

Designation: E866 - 05

Standard Specification for Corrosion-Inhibiting Adhesive Primer for Aluminum Alloys to Be Adhesively Bonded in Honeycomb Shelter Panels¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E866; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers sprayable, pigmented liquid primers for use on aluminum alloys that are to be adhesively bonded in the fabrication of honeycomb sandwich panels for tactical shelters. When applied to a properly cleaned surface of aluminum alloy, the primer imparts corrosion resistance and forms a surface suitable for structural bonding using adhesives complying with Specification E865 and for coating with shelter paint finishes.
- 1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.
- 1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

B117 Practice for Operating Salt Spray (Fog) Apparatus
B209 Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy
Sheet and Plate

D522 Test Methods for Mandrel Bend Test of Attached Organic Coatings

D1002 Test Method for Apparent Shear Strength of Single-Lap-Joint Adhesively Bonded Metal Specimens by Tension Loading (Metal-to-Metal)

D3167 Test Method for Floating Roller Peel Resistance of Adhesives

E864 Practice for Surface Preparation of Aluminum Alloys to Be Adhesively Bonded in Honeycomb Shelter Panels

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E06 on Performance of Buildings and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E06.53 on Materials and Processes for Durable Rigidwall Relocatable Structures.

Current edition approved May 1, 2005. Published May 2005. Originally approved in 1982. Last previous edition approved in 2000 as E866-00. DOI: 10.1520/E0866-05.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

E865 Specification for Structural Film Adhesives for Honeycomb Sandwich Panels

E1749 Terminology Relating to Rigid Wall Relocatable Shelters

2.2 Federal Specifications:³

QQ-A-250/8d Aluminum Alloy 5052H34, Plate and Sheet QQ-A-250/11d Aluminum Alloy 6061T6, Plate and Sheet

3. Materials and Manufacture

3.1 The primer shall be a pigmented liquid composed of a modified epoxy resin system, compounded so that it can be spray-applied to produce a continuous uniform coating without addition of solvent.

4. Physical Requirements

- 4.1 The uncured primer must meet the requirements of Table 1. The cured primer must meet the requirements of Table 2 and Table 3. These requirements shall be verified by tests described in Section 5.
- 4.2 Properties of Cured Film—When applied and cured in accordance with 5.1.7, the cured film shall meet the requirements of Table 2 and Table 3 when tested as specified in 5.2-5.3.8.
- 4.3 Storage Stability—Primer stored in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions shall meet the requirements of Table 1 and when cured in accordance with 5.1.7 shall meet the requirements of Table 2 and Table 3 when tested as specified in 5.2-5.3.8.
- 4.4 Shelf Life—The shelf life of the primer at $25 \pm 7^{\circ}$ C (77 $\pm 12^{\circ}$ F) shall be at least four days. After four days, when tested in accordance with 5.1.4, the primer shall be capable of meeting all of the requirements of this specification.
- 4.5 *Film Thickness*—The film thickness for all tests shall be between 0.003 and 0.007 mm (0.0001 and 0.0003 in.).

5. Test Methods

- 5.1 Uncured Primer:
- 5.1.1 *Solids Content*—Determine the solids content by heating a 5 g sample of thoroughly mixed primer in an aluminum

³ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098

TABLE 1 Physical Properties of Uncured Liquid Primer

Test	Requirement	
Solids content, %	10 ± 1	
Inhibitor Content, ^A %	15 ± 3	
Color	easily visible film	
Sprayability	film is of uniform thickness and color	

^A Based on mass of nonvolatile content.

TABLE 2 Physical Properties of Cured Film on Primed Surfaces

Test	Requirement	
Adhesion to metal	no cracking or loss of adhesion	
Impact resistance	no cracking or loss of adhesion (on either side)	
Pencil hardness	4H minimum	
Water resistance	no blistering, cracking, softening, or loss of adhesion	
Corrosion resistance	no blistering, cracking, or substrate degradation more than 3 mm from scribe mark	
Humidity resistance	no blistering, cracking, or loss of adhesion	
Heat resistance	no blistering, cracking, softening, or loss of adhesion	
Low-temperature shock	no cracking or loss of adhesion	

TABLE 3 Physical Properties of Bonded Specimens

Test	Requirements (min)
Normal-temperature lap shear, 25°C (77°F), MPa (psi) Low-temperature lap shear, -55°C (-67°F), MPa (psi) High-temperature lap shear, 93°C (200°F), MPa (psi) Humidity-exposure lap shear, 93°C (200°F), MPa (psi) Salt-spray exposure lap shear, 35°C (95°F), MPa (psi) Normal-temperature floating roller peel strength, 25°C (77°F), N/m (lbf/in.) Low-temperature floating roller peel strength, -55°C (-67°F), N/m (lbf/in.)	20.0 (2900) 20.0 (2900) 13.0 (1890) 5.0 (725) 16.0 (2320) 4400 (25.1) 2625 (15.0)

weighing dish in a circulating air oven at $105 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ (221 \pm 3°F) for not less than 3 h. Calculate the mass of solids remaining as a percentage of the initial sample mass. Weighings before and after heating shall be accurate to ± 0.001 g.

- 5.1.2 *Inhibitor Content*—Determine the inhibitor content in accordance with the following procedure (burn out method):
 - 5.1.2.1 Tare four ignition loss crucibles and covers.
- 5.1.2.2 Pipette 2 mL portions of primer (1.75 g) from a well mixed sample into each crucible, add about 2 mL of MEK to each, replace the lids, and devolatize the primer at $121 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ (250 \pm 5°F) for 60 \pm 5 min.
- 5.1.2.3 Cool to room temperature in a desiccator, weigh, and compute the mass of the nonvolatiles. The nonvolatile content requirement is 0.155 to 0.195 g/2 mL ($10 \pm 1 \%$ by weight).
- 5.1.2.4 Place the crucibles with lids (and residue) in a furnace at 593°C (1100°F) for 60 ± 5 min.
- 5.1.2.5 Cool to room temperature in a desiccator, weigh, and compute average mass of the inhibitor. The inhibitor content requirement is 0.025 \pm 0.003 g/2 mL (15 \pm 3 % by mass of nonvolatile content).
- 5.1.3 Storage Stability—Store a sample of the primer for six months from the date of shipment at -18° C (0°F), or two months at 5°C (41°F). Test the sample for ability to meet the requirements of Tables 1-3.
- 5.1.4 Shelf Life—Store a sample of the primer for four days at $25 \pm 7^{\circ}\text{C}$ (77 $\pm 12^{\circ}\text{F}$) and then test for ability to meet the requirements listed in Tables 1-3.

- 5.1.5 *Color*—Spray the primer onto an aluminum alloy panel, leaving a portion of the panel bare. Compare the coated and uncoated areas visually against the color requirements in Table 1.
- 5.1.6 Sprayability—The primer shall be capable of being readily applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions to all test panels of either 6061T6 or 5052H34 aluminum alloy (Fed. Spec. QQ-A-250/8d or QQ-A-250/11d, respectively) and cleaned in accordance with Practice E864 for each of the tests described in 5.1.7-5.3.8. Inspect the coating for uniformity of thickness and color.
- 5.1.7 Curing Properties—Spray the primer onto a test panel 100 by 150 by 0.05 mm (4 by 6 by 0.020 in.) and air dry for at least 30 min at $25 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C ($77 \pm 9^{\circ}$ F); then heat in air for 75 to 90 min at $115 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C ($239 \pm 9^{\circ}$ F). Test the cured film for ability to meet the requirements listed in Table 2.
 - 5.2 Cured Film:
- 5.2.1 Adhesion to Metal—Test the adhesion of the primer to the metal by bending a primed metal sample over a conical mandrel in accordance with Test Methods D522, except use an aluminum alloy panel.
- 5.2.2 Impact Resistance—Determine the impact resistance of both the coated and uncoated side of a panel by subjecting the panel to the impact of a 0.45 kg (1 lb) mass dropped from a height of 1 m (40 in.) using a Gardner 160-in-lbf capacity impact testing machine or equivalent. Use the 0.45 kg (1 lb) falling weight. Apply a strip of masking tape⁴ over the most highly stressed area on the coated side of each impact spot. Remove the tape in one abrupt motion by pulling perpendicular to the panel.
- 5.2.3 *Pencil Hardness*—Determine the pencil hardness of the cured film using the following procedure:
- 5.2.3.1 Preparation of Pencils—Prepare a set of drawing pencils⁵ ranging in hardness from 6B to 5H by stripping the wood away from the end approximately 10 mm (3/8 in.) without damaging the lead. Square the tip of the lead by holding the pencil in a vertical position and moving the lead back and forth over 400-grit or finer abrasive paper. Square the tip of the lead after each trial.
- 5.2.3.2 *Procedure*—Place the test panel with the cured primer applied in a horizontal position. Push pencils of increasing hardness into the coated surface of the panel at a 45° angle until one is found that will cut or scratch the coating. Use the number of this pencil to express the primer hardness.
- 5.2.4 Environmental Resistance Test—For each test described in 5.2.5-5.2.9, clean five test panels of approximately 75 by 125 mm (3 by 5 in.) of either 6061T6 or 5052H34 aluminum alloy (Fed. Spec. QQ-A-250/8d or QQ-A-250/11d, respectively, or Specification B209) in accordance with Practice E864. Apply the primer and cure in accordance with 5.1.7.

⁴ No. 250 masking tape, 3M Co., has been found satisfactory. If you are aware of alternative suppliers, please provide this information to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee ¹, which you may attend.

⁵ KOH-1-NOOR 1500, Venus Drawing Pencil, A. W. Faber Castell, or Eagle-Turquoise have been found satisfactory. If you are aware of alternative suppliers, please provide this information to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee ¹, which you may attend.