

#### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 16603-20-06:2014

01-september-2014

Vesoljska tehnika - Napajanje vesoljskih plovil

Space engineering - Spacecraft charging

Raumfahrttechnik - Aufladung von Raumfahrzeugen

Ingéniérie spatiale - Charges électrostatique des vehicules spatiales

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 16603-20-06:2014

SIST EN 16603-20-06:2014

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/97ac93c6-f720-4019-a447-14793a2a0edc/sist-en-16603-20-06-2014

ICS:

49.140 Vesoljski sistemi in operacije Space systems and operations

SIST EN 16603-20-06:2014 en

SIST EN 16603-20-06:2014

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN 16603-20-06:2014</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/97ac93c6-f720-4019-a447-14793a2a0edc/sist-en-16603-20-06-2014

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM EN 16603-20-06

July 2014

ICS 49.140

#### English version

#### Space engineering - Spacecraft charging

Ingéniérie spatiale - Charges électrostatique des vehicules spatiales

Raumfahrttechnik - Aufladung von Raumfahrzeugen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 10 February 2014.

CEN and CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN and CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN and CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN and CENELEC members are the national standards bodies and national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.

SIST EN 16603-20-06:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/97ac93c6-f720-4019-a447-14793a2a0edc/sist-en-16603-20-06-2014





CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

## **Table of contents**

Forew	ord		9
Introd	uction		10
1 Sco	pe		12
2 Norı	mative r	references	13
3 Tern	ns, defi	nitions and abbreviated terms	14
3.1	Terms	defined in other standards	14
3.2	Terms	specific to the present standard	14
3.3	Abbrev	riated terms	17
4 Ove	rview	iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW	19
4.1	Plasma	a interaction effects and ards.iteh.ai)	19
	4.1.1	Presentation	19
	4.1.2	SIST EN 16603-20-06:2014  Most common engineering concerns 7ac93c6-f720-4019-a447-	19
	4.1.3	Overview of physical mechanisms 3-20-06-2014	
4.2	Relatio	nship with other standards	22
5 Prot	ection p	orogramme	24
6 Surf	ace ma	terial requirements	25
6.1	Overvi	ew	25
	6.1.1	Description and applicability	25
	6.1.2	Purpose common to all spacecraft	26
	6.1.3	A special case: scientific spacecraft with plasma measurement instruments	26
6.2	Genera	al requirements	26
	6.2.1	Maximum permitted voltage	26
	6.2.2	Maximum resistivity	27
6.3	Electric	cal continuity, including surfaces and structural and mechanical parts	27
	6.3.1	Grounding of surface metallic parts	27
	6.3.2	Exceptions	28
	6.3.3	Electrical continuity for surface materials	29

6.4	Surface charging analysis32		
6.5	Deliberate potentials		
6.6	Testing	g of materials and assemblies	32
	6.6.1	General	32
	6.6.2	Material characterization tests	33
	6.6.3	Material and assembly qualification	34
6.7	Scientif	fic spacecraft with plasma measurement instruments	34
6.8	Verifica	ation	35
	6.8.1	Grounding	35
	6.8.2	Material selection	35
	6.8.3	Environmental effects	35
	6.8.4	Computer modelling	36
6.9	Trigger	ing of ESD	36
7 Seco	ndary a	arc requirements	37
7.1	Descrip	otion and applicability	37
7.2		ırrays	38
	7.2.1	Overviewh STANDARD PREVIEW	38
	7.2.2	General requirent dards.itch.ai)	38
	7.2.3	Testing of solar arrays	
7.3	Other e	exposed parts of the power system including solar array drive nisms	42
8 Hiah		e system requirements	
8.1	_	otion	
8.2	•	ements	
8.3	•	ion	
	_	ts and materials requirements	
9.1	-	otion	
9.2		al	
	9.2.1	Internal charging and discharge effects	
	9.2.2	Grounding and connectivity	
	9.2.3	Dielectric electric fields and voltages	
9.3	Validat	ion	47
10 Tetl	ner req	uirements	50
10.1	Descrip	otion	50
10.2	Genera	al	50

		10.2.1	Hazards arising on tethered spacecraft due to voltages generated by conductive tethers	50
		10.2.2	Current collection and resulting problems	50
		10.2.3	Hazards arising from high currents flowing through the tether and spacecraft structures	51
		10.2.4	Continuity of insulation.	51
		10.2.5	Hazards from undesired conductive paths	51
		10.2.6	Hazards from electro-dynamic tether oscillations	51
		10.2.7	Other effects	51
	10.3	Validation	on	52
11	Elec	tric pro	pulsion requirements	53
		_	·	
		11.1.1	Description	53
		11.1.2	Coverage of the requirements	53
	11.2	General		55
		11.2.1	Spacecraft neutralization	55
		11.2.2	Beam neutralization	56
		11.2.3	Beam neutralization ITeh STANDARD PREVIEW Contamination	56
		11.2.4	Sputtering (standards.iteh.ai)	57
		11.2.5	Neutral gas effects 15T'EN 16603-20-062014	57
	11.3	Validation	nhttps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/97ac93c6-f720-4019-a447-	
		11.3.1	14793a2a0edc/sist-en-16603-20-06-2014 Ground testing	57
		11.3.2	Computer modelling characteristics	58
		11.3.3	In-flight monitoring	58
		11.3.4	Sputtering	58
		11.3.5	Neutral gas effects	58
Αı	nnex	A (norm	native) Electrical hazard mitigation plan - DRD	60
	A.1	DRD ide	entification	60
		A.1.1	Requirement identification and source document	60
		A.1.2	Purpose and objective	60
	A.2	Expecte	d response	60
		A.2.1	Scope and content	60
		A.2.2	Special remarks	61
Αı	nnex	<b>B</b> (infor	mative) Tailoring guidelines	62
	B.1	Overvie	w	62
	B.2	LEO		62
		B.2.1	General	62

	B.2.2	LEO orbits with high inclination	63
B.3	MEO a	and GEO orbits	63
B.4	Space	craft with onboard plasma detectors	63
B.5	Tethered spacecraft		
B.6	Active spacecraft		
B.7	Solar V	Vind	64
B.8	Other p	olanetary magnetospheres	64
Annex	C (info	rmative) Physical background to the requirements	65
C.1	Introdu	iction	65
C.2	Definiti	ion of symbols	65
C.3	Electro	static sheaths	65
	C.3.1	Introduction	65
	C.3.2	The electrostatic potential	66
	C.3.3	The Debye length	66
	C.3.4	Presheath	67
	C.3.5	Models of current through the sheath	68
	C.3.6	Thin sheath + space-charge-limited model	68
	C.3.7	Thick sheath - orbit motion limited (OML) model	69
	C.3.8	General case	70
	C.3.9	SIST EN 16603-20-06:2014  Magnetic field modification of charging currents  Magnetic field modification of charging currents	70
C.4	Curren	t collection and grounding to the plasma 96-2014	
C.5	Externa	al surface charging	71
	C.5.1	Definition	71
	C.5.2	Processes	71
	C.5.3	Effects	72
	C.5.4	Surface emission processes	72
	C.5.5	Floating potential	73
	C.5.6	Conductivity and resistivity	74
	C.5.7	Time scales	76
C.6	Space	craft motion effects	76
	C.6.1	Wakes	76
	C.6.2	Motion across the magnetic field	79
C.7	Induce	d plasmas	80
	C.7.1	Definition	80
	C.7.2	Electric propulsion thrusters	81
	C.7.3	Induced plasma characteristics	81
	C.7.4	Charge-exchange effects	82

	C.7.5	Neutral particle effects	83
	C.7.6	Effect on floating potential	83
C.8	Interna	al and deep-dielectric charging	83
	C.8.1	Definition	83
	C.8.2	Relationship to surface charging	84
	C.8.3	Charge deposition	85
	C.8.4	Material conductivity	85
	C.8.5	Time dependence	88
	C.8.6	Geometric considerations	88
	C.8.7	Isolated internal conductors	89
	C.8.8	Electric field sensitive systems	89
C.9	Discha	rges and transients	90
	C.9.1	General definition	90
	C.9.2	Review of the process	90
	C.9.3	Dielectric material discharge.	91
	C.9.4	Metallic discharge	93
	C.9.5	Internal dielectric discharge	94
	C.9.6	Secondary powered discharge (Standards.iteh.ai)  Discharge thresholds	95
	C.9.7		
Annex	<b>D</b> (info	rmative) Charging simulation. https://standards.gen.acatalog/standards/sis/97ac93c6-1720-4019-a447-	97
D.1	Surface	e charging code\$793a2a0edc/sist-en-16603-20-06-2014	97
	D.1.1	Introduction	97
D.2	Interna	al charging codes	99
	D.2.1	DICTAT	99
	D.2.2	ESADDC	99
	D.2.3	GEANT-4	100
	D.2.4	NOVICE	100
D.3	Enviror	nment model for internal charging	100
	D.3.1	FLUMIC	100
	D.3.2	Worst case GEO spectrum	100
Annex	E (info	rmative) Testing and measurement	101
E.1	Definiti	ion of symbols	101
E.2		array testing	
	E.2.1	Solar cell sample	101
	E.2.2	Pre-testing of the solar array simulator (SAS)	102
	E.2.2 E.2.3	Solar array test procedure	
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	104

	E.2.5	The solar panel simulation device	109
E.3	Measur	ement of conductivity and resistivity	110
	E.3.1	Determination of intrinsic bulk conductivity by direct measurement	110
	E.3.2	Determination of radiation-induced conductivity coefficients by direct measurement	112
	E.3.3	Determination of conductivity and radiation-induced conductivity by electron irradiation	113
	E.3.4	The ASTM method for measurement of surface resistivity and its adaptation for space used materials	113
Refere	nces		115
Biblio	graphy		119
Figure			
-		icability of electrical continuity requirements	
Figure	7-1: Sola	r array test set-up	41
•		ematic diagram of potential variation through sheath and pre-sheath	
Figure	C-2 : Exa	mple secondary yield curve	73
Figure	C-3 : Sch	nematic diagram of wake structure around an object at relative motion respect to a plasmal ndar ds.iten.al	
Figure	C-4 : Sch	ematic diagram of void region	78
Figure	C-5 : Sch	ematic/diagram.of/internal/charging/in/a/planar/dielectric/	84
Figure	C-6 : Diel	lectric discharge mechanism.	92
Figure	C-7 :Sha <sub>l</sub>	pe of the current in relation to discharge starting point	92
Figure		imple of discharge on pierced aluminized Teflon® irradiated by crons with energies ranging from 0 to 220 keV	93
Figure		ematic diagram of discharge at a triple point in the inverted voltage ient configuration with potential contours indicated by colour scale	94
Figure		otograph of solar cells sample – Front face & Rear face ntor Sample. Picture from Denis Payan - CNES®)	102
Figure I	E-2 : Sch	ematic diagram of power supply test circuit	103
Figure	E-3 : Exa	mple of a measured power source switch response	103
Figure I	E-4 : Exa	mple solar array simulator	104
Figure I	E-5 : Abs	olute capacitance of the satellite	105
Figure	E-6 : Jun	ction capacitance of a cell versus to voltage	107
Figure	E-7 : The	shortened solar array sample and the missing capacitances	108
Figure	E-8 : Disc	charging circuit oscillations	109
Figure	E-9 : Effe	ect of an added resistance in the discharging circuit (SAS + resistance) .	109
Figure	E-10 : Se	tup simulating the satellite including flashover current	110

Figure E-11 : Basic arrangement of apparatus for measuring dielectric conductivity in planar samples	111
Figure E-12 : Arrangement for measuring cable dielectric conductivity and cross- section through co-axial cable	111
Figure E-13 : Arrangement for carrying out conductivity tests on planar samples under irradiation	112
Figure E-14 : Basic experimental set up for surface conductivity	114
Tables	
Table 4-1: List of electrostatic and other plasma interaction effects on space systems	21
Table 7-1: Tested voltage-current combinations	38
Table 7-2: Typical inductance values for cables	42
Table C-1 : Parameters in different regions in space	67
Table C-2 : Typical plasma parameters for LEO and GEO	78
Table C-3 : Plasma conditions on exit plane of several electric propulsion thrusters	82
Table C-4 : Emission versus backflow current magnitudes for several electric propulsion thrusters	82
Table C-5 : Value of E <sub>a</sub> for several materials	86
(standards.iteh.ai)	

SIST EN 16603-20-06:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/97ac93c6-f720-4019-a447-14793a2a0edc/sist-en-16603-20-06-2014

#### **Foreword**

This document (EN 16603-20-06:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/CLC/TC 5 "Space", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This standard (EN 16603-20-06:2014) originates from ECSS-E-ST-20-06C.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been developed to cover specifically space systems and has therefore precedence over any EN covering the same scope but with a wider domain of applicability (e.g. : aerospace).

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European htstandard: Austria, a Belgium, s Bulgaria; c Croatia) Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia Finland; Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom."

#### Introduction

The subject of spacecraft plasma interactions has been part of the spacecraft design process since spacecraft surface charging was first encountered as a problem in the earliest geostationary spacecraft. However, spacecraft surface charging is only one of the ways in which the space environment can adversely affect the electrical state of spacecraft and satellite technology has evolved over the years.

A need was identified for a standard that is up to date and comprehensive in its treatment of all the main environment-induced plasma and charging processes that can affect the performance of satellites in geostationary and medium and low Earth orbits. This standard is intended to be used by a number of users, with their own design rules, and therefore it has been done to be compatible with different alternative approaches.

This document aims to satisfy these needs and provides a consistent standard that can be used in design specifications. The requirements are based on the best current understanding of the processes involved and are not radical, building on existing de-facto standards in many cases.

https://well-assproviding requirements/it aims to provide a straightforward brief explanation of the main effects so that interested parties at all stages of the design chain can have a common understanding of the problems faced and the meaning of the terms used. Guide for tailoring of the provisions for specific mission types are described in Annex B. Further description of the main processes are given in Annex C. Some techniques of simulation, testing and measurement are described in Annex D and Annex E.

Electrical interactions between the space environment and a spacecraft can arise from a number of external sources including the ambient plasma, radiation, electrical and magnetic fields and sunlight. The nature of these interactions and the environment itself can be modified by emissions from the spacecraft itself, e.g. electric propulsion, plasma contactors, secondary emission and photoemission. The consequences, in terms of hazards to spacecraft systems depend strongly on the sensitivity of electronic systems and the potential for coupling between sources of electrical transients and fields and electronic components.

Proper assessment of the effects of these processes is part of the system engineering process as defined in ECSS-E-ST-20. General assessments are performed in the early phases of a mission when consideration is given to e.g. orbit selection, mass budget, thermal protection, and materials and component selection policy. Further into the design of a spacecraft, careful consideration is given to material selection, coatings, radiation shielding and electronics protection.

This standard begins with an overview of the electrical effects occurring in space (Clause 4). The requirements, in terms of spacecraft testing, analysis and design that arise from these processes (Clause 5 to Clause 11) form the core of this document. Annex B holds a discussion of types of orbits and how to tailor the requirements according to the mission. Annex C discusses the quantitative assessment of the physical processes behind these main effects. Annex D describes computer simulations and Annex E describes testing and measurement.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 16603-20-06:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/97ac93c6-f720-4019-a447-14793a2a0edc/sist-en-16603-20-06-2014

## 1 Scope

This standard is a standard within the ECSS hierarchy. It forms part of the electrical and electronic engineering discipline (ECSS-E-ST-20) of the engineering branch of the ECSS system (ECSS-E). It provides clear and consistent provisions to the application of measures to assess, in order to avoid and minimize hazardous effects arising from spacecraft charging and other environmental effects on a spacecraft's electrical behaviour.

This standard is applicable to any type of spacecraft including launchers, when above the atmosphere.

Although spacecraft systems are clearly subject to electrical interactions while still on Earth (e.g. lightning and static electricity from handling), these aspects are not covered, since they are common to terrestrial systems and covered elsewhere. Instead this standard covers electrical effects occurring in space (i.e. from the ionosphere upwards).

This standard may be tailored for the specific characteristic and constrains of a htspace project in conformance with ECSS-S-ST700.4019-a447-

14793a2a0edc/sist-en-16603-20-06-2014

## Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this ECSS Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revision of any of these publications do not apply, However, parties to agreements based on this ECSS Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the more recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

EN reference	Reference in text	Title
EN 16601-00-01	ECSS-S-ST-00-01	ECSS system - Glossary of terms

(standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 16603-20-06:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/97ac93c6-f720-4019-a447-14793a2a0edc/sist-en-16603-20-06-2014