# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 11357-3

> First edition 1999-03-15 **AMENDMENT 1** 2005-07-01

### Plastics — Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) —

Part 3:

Determination of temperature and enthalpy of melting and crystallization

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

Plastiques — Analyse calorimétrique différentielle (DSC) —

https://standards.iteh.@artie@stDétermination de la Température et de l'enthalpie de fusion et cc6f4cdde cristallisation-1999-amd-1-2005

AMENDEMENT 1



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Amendment 1 to ISO 11357-3:1999 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Physical-chemical properties*.

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#### Plastics — Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) —

#### Part 3:

### Determination of temperature and enthalpy of melting and crystallization

#### **AMENDMENT 1**

Page 1, Clause 2

Add the year of publication of ISO 472 (1999) and delete the footnote.

Page 3, Subclause 9.4.2

Add the following note at the end of the subclause:

NOTE It is advisable to always consult the appropriate international material standard for the temperature scan rate. Some semi-crystalline and/or crystalline polymers may exhibit a higher melting temperature when heated at 20 °C/min than that observed by the classical methods in 1SO 3146. A temperature scan rate of 10 °C/min is appropriate for these materials and is also the required scan rate in ISO 10350-150de-

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Page 4, Subclause 9.4.4

Add the following note at the end of the subclause:

NOTE 3 See Note to 9.4.2.

Page 4, Subclause 9.4.6

Add the following note at the end of the subclause:

NOTE See Note to 9.4.2.

Page 6, Clause 12

Add the following item at the end of the clause:

— the heating and cooling rates, in °C/min.

#### ISO 11357-3:1999/Amd.1:2005(E)

#### Page 7

Add the following references to the Bibliography:

- [8] ISO 3146, Plastics Determination of melting behaviour (melting temperature or melting range) of semi-crystalline polymers by capillary tube and polarizing-microscope methods
- [9] ISO 10350-1, Plastics Acquisition and presentation of comparable single-point data Part 1: Moulding materials

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