from organization to organization. It is therefore appropriate for certification bodies that operate in accordance with this Technical Specification to take into account the culture and practices of their clients with respect to the integration of their FSMSs within the wider organization.

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Food safety management systems — Requirements for bodies providing audit and certification of food safety management systems

1 Scope

This Technical Specification

- defines the rules applicable for the audit and certification of a food safety management system (FSMS) complying with the requirements given in ISO 22000 (or other sets of specified FSMS requirements), and
- provides the necessary information and confidence to customers about the way certification of their suppliers has been granted.

Certification of FSMSs (named “certification” in this Technical Specification) is a third-party conformity assessment activity (see ISO/IEC 17000:2004, 5.5). Bodies performing this activity are therefore third-party conformity assessment bodies (named “certification body/bodies” in this Technical Specification).

NOTE 1 Certification of an FSMS is sometimes also called “registration”, and certification bodies are sometimes called “registrars”.

NOTE 2 A certification body can be non-governmental or governmental (with or without regulatory authority).

NOTE 3 This Technical Specification is primarily intended to be used as a criteria document for the accreditation or peer assessment of certification bodies which seek to be recognized as being competent to certify that an FSMS complies with ISO 22000. It is also intended to be used as a criteria document by regulatory authorities and industry consortia which engage in direct recognition of certification bodies to certify that an FSMS complies with ISO 22000. Some of its requirements could also be found useful by any other parties involved in the conformity assessment of such certification bodies, and in the conformity assessment of any bodies that undertake to certify the compliance of FSMSs with criteria additional to or other than those in ISO 22000.

FSMS certification does not attest to the safety or fitness of the products of an organization within the food chain. However, ISO 22000 requires an organization to meet all applicable food-safety-related statutory and regulatory requirements through its management system.

It is important to note that certification of an FSMS according to ISO 22000 is a management system certification and not a product certification.

Other FSMS users can use the concepts and requirements of this Technical Specification provided that the requirements are adapted as necessary.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 19011:2002, *Guidelines for quality and/or environmental management systems auditing*

ISO 22000:2005, *Food safety management systems — Requirements for any organization in the food chain*

ISO/TS 22003:2007(E)

ISO/IEC 17000:2004, *Conformity assessment — Vocabulary and general principles*

ISO/IEC 17021:2006, *Conformity assessment — Requirements for bodies providing audit and certification of management systems*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 17000, ISO/IEC 17021, ISO 22000 and the following apply.

NOTE In this Technical Specification, the terms “product” and “service” are used separately, which is not in accordance with the definition of product given in ISO/IEC 17000.

**3.1 hazard analysis and critical control point
HACCP**

system which identifies, evaluates and controls hazards which are significant for food safety

NOTE Adapted from Reference [8].

**3.2 food safety management system
FSMS**

set of interrelated or interacting elements to establish policy and objectives and to achieve those objectives, used to direct and control an organization with regard to food safety

NOTE See 3.2.1, 3.2.2 and 3.2.3 of ISO 9000:2005.

4 Principles

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The principles given in Clause 4 of ISO/IEC 17021:2006 are the basis for the subsequent specific performance and descriptive requirements in this Technical Specification. This Technical Specification does not give specific requirements for all situations that can occur. These principles should be applied as guidance for the decisions that may need to be made for unanticipated situations. Principles are not requirements.

The term “management system” used in ISO/IEC 17021 shall be replaced by “food safety management system” in the context of this Technical Specification.

5 General requirements**5.1 General**

All the requirements given in Clause 5 of ISO/IEC 17021:2006 apply.

5.2 Management of impartiality

The certification body and any part of the same legal entity shall not offer or provide hazard analysis consultancy, FSMS consultancy or management system consultancy.

The fact that the organization employing the auditor is known to have provided hazard analysis consultancy, FSMS consultancy or management system consultancy on the management system, within two years following the end of the consultancy, is likely to be considered as a high threat to impartiality.

The term “management system consultancy” mentioned in 5.2 of ISO/IEC 17021:2006 shall be replaced in the context of this Technical Specification by “hazard analysis consultancy, FSMS consultancy or management system consultancy”.

6 Structural requirements

All the requirements given in Clause 6 of ISO/IEC 17021:2006 apply.

7 Resource requirements

7.1 Competence of management and personnel

All the requirements given in 7.1 of ISO/IEC 17021:2006 apply.

Additionally, the certification body shall have processes to ensure that personnel have appropriate knowledge relevant to the categories (see Annex A) in which it operates.

7.2 Personnel involved in the certification activities

7.2.1 General

7.2.1.1 All the requirements given in 7.2 of ISO/IEC 17021:2006 apply.

7.2.1.2 The certification body shall ensure that all personnel involved in the audit and certification activities possess the following personal attributes. The personnel shall be

- a) ethical (i.e. fair, truthful, sincere, honest and discreet),
- b) open-minded (i.e. willing to consider alternative ideas or points of view),
- c) diplomatic (i.e. tactful in dealing with people),
- d) observant (i.e. actively aware of physical surroundings and activities),
- e) perceptive (i.e. instinctively aware of and able to understand situations),
- f) versatile (i.e. adjust readily to different situations),
- g) tenacious (i.e. persistent, focused on achieving objectives),
- h) decisive (i.e. reach timely conclusions based on logical reasoning and analysis), and
- i) self-reliant (i.e. act and function independently while interacting effectively with others).

7.2.2 Personnel carrying out contract review

7.2.2.1 Education

The certification body shall ensure that personnel carrying out contract review have the knowledge corresponding to a secondary education.