INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Second edition 2007-12-15

Petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries — Lubrication, shaft-sealing and control-oil systems and auxiliaries —

Part 4: Self-acting gas seal support systems

iTeh ST Industries du pétrole, de la pétrochimie et du gaz naturel — Systèmes de lubrification, systèmes d'étanchéité, systèmes d'huile de régulation (stet leurs auxiliaires teh.ai)

Partie 4: Systèmes de soutien pour les étanchéités au gaz auto-<u>actionnées 2007</u>

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8a559756-3f7b-4338-89da-101497d151a8/iso-10438-4-2007



Reference number ISO 10438-4:2007(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 10438-4 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67, *Materials, equipment and offshore structures* for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries, Subcommittee SC 6, Processing equipment and systems. **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 10438-4:2003), which has been technically revised.

ISO 10438 consists of the following parts, under the general title Petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries — Lubrication, shaft-sealing and control-oil systems and auxiliaries: -4338-89da-101497d151a8/so-10438-4-2007

- Part 1: General requirements
- Part 2: Special-purpose oil systems
- Part 3: General-purpose oil systems
- Part 4: Self-acting gas seal support systems

Introduction

This International Standard was developed jointly with API 614, 5th edition. ISO 10438 is divided into four parts corresponding to the four chapters of API 614.

Users of this part of ISO 10438 should be aware that further or differing requirements might be needed for individual applications. This part of ISO 10438 is not intended to inhibit a vendor from offering, or the purchaser from accepting, alternative equipment or engineering solutions for the individual application. This may be particularly appropriate where there is innovative or developing technology. Where an alternative is offered, the vendor should identify any variations from this part of ISO 10438 and provide details. It is intended that this part of ISO 10438 be used in conjunction with 10438-1.

This part of ISO 10438 requires the purchaser to specify certain details and features.

A bullet (•) at the beginning of a clause or subclause indicates that either a decision is required or further information is to be provided by the purchaser. This information or decision should be indicated on the datasheet(s); otherwise it should be stated in the quotation request or in the order.

In this International Standard, US customary (USC) units are included in brackets for information.

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Petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries — Lubrication, shaft-sealing and control-oil systems and auxiliaries —

Part 4: Self-acting gas seal support systems

1 Scope

This part of ISO 10438 in conjunction with ISO 10438-1 specifies requirements for support systems for self-acting gas seals (dry gas seals), for example as described in ISO 10439 and ISO 10440-1. These systems can serve equipment such as compressors, gears, pumps and drivers.

NOTE For the purposes of this statement of scope, API 617 is equivalent to ISO 10439 and API 619 is equivalent to ISO 10440-1.

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2 Normative references (standards.iteh.ai)

The following referenced documents are shall be applied for the application of this document. For dated references, only the references only the references of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies all iso-10438-4-2007

ISO 10438-1:2007, Petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries — Lubrication, shaft-sealing and control-oil systems and auxiliaries — Part 1: General requirements

ISO 15649, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Piping

API RP 520, Sizing, Selection, and Installation of Pressure-Relieving Devices in Refineries — Part I: Sizing and Selection

API RP 520, Sizing, Selection, and Installation of Pressure-Relieving Devices in Refineries — Part II: Installation

API 526, Flanged Steel Pressure Relief Valves

ANSI/ASME B31.3, Process Piping

3 Terms, abbreviated terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms, abbreviated terms and definitions given in ISO 10438-1 apply.

4 General

4.1 System selection

Datasheets for system specifications are provided in Annex A.

Annex B provides schemas of typical system components and diagrams of typical, complete dry gas seal support systems and modules. These schemas and diagrams illustrate the general philosophy and requirements of this part of ISO 10438 and are included to assist the purchaser in the selection of an appropriate system. The purchaser and the vendor shall mutually agree upon an acceptable system.

Annex C provides an inspector checklist of typical items reviewed by the purchaser.

4.2 Basic design

4.2.1 The equipment (including auxiliaries) covered by this part of ISO 10438 shall be designed and constructed for a minimum service life of 20 years and at least 5 years of uninterrupted operation.

NOTE It is recognized that this is a design criterion.

- 4.2.2 If specified, the purchaser may specify the vendor responsible for each portion of the design, scope of supply, installation and performance of the dry gas seal system. If the purchaser is not the end user, then the end user shall approve the vendors specified.
- 4.2.3 The purchaser shall specify the equipment's normal operating point and all other operating points. Other parameters required for the design of the seal support system, such as gas composition, maximum and minimum flare pressure, maximum and minimum sealing pressure and settle-out pressure shall also be specified.

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4.2.4 Unless otherwise specified, the lube-oil console and the dry gas seal module shall be mounted on separate skids.

4.2.5 The dry gas seal system shall be designed to serve the full range of equipment operating conditions specified. These conditions may include but are not limited to the following:

- a) settle-out pressures;
- b) process relief-valve settings;
- c) shop test and field run-ins;
- d) start-up conditions;
- e) gas composition.

NOTE This requires a detailed system review with the equipment suppliers, purchaser and owner, and is normally finalized at the coordination meeting.

4.2.6 Control systems shall provide adequate gas velocity across the labyrinths at all clearances, including minimum labyrinth clearance to twice the maximum design labyrinth clearance to prevent migration of contaminents from the process gas.

NOTE In a flow-control system, velocity across the labyrinths decreases as clearances increase.

4.2.7 All gas streams (including alternate, backup, start-up sources) into the seal shall be provided at a temperature of at least 20 K (35 °R) above their dew point in order to preclude the possibility of liquid entering the dry gas seal.

NOTE 1 On some systems, the discharge temperature of the compressor gas stream might not provide this dew-point margin.

NOTE 2 In some cases, this can require heaters and/or heat tracing by the owner.

The dew-point margin shall be maintained throughout the seal and not just at the supply connections.

In some cases, alternate gases to the process gas should be considered for start-up or dew-point reasons.

• **4.2.8** If specified, additional provision for seal-gas conditioning as specified by the purchaser shall be furnished.

NOTE Gas conditioning can involve heat tracing, alternate seal-gas sources, coalescing filters, or other provisions.

4.2.9 Valved vents, drains and piping shall be furnished to permit draining, cleaning and refilling of idle components, such as filter elements, while the equipment is in operation.

4.2.10 Seal-gas module piping shall be arranged such that it can be manually drained prior to start-up to avoid the possibility of condensed liquids entering the seals.

This is also a requirement for interconnecting piping that shall be followed by the packager or installation contractor.

• **4.2.11** The purchaser shall specify when and where double block and bleed valves are required for isolating a component and how they are arranged.

NOTE Double block valves are normally provided where there are safety or environmental issues associated with the reliability of a single block valve. (standards.iteh.ai)

 4.2.12 Filters, drain traps and other pressure vessels shall be in accordance with the specified pressure design code. The purchaser shall specify if this hecessary that the vessels be code stamped. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8a559756-3f7b-4338-89da-

NOTE 1 Most vessels for the gas seal module are smaller than the size required for the ASME code stamp.

NOTE 2 Code stamping might not be applicable for pressure design codes other than ASME.

NOTE 3 Reference can be made to ISO 10438-1:2007, 4.5.7. Local jurisdictions can require a code stamp.

4.2.13 The module and components shall perform on test and on its permanent foundation within the specified acceptance criteria. After installation, the performance of the module shall be the joint responsibility of the purchaser and the vendor who has unit responsibility.

4.2.14 The vendor shall advise the purchaser of, and both parties shall mutually agree upon, any special provisions that are necessary to ensure that an adequate backup supply of seal gas and seal buffer gas or seal separation gas is maintained in the event of complete loss of the main seal-gas supply source. These provisions may include alternate seal-gas supply sources, backup gas bottles and special arrangements for start-up, purge gas and settle-out conditions. Provisions shall be adequate for block-in vent or purge situations as applicable. The purchaser shall specify the required block-in time. The purchaser and the vendor shall mutually agree upon the backup system and its component requirements.

4.2.15 Block valves that interrupt the gas flow to the equipment shall not be installed in gas supply lines downstream of the filters unless the block valves are part of a component block and bypass arrangement.

4.2.16 The support structure shall be stainless steel or carbon steel and painted.

4.2.17 Dry-gas-seal system piping size and vents shall be sized to prevent over-pressurization of the bearing housings in the event of a failure of the seal.

This is a system requirement, which should be coordinated between the equipment supplier (seal housing connection sizes), dry-gas-seal system module designer (vent-piping sizes) and the installation designer (vent sizes and piping lengths).

4.3 Gas filters

4.3.1 General

4.3.1.1 The filters shall have a minimum efficiency of 98,8 % on particles less than or equal to 4 μ m (beta ratio, $\beta_4 \ge 85$) and shall be in accordance with the dry gas seal manufacturer's requirements.

4.3.1.2 Gas filters shall be sized for a collapse differential pressure of at least 500 KPa (5 bar; 70 psi).

4.3.1.3 The filter element material shall be designed for the maximum gas temperature and shall be compatible with the gas filtered.

4.3.1.4 Unless otherwise specified, filters in flammable or toxic services shall have bolted covers.

4.3.1.5 Unless otherwise specified, the filter housings shall be stainless steel.

4.3.2 Particulate filter sizing

4.3.2.1 For differential-pressure control systems, filters shall be sized for a clean pressure drop of 21 kPa (0,21 bar; 3 psid) at twice the gas flow calculated at maximum labyrinth design clearance and at the design differential pressure.

4.3.2.2 For flow-control systems, filters shall be sized for a clean pressure drop of 10 kPa (0,10 bar; 40 in of water) at three times normal flow.

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4.3.3 Coalescing filter sizing

When the gas contains liquids or moisture, coalescing filters shall be provided. If the knockout rates exceed 50 % of the coalescing capacity of the element, a<u>mechanicabsep</u>arator shall be installed ahead of the filter assembly. <u>https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8a559756-3f7b-4338-89da-</u>

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4.4 Transfer valves

4.4.1 For flammable or toxic service, there shall be no leakage into the isolated system (such as the standby filter). When an isolation system is designed such that total shutoff of flow adversely affects the seal, the vendor shall provide cautionary warning signs to that effect on the dry-gas-seal system module.

NOTE Four individual block valves or a combination of block valves and transfer valves can be required for positive isolation to transfer filters.

4.4.2 Transfer valves shall have steel bodies. Valve stems, plugs or balls shall be made of stainless steel.

4.5 Condensate traps

4.5.1 One condensate drain trap per coalescing filter shall be provided if condensate can be present at the coldest operating temperature in the seal gas and or the seal buffer gas. Gas downstream of the filter and trap shall be kept liquid-free.

NOTE For some services, heat tracing and/or drain traps at supply piping low points downstream of the control valve can be required.

4.5.2 Non-repairable float traps are acceptable for services below 3,1 MPa (31 bar; 450 psig) if approved by the purchaser.

4.5.3 A mechanical, float-type trap is permitted for gas pressures less than or equal to 6,8 MPa (68 bar; 1 000 psig).

Level-transmitter, control-type traps shall be used when gas fouling can interfere with the operation of mechanical, float-type traps.

4.5.4 For pressures greater than 6,8 MPa (68 bar; 1 000 psig), snap-acting level transmitter/controllers and separate control valves shall be used.

All low points upstream of filters shall have drain valves. 4.5.5

4.5.6 Traps configured as specified in 4.5.2 and 4.5.3 shall be furnished with reflex-type gauge glasses, magnetic level indicators or other types of level indication as specified. The inlet piping shall enter the seal traps above the condensate level of the traps.

Unless otherwise specified, drain lines for traps on the system module shall be manifolded and a 4.5.7 flange connection supplied at the edge of the module.

Piping and tubing 5

The vendor shall furnish the dry-gas-seal module, including mounted appurtenances, located within the 5.1 confines of the base area. All connections on the module for interconnecting piping to the equipment shall be flanged. Module interface flanges connected to tubing shall be supported from the module structure.

NOTE All mounted appurtenances are kept within the confines of the base area to keep work areas and walkways as free as possible from obstructions and to protect tubing from damage. Externally supported, flanged exit connections on tubing are used to protect the tubing from external loads.

The interconnecting system between the module and equipment should be rigid pipe. The interconnecting system is provided by the vendor as defined in the datasheets. Piping and tubing shall be austenitic stainless steel and shall be in accordance with ISO 10438-1:2007, Tables 1, 5 and 6 unless otherwise specified.

Unless otherwise specified dry-das-seal modules designed for working pressures (gauge) below 5.2 6 200 KPa (62 bar; 900 psi) shall have the gas flow lines manufactured from stainless steel tubing or stainless steel piping. ISO 10438-4:2007

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8a559756-3f7b-4338-89da-Unless otherwise specified, dry-gas-seal/smodules_ with working pressures (gauge) greater than 5.3 6 200 KPa (62 bar; 900 psi) shall have gas flow lines manufactured from stainless steel piping.

5.4 Instrument valves within the dry-gas-seal module on tubing lines shall be tubing valves.

5.5 Control valves shall have steel bodies and stainless steel trim. Where practical, valves shall be removable without removing piping or tubing.

NOTE Smaller valves can have threaded connections that require fittings to be disconnected.

5.6 Threaded connections in toxic and flammable service shall be used only as approved by the purchaser.

NOTE Small component size can dictate the use of threaded components. Seal welding is an acceptable alternative but results in maintenance implications.

Instrumentation, control and electrical systems 6

6.1 General

Instrumentation shall be in accordance with ISO 10438-1:2007, Clause 6, except as modified in 6.2 to 6.3.

6.2 Alarms and shutdowns

Unless otherwise specified, the vendor shall furnish and mount, as a minimum, the primary alarm and 6.2.1 shutdown contacts specified in Table 1.

Condition	Alarm	Shutdown	
Seal-gas supply for all seal types ^a except double	х	_	
Seal-gas supply for double seal		х	
Seal-gas supply, high flow, for double seal		_	
High vent-gas pressure or flow ^b		x f	
High primary vent-gas pressure or flow on tandem seal or tandem seal with intermediate labyrinth $^{\rm c}$		_	
High secondary vent-gas pressure or flow on tandem seal or tandem seal with intermediate labyrinth $^{\rm c}$		_	
Secondary seal-gas pressure or flow ^d		_	
Separation-gas pressure or flow ^e		_	
Low seal-gas, buffer-gas or separation-gas differential pressure or flow		_	
High differential pressure for each filter set		—	
^a See Annex D for seal configurations.			
^b As an alternative, the pressure differential, Δp , across the inboard seal faces of a double seal can be alarmed.			
^c If secondary vent gas is not monitored, then high primary vent gas shall be a shutdown. If both priningh, the unit should shutdown. If primary vent gas is at a sustained high level, the unit should undergo a			

Table 1 — Conditions requiring alarms and shutdowns

Alarm on flow if pressure-controlled, and on pressure if flow-controlled. D PREVIEW d

- (standards.iteh.ai) е Use as a permissive to start lube-oil system.
 - Shutdown for single seal only.

ISO 10438

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8a559756-3f7b-4338-89da-Pressure or flow control and sensing shall be as specified or as mutually agreed.

- 6.2.2
- The purchaser shall specify shutdown and alarms in accordance with one of the three arrangements 6.2.3 detailed in ISO 10438-1:2007, 6.2.3.

Instrumentation 6.3

6.3.1 Flow indicators

6.3.1.1 Unless otherwise specified, the flow indicators shall be of the armoured type and have an internal magnetic float or rotameter design or an integral orifice and differential-pressure (DP) cell.

6.3.1.2 If specified, turbine flow transmitters shall be supplied.

6.3.1.3 Unless otherwise specified, flow meters in inert separation-gas services may be of the plastic rotameter design.

6.3.1.4 If specified, seal-gas flow measurement shall be by an electronic device such as a linear mass flow meter, venturi or turbine type. The purchaser shall specify whether the readout device is supplied by the module manufacturer or by the purchaser.

6.3.2 Relief valves

6.3.2.1 The vendor shall furnish the relief valves that are installed on equipment or piping that the vendor is supplying. Other relief valves related to equipment or piping outside the system that the vendor is supplying shall be furnished by the purchaser. The vendor's quotation shall list all relief valves and shall clearly state that these valves shall be furnished by the vendor. Only relief valves for gas service are required to meet the limiting relief-valve requirements specified in 6.3.2.2.