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Multilayer piping systems for hot and cold water installations inside buildings —

Part 3: Fittings

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 21003-3 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 138, *Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Plastics pipes and fittings for water supplies*.

ISO 21003 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Multilayer piping systems for hot and cold water installations inside buildings:*

- Part 1: General
- Part 2: Pipes

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- Part 3: Fittings
- Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system
- Part 7: Guidance for the assessment of conformity [Technical Specification]
- NOTE ISO 21003 does not include a Part 4: Ancillary equipment, or a Part 6: Guidance for installation.

Introduction

The system standard of which this is Part 3 specifies the requirements for a multilayer piping system.

The multilayer piping system is intended to be used for hot and cold water installations inside buildings.

In respect of potentially adverse effects on the quality of water intended for human consumption caused by the products covered by ISO 21003:

- no information is provided as to whether the products may be used without restriction in any of the member states of the EU or EFTA;
- it should be noted that, while awaiting the adoption of verifiable European criteria, existing national regulations concerning the use and/or the characteristics of these products remain in force.

Requirements and test methods for materials and components other than fittings are specified in ISO 21003-1 and ISO 21003-2. Characteristics for fitness for purpose (mainly for joints) are covered in ISO 21003-5. ISO/TS 21003-7 gives guidance on the assessment of conformity.

This part of ISO 21003 specifies the characteristics of fittings.

Teh STANDARD PREVIEW Other system standards which, at the date of publication of this part of ISO 21003, had been published for plastics piping systems used for the same application are listed in Annex A.

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Multilayer piping systems for hot and cold water installations inside buildings —

Part 3: Fittings

1 Scope

This part of ISO 21003 specifies the characteristics of fittings for multilayer piping systems intended to be used for hot and cold water installations inside buildings for the conveyance of water — whether or not the water is intended for human consumption (domestic systems) or for heating systems — under specified design pressures and temperatures appropriate to the class of application (see Table 1 of ISO 21003-1:2008).

It also specifies the test parameters for the test methods referred to in this part of ISO 21003.

ISO 21003 is a reference product standard. It is applicable to multilayer pipes, fittings, their joints, and also to joints with components made of other plastics and non-plastics materials intended to be used for hot and cold water installations. This part of ISO 21003 is intended for use only in conjunction with all the other parts of ISO 21003.

This part of ISO 21003 covers fusion, solvent-cemented and mechanical fittings for a range of service conditions (application classes) and design pressures. It is not applicable for values of design temperature, $T_{\rm D}$, maximum design temperature, $T_{\rm max}$, and malfunction temperature, $T_{\rm mal}$, in excess of those in Table 1 of ISO 21003-1:2008.

NOTE 1 It is the responsibility of the purchaser or specifier to make the appropriate selections from these aspects, taking into account their particular requirements and any relevant national regulations and installation practices or codes.

The polymeric materials used for the stress-designed layers are the following: polybutylene (PB), polyethylene of raised temperature resistance (PE-RT), crosslinked polyethylene (PE-X), polypropylene (PP) and chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C).

The PE-X used shall be fully crosslinked and shall comply with the requirements of the relevant reference product standard (ISO 15875).

NOTE 2 For the purposes of ISO 21003, crosslinked polyethylene (PE-X) as well as adhesives are considered as thermoplastic materials.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 228-1, Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are not made on the threads — Part 1: Dimensions, tolerances and designation

ISO 1167-1, Thermoplastics pipes, fittings and assemblies for the conveyance of fluids — Determination of the resistance to internal pressure — Part 1: General method

ISO 1167-2, Thermoplastics pipes, fittings and assemblies for the conveyance of fluids — Determination of the resistance to internal pressure — Part 2: Preparation of pipe test pieces

ISO 1167-3, Thermoplastics pipes, fittings and assemblies for the conveyance of fluids — Determination of the resistance to internal pressure — Part 3: Preparation of components

ISO 1167-4, Thermoplastics pipes, fittings and assemblies for the conveyance of fluids — Determination of the resistance to internal pressure — Part 4: Preparation of assemblies

ISO 3126, Plastics piping systems — Plastics components — Determination of dimensions

ISO 7686, Plastics pipes and fittings — Determination of opacity

ISO 9080, Plastics piping and ducting systems — Determination of the long-term hydrostatic strength of thermoplastics material in pipe form by extrapolation

ISO 15874-3, Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Polypropylene (PP) — Part 3: Fittings

ISO 15875-3, Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Crosslinked polyethylene (PE-X) — Part 3: Fittings

ISO 15876-3, Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Polybutylene (PB) — Part 3: Fittings

ISO 15877-3, Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) — Part 3: Fittings (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 21003-1:2008, Multilayer piping systems for hot and cold water installations inside buildings — Part 1: General ISO 21003-3:2008

ISO 21003-2, Multilayer piping systems for hot and cold water installation inside buildings — Part 2: Pipes

ISO 21003-5, Multilayer piping systems for hot and cold water installations inside buildings — Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system

ISO 22391-3:—¹⁾, Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Polyethylene of raised temperature resistance (PE-RT) — Part 3: Fittings

EN 681-1, Elastomeric seals — Materials requirements for pipe joint seals used in water and drainage applications — Part 1: Vulcanized rubber

EN 681-2, Elastomeric seals — Materials requirements for pipe joint seals used in water and drainage applications — Part 2: Thermoplastic elastomers

EN 1254-3, Copper and copper alloys — Plumbing fittings — Part 3: Fittings with compression ends for use with plastics pipes

EN 10088-1, Stainless steels — Part 1: List of stainless steels

EN 10226-1, Pipe threads where pressure tight joints are made on the threads — Part 1: Taper external threads and parallel internal threads — Dimensions, tolerances and designation

¹⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 22391-3:2007)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 21003-1 and the following apply.

3.1

fitting

piping system component which connects two or more pipes and/or fittings together without any further function

NOTE 1 Examples of mechanical fittings are compression fittings, crimped fittings, flanged fittings, flat seat union fittings and push fittings.

NOTE 2 Examples of fusion fittings are socket fusion fittings, electrofusion fittings, fittings with incorporated inserts and solvent-cemented fittings.

4 Symbols and abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the symbols and abbreviated terms given in ISO 21003-1 apply.

5 Material characteristics

5.1 Plastics fitting materials specified in reference product standards

Teh STANDARD PREVIEW When applicable, the material characteristics shall be evaluated in accordance with the relevant reference product standards (see Annex A). (standards.iteh.ai)

Clean own reprocessable material (excluding PE-X) which is the same as the virgin material may be added to that virgin material. External reprocessable material shall not be used.

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5.2 Plastics fitting materials not specified in reference product standards

The fitting material in the form of injection-moulded tubular test pieces or extruded pipe shall be evaluated by the method given in ISO 9080, or equivalent, by internal pressure testing carried out in accordance with the relevant parts of ISO 1167. In addition, the thermal stability shall be evaluated at 110 °C for 1 year.

If evaluation using the method given in ISO 9080, or equivalent, is available from long-term internal pressure tests on extruded pipes of the same compound as used for the fitting, the hydrostatic stress levels shall be determined at the test temperatures and for the test times given in Table 1.

	All application	Application class				
	classes	Class 1	Class 2	Class 4	Class 5	
Maximum design temperature, T _{max} , in °C	—	80	80	70	90	
Test temperature, T _{test} , in °C	20	95 ^a	95 ^a	80	95	
Test duration, in h	1	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	
^a Conducted at 95 °C to suit existing test facilities.						

Table 1 — Determination of the control points for testing fitting materials

It is recommended that the nominal diameter of the injection-moulded tubular test pieces be in the range of nominal diameters of fittings normally produced by the manufacturer.