



SLOVENSKI STANDARD
SIST EN 16602-70-45:2015
01-januar-2015

Zagotavljanje varnih proizvodov v vesoljski tehniki - Mehansko preskušanje kovinskih materialov

Space product assurance - Mechanical testing of metallic materials

Raumfahrtproduktsicherung - Mechanische Tests von metallenen Material

Assurance produit des projets spatiaux - Essais mécaniques des matériaux métalliques

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 16602-70-45:2014

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49.140	Vesoljski sistemi in operacije	Space systems and operations
77.040.10	Mehansko preskušanje kovin	Mechanical testing of metals

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

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Space product assurance - Mechanical testing of metallic materialsAssurance produit des projets spatiaux - Essais
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metallenem Material

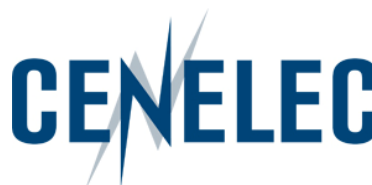
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Foreword

This document (EN 16602-70-45:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/CLC/TC 5 "Space", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This standard (EN 16602-70-45:2014) originates from ECSS-Q-ST-70-45C.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

This document has been developed to cover specifically space systems and has therefore precedence over any EN covering the same scope but with a wider domain of applicability (e.g. aerospace).

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

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Scope

This Standard specifies requirements for mechanical testing of metallic materials to be used in the fabrication of spacecraft hardware.

This Standard establishes the requirements for most relevant test methods carried out to assess the tensile, fatigue and fracture properties of metallic materials. It does not give a complete review of all the existing test methods for the evaluation of mechanical properties of metallic materials.

Furthermore, this Standard specifies requirements for the evaluation, presentation and reporting of test results.

This standard may be tailored for the specific characteristic and constrains of a space project in conformance with ECSS-S-ST-00.

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Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this ECSS Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revision of any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this ECSS Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the more recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

EN reference	Reference in text	Title
EN 16601-00-01	ECSS-S-ST-00-01	ECSS system 1. Glossary of terms
EN 16602-10-09	ECSS-Q-ST-10-09	Space product assurance — Nonconformance control system
EN 16602-70	ECSS-Q-ST-70	Space product assurance — Materials, mechanical parts and processes
EN 16602-70-37	ECSS-Q-ST-70-37	Space product assurance — Determination of the susceptibility of metals to stress-corrosion cracking
EN 16602-70-46	ECSS-Q-ST-70-46	Space product assurance — Requirements for manufacturing and procurement of threaded fasteners
	ASTM E 139	Standard test methods for conducting creep, creep-rupture, and stress-rupture tests of metallic materials
	ASTM E 399	Standard test method for plane-strain fracture toughness of metallic materials
	ASTM E 466	Standard practice for conducting force controlled constant amplitude axial fatigue tests of metallic materials
	ASTM E 561	Standard practice for R-curve determination
	ASTM E 606	Standard practice for strain-controlled fatigue testing
	ASTM E 647	Standard test method for measurement of fatigue crack growth rates
	ASTM E 739	Standard practice for statistical analysis of linear or linearized stress-life (S-N) and strain-life (e-N) fatigue

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		data
	ASTM E 1290	Standard test method for crack-tip opening displacement (CTOD) fracture toughness measurement
	ASTM E 1820	Standard test method for measurement of fracture toughness
	EN 10002-1	Metallic materials – Tensile testing – Part 1: Method of test at ambient temperature
	EN 10002-2	Metallic materials – Tensile testing – Part 2: Verification of the force measuring system of the tensile testing machines
	EN 10002-4	Metallic materials – Tensile testing – Part 4: Verification of the extensometers used in uniaxial testing
	ESDU 96013:1996	Fracture toughness (K_{Ic}) values of some aluminium alloys
	ISO 7539-6:2003	Corrosion of metals and alloys – Stress corrosion testing – Part 6: Preparation and use of pre-cracked specimens for tests under constant load or constant displacement

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Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

3.1 Terms defined in other standards

For the purpose of this Standard, the terms and definitions from ECSS-S-ST-00-01 and ECSS-Q-ST-70 apply.

3.2 Terms specific to the present standard

3.2.1 crack tip plastic zone

plastically deformed region in a material adjacent to a crack tip

3.2.2 creep

time-dependent increase in strain in a material resulting from force

3.2.3 damage tolerance

in a material or structure, the capability to withstand stresses or loads in the presence of defects

3.2.4 failure

condition generally caused by break or collapse so that a structural element can no longer fulfil its purpose

3.2.5 fatigue

in a material, the failure phenomenon which results from repeated fluctuation of stress

3.2.6 fracture toughness

inherent resistance of a material in the presence of a crack-like defect

3.2.7 finite life range

life range, in which all test pieces before a predetermined number of cycles fail

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3.2.8 mechanical properties

those properties of a material that are associated with elastic and inelastic reaction when force is applied, or that involve the relationship between stress and strain

3.2.9 mechanical testing

determination of mechanical properties

3.2.10 raw material

material from which specimens are manufactured

3.2.11 specimen

representative fraction of material tested or analysed in order to determine mechanical properties

3.2.12 transition range

predetermined number of cycles of stress cycles (typically 5×10^{-6} to 5×10^{-7} cycles), where failure as well as non-failure occur.

3.2.13 threaded fastener

device composed by a cylindrical screwed bar provided with a head and a metal collar, screwed internally, to fit the cylindrical bar that is to hold parts firmly together in an assembly

3.2.14 weld heat affected zone (HAZ)

portion of material in a welded joint whose microstructure and physical properties are affected by the heat input during welding

3.3 Abbreviated terms

For the purpose of this Standard, the abbreviated terms from ECSS-S-ST-00-01 and the following apply:

Abbreviation	Meaning
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
CEN	European Committee for Standardization
CTOD	crack tip opening displacement
ESDU	engineering sciences data unit
HAZ	heat affected zone
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
NCR	nonconformance report
NDI	non-destructive inspection
RMC	raw material certificate