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Equipment for crop protection — Induction hoppers —

Part 1: Test methods

Matériel de protection des cultures — Incorporateurs —

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 21278-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 23, *Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Equipment for crop protection*.

ISO 21278 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Equipment for crop protection* — *Induction hoppers*:

Part 1: Test methods

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— Part 2: General requirements and performance limits ce332dfe8c84/iso-21278-1-2008

Introduction

The sprayer main tank may be connected to an introduction hopper in order to prevent chemical crosscontamination, contamination of the operator and of the environment.

Currently two main different types of hopper are available on the market:

- introduction hoppers, which are able to transfer the chemical into the main tank of the sprayer;
- induction hoppers, which are able to transfer the chemical product into the sprayer and partially mix the chemical product, and are able to carry out self-cleaning.

ISO 21278 is applicable to induction hoppers for fertilizers and plant protection products for agricultural crop protection machines and is aimed at verifying their functionality.

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Equipment for crop protection — Induction hoppers —

Part 1: Test methods

1 Scope

This part of ISO 21278 specifies the test methods for the verification of the performance limits of induction hoppers, as specified in ISO 21278-2.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5681, Equipment for crop protection — Vocabulary PREVIEW

ISO 5682-2:1997, Equipment for crop protection — Spraying equipment — Part 2: Test methods for hydraulic sprayers

ISO 21278-1:2008

ISO 21278-2, Equipment/sford cropel protection and induction %hoppers 456 Part 2: General requirements and performance limits ce332dfe8c84/iso-21278-1-2008

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5681 and the following apply.

3.1

induction hopper

device having a bowl able to transfer and partially mix any kind of liquid or solid plant protection products or fertilizers inside the main tank of the sprayer, and able to self-clean

NOTE The device may be attached to the machine or free-standing, and able to be connected to the sprayer tank only for filling operations.

3.2

cleaning device for crop protection product cans

device for cleaning the inside of empty crop protection product cans

4 Test materials and equipment

- 4.1 Clean water, without any solids in suspension.
- 4.2 Solution of water with coloured material, for its visual determination.
- 4.3 Copper oxychloride powder, as defined in Annex A of ISO 5682-2:1997.
- 4.4 Micro-granules, as specified in Annex A.
- **4.5** Sticky reference product, (as specified in Annex B).
- 4.6 Loading device, having an outlet internal diameter of between 30 mm and 40 mm, see Figure 1.



Key

- 1 loading device (e.g. funnel)
- 2 induction hopper to be tested
- ^a Outlet diameter of the loading device.

Figure 1 — Scheme of the positioning of the loading device to load the powder or micro-granules into the induction hopper

5 Test conditions

5.1 General

The induction hopper shall be tested following the manufacturer's instructions as given in the instruction handbook and according to the nominal operating values declared by the manufacturer.

5.2 Environmental conditions

The water temperature shall be between 5 °C and 25 °C.

The environmental temperature, the test liquid temperature, the relative humidity and the atmospheric pressure shall be recorded in the test report.

5.3 Liquid pressure

The liquid pressure shall be measured with a maximum error $\pm 2,5$ %; during the single test the working pressure may vary within $\pm 5,0$ % of the average value.

5.4 Volumetric and flow-rate measurement

The volumetric and flow-rate measurements shall be within \pm 1,0 % error.

5.5 Weight measurement

The weight measurement for introduced materials shall be within \pm 10 g error.

6 Test methods

6.1 Nominal volume of the induction hopper

6.1.1 Test procedure

Use the liquid as defined in 4.1.

Place the induction hopper in the position recommended by the manufacturer, and then fill the bowl up to the maximum filling level as defined in the instruction handbook.

6.1.2 Results

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Measure the amount of test liquid inside the bowl 2The test results shall be expressed in litres (I). https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/08a8f755-c22f-4565-a99b-

6.2 Total volume of the induction hopper so-21278-1-2008

6.2.1 Test procedure

Use the liquid as defined in 4.1.

Place the induction hopper in the position recommended by the manufacturer.

If present, the cover is to be open during operation. Continue to fill the bowl up to its upper edge.

6.2.2 Results

Measure the amount of test liquid inside the bowl. Results shall be reported in litres (I).

The percentage gap (V_{over}) between nominal volume (V_{nom}) and total volume (V_{total}) of the induction hopper shall be calculated as follows:

$$V_{\text{over}} = \frac{\left(V_{\text{total}} - V_{\text{nom}}\right) \times 100}{V_{\text{nom}}}$$

6.3 Precision of the level indicator

6.3.1 Test procedure

Use the liquid as defined in 4.1.

Place the empty induction hopper in the position recommended by the manufacturer and then:

- a) fill the bowl up to the first reading point of the filling level as defined in the instruction handbook and determine the amount of water introduced (X_{meas});
- b) continue with the procedure as given in 6.3.1 a) for all the successive reading points.

6.3.2 Results

The test results shall be expressed as percentages of nominal value (X_{nom}) .

The accuracy shall be calculated as follows:

Accuracy =
$$\frac{\left(X_{\text{meas}} - X_{\text{nom}}\right) \times 100}{X_{\text{nom}}}$$

6.4 Emptying flow rate

6.4.1 Test procedure

Use the liquid as defined in 4.1.

The emptying flow rate shall be determined measuring the time needed for a known amount of clean water to exit from the induction hopper bowl. The tests shall be made with the following operational parameters:

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- a) inlet flow rate (pump flow rate): maximum and minimum values declared by the manufacturer; in addition flow rates at two intermediate points should be measured, if applicable;
- b) outlet pressure: at least with the maximum value declared by the manufacturer and 20 kPa. The outlet pressure shall be measured on the induction hopper pipe outlet after the suction device at a distance equal to 10 times the pipeline mean internal diameter, at the same height of the outlet (see Figure 2);
- c) outlet pipeline internal diameter: value declared by the manufacturer.

Operate with the induction hopper in stable conditions.

Make at least three replications of the test. The difference between the data of the three replications shall not exceed a coefficient of variation value of 10 %.



Key

- 1 induction hopper pipe inlet
- 2 induction hopper pipe outlet
- 3 known volume of water (e.g. 10 l)
- 4 beginning of the induction hopper pipe outlet and measuring point of the induction hopper pipe outlet diameter
- 5 pressure gauge for the measurement of the outlet pressure
- 6 injector position

^a Distance between the outlet pressure measuring point and the beginning of the induction hopper pipe outlet (equal to 10 times the induction hopper pipe outlet diameter).

Figure 2 Scheme of the outlet pressure measurement

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6.4.2 Results

The results shall be given in I/min from the outlet of the induction hopper according to the pump flow rate and according to the outlet pressure.

6.5 Emptying performance with powder

6.5.1 General

The emptying performance with powders shall be determined measuring the amount of powder residue in the induction hopper bowl after the test.

6.5.2 Test procedure

Use the test material as defined in 4.3 and apply the following procedure.

- a) Operate the induction hopper following the manufacturer's instructions as given in the instruction handbook and according to the nominal operating values declared by the manufacturer. Then, introduce 0,1 kg of the test material per 1 l of its nominal capacity with a continuous flow. To ensure continuity, a loading device as given in 4.6 shall be positioned as recommended by the manufacturer.
- b) Operate the system for a time of 60 s.

The outlet pressure during the test shall be at least the maximum pressure as defined by the manufacturer.