INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 5981

Third edition 2007-10-15

Rubber- or plastics-coated fabrics — Determination of resistance to combined shear flexing and rubbing

Supports textiles revêtus de caoutchouc ou de plastique — Détermination de la résistance au froissement dû à l'application simultanée d'un couple et de frottement

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Page

Contents

Forewordiv	
1	Scope
2	Normative references
3	Principle
4	Apparatus
4.1 4.2 4.3	Dimensions and characteristics
4.4	Foot (optional)
5 5.1 5.2 5.3	Test pieces Number Shape and dimensions Sampling
6	Time interval between manufacturing and testing
7	Conditioning and testing atmosphere A.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D
8 8.1 8.2	Procedure
9 10	Examination of test pieces and expression of results

ISO 5981:2007(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 5981 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 45, Rubber and rubber products, Subcommittee SC 4, Products (other than hoses).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 5981:1997), which has been technically revised.

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Rubber- or plastics-coated fabrics — Determination of resistance to combined shear flexing and rubbing

WARNING — Persons using this International Standard should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This standard does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions.

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies two methods of evaluating the resistance to combined shear flexing and rubbing of rubber- or plastics-coated fabrics. Rubbing is either forced by application of a pressure foot (method A), or is caused by simple contact between the faces of the test pieces (method B).

Method B (without application of the pressure foot) is preferred in all cases where the foot would damage the test piece through an abrasive effect where this is not required, e.g. materials with sticky surfaces, light coatings such as polyurethanes on rough surfaces. PD PREVIEW

The test may be carried out on products as delivered or after pre-treatments such as wetting or accelerated ageing.

NOTE The results obtained using method A and method B cannot be compared as there is no correlation between the two methods. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/cdf97886-63a5-48c8-a825-ae966332c6a0/iso-5981-2007

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2231, Rubber- or plastics-coated fabrics — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing

ISO 2286-1, Rubber- or plastics-coated fabrics — Determination of roll characteristics — Part 1: Methods for determination of length, width and net mass

ISO 4287, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters

3 Principle

A test piece is subjected to a succession of mild abrasive rubs applied to a continuously changing pattern of folds created by a rubbing machine. The damage caused to the test piece is assessed visually.

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4 Apparatus

4.1 General

The apparatus shall consist of a rubbing machine (see Figures 1 and 2) having two parallel clamps giving counter-reciprocating motions defined by their length and width, and a foot (optional) pressing on the flexing part of the test piece.

The apparatus shall be equipped with a counter and a device making it possible to bring the two clamps into juxtaposition manually.

Most counters, because of their method of drive, record only one impulse for each back-and-forth movement of the clamps, i.e. two rubs. In this case, the number indicated by the counter shall be multiplied by 2 in order to obtain the number of rubs (e.g. counter at 1 000, number of corresponding rubs 2 000).

The components of the rubbing machine shall comply with the requirements specified in 4.2, 4.3 and 4.4.

4.2 Dimensions and characteristics

The machine shall have the following dimensions and characteristics:

- a) distance between clamps: 12 mm \pm 0,3 mm;
- b) distance, d, between the base and the upper surface of the lower clamp: $6 \text{ mm} \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$, or, by agreement, $3 \text{ mm} \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$ (for lightweight coated fabrics) or $0.0 \text{ mm} \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$ (for thin coated fabrics) if a shim is used (see 8.1.1); (standards.iteh.ai)
- c) amplitude of movement, s: 40 mm \pm 1 mm;
- d) frequency of movement: 2.4 cycles/s to 3.0 cycles/s (each crossing of the clamp axes being counted as 1 rub);

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- e) width of the foot: 10 mm \pm 0,2 mm, or 11,5 mm \pm 0,2 mm when testing thin materials;
- f) length of the foot: 100 mm \pm 1 mm;
- g) load applied through the foot: 5 ± 0.1 N, or $10 \text{ N} \pm 0.2$ N by addition of a supplementary load.

All the parts or pieces of parts (except the gripping surfaces of the clamps) likely to come into contact with the test piece shall be polished (surface roughness $Ra = 0.4 \mu m$ — see ISO 4287).

4.3 Clamps

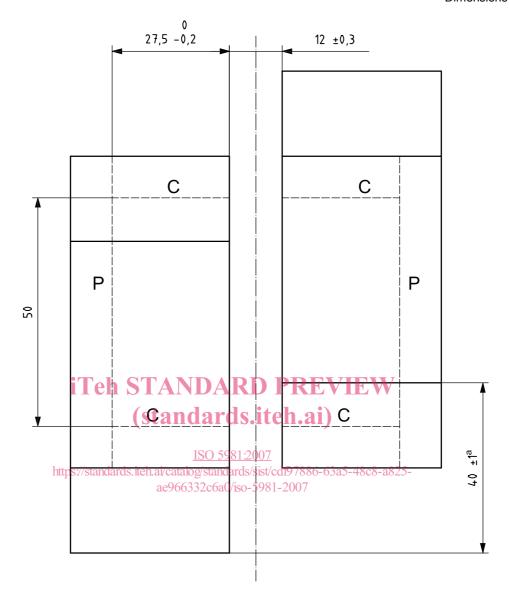
The clamps shall be composed of two parts (see Figures 1 and 2) as follows:

- a) a lower part (A), equipped with a shoulder (P), for positioning the test piece, situated at a distance of $\left(27,5^{\ 0}_{-0,2}\right)$ mm from the edge of the clamp (giving the test piece a loop length of 45 mm or 55 mm), and two reference marks (C) for centring the test piece along the common axis of symmetry of the clamps when placed face to face;
- b) an upper part (B) serving as a clamping plate.

The edges of the clamps shall have a radius of curvature of 1 mm \pm 0,1 mm, in order to avoid cutting the test pieces.

The clamping system, comprising the upper clamp on the lower clamp, shall be so designed that it is impossible for the test piece to slip during testing.

Dimensions in millimetres

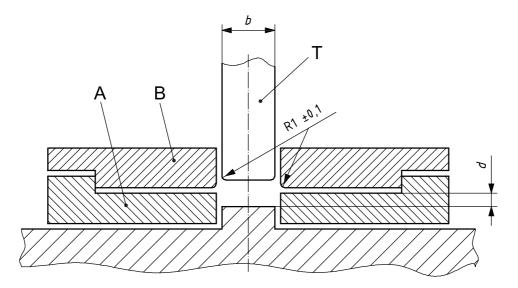


Key

- P shoulder of lower clamp
- C centring line for test piece
- a Stroke, s.

Figure 1 — Apparatus: view from above

Dimensions in millimetres



Key

- A lower clamp
- B upper clamp
- T foot
- d distance between base and upper surface of lower clamp [see 4.2 b)] PREVIEW
- b width of foot [see 4.2 e)]

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Figure 2 — Apparatus: cross-section

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4.4 Foot (optional)

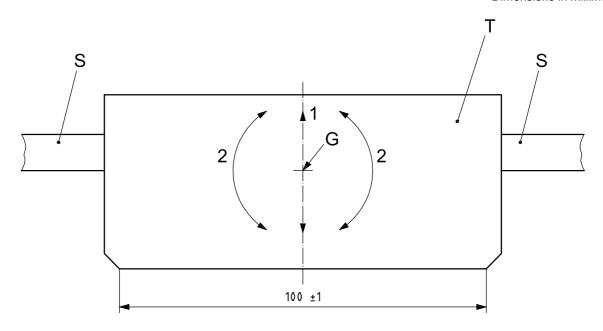
The foot (see Figure 3) shall be centred between the clamps so that it is at no time in contact with them. Its edges shall have a radius of curvature of 1 mm \pm 0,1 mm.

The centre of gravity (G) of the foot, together with its guide system, shall be in the plane which is perpendicular to the clamping plane of the test piece and which passes through the common axis of symmetry of the two clamps when placed face to face. This plane shall also contain the centre of gravity of the foot alone.

The guide system for the foot shall permit movement both vertically and around the centre of gravity, the centre of gravity remaining in the plane specified above.

The load applied via the foot on the test piece shall be 5 N \pm 0,1 N or, by agreement between the interested parties, 10 N \pm 0,2 N by addition of a supplementary load.

Dimensions in millimetres



Key

- 1 vertical displacement
- 2 displacement about the centre of gravity G PREVIEW
- S guide system for the foot
- T foot

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Figure 3 24- Pressure foot

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5 Test pieces

5.1 Number

For each series of tests, take six test pieces, three in the longitudinal direction and three in the transverse direction.

In the case of fabrics coated on both sides, twice the number of test pieces shall be taken so as to test each side.

5.2 Shape and dimensions

5.2.1 The test pieces shall be cut to the finished test dimensions (see Figure 4) and shall have the shape of a rectangle of the following dimensions:

length: $100 \text{ mm} \pm 0.25 \text{ mm}$;

width: $50 \text{ mm} \pm 0.25 \text{ mm}$.

Test pieces taken in the longitudinal direction shall have their length in the longitudinal direction; those taken in the transverse direction shall have their length in the transverse direction.

5.2.2 In the case of coated fabrics which have little elasticity, tearing may occur in the clamps. By agreement between the interested parties, the test can then be carried out with test pieces of length $110~\text{mm} \pm 0.25~\text{mm}$.