



SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 12572:2016

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Nadomešča:
SIST EN ISO 12572:2002

Higrotermalno obnašanje gradbenih materialov in proizvodov - Ugotavljanje lastnosti za prehod vodne pare - Metoda s čašami (ISO 12572:2016)

Hygrothermal performance of building materials and products - Determination of water vapour transmission properties - Cup method (ISO 12572:2016)

Wärme- und feuchtetechnisches Verhalten von Baustoffen und Bauprodukten - Bestimmung der Wasserdampfdurchlässigkeit - Verfahren mit einem Prüfgefäß (ISO 12572:2016)

Performance hygrothermique des matériaux et produits pour le bâtiment - Détermination des propriétés de transmission de la vapeur d'eau - Méthode de la coupelle (ISO 12572:2016)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 12572:2016

ICS:

91.100.01	Gradbeni materiali na splošno	Construction materials in general
91.120.30	Zaščita pred vlago	Waterproofing

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

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English Version

Hygrothermal performance of building materials and products - Determination of water vapour transmission properties - Cup method (ISO 12572:2016)

Performance hygrothermique des matériaux et produits pour le bâtiment - Détermination des propriétés de transmission de la vapeur d'eau - Méthode de la coupelle (ISO 12572:2016)

Wärme- und feuchtetechnisches Verhalten von Baustoffen und Bauprodukten - Bestimmung der Wasserdampfdurchlässigkeit - Verfahren mit einem Prüfgefäß (ISO 12572:2016)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 16 July 2016.

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COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 12572:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 89 “Thermal performance of buildings and building components” the secretariat of which is held by SIS, in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 163 “Thermal performance and energy use in the built environment”.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2017, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2017.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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Endorsement notice

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INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD

ISO
12572

Second edition
2016-08-01

**Hygrothermal performance of
building materials and products —
Determination of water vapour
transmission properties — Cup method**

*Performance hygrothermique des matériaux et produits pour le
bâtiment — Détermination des propriétés de transmission de la
vapeur d'eau — Méthode de la coupelle*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html

ISO 12572 was prepared by the European Committee Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 89, *Thermal performance of buildings and building components*, in collaboration with ISO Technical Committee ISO/TC 163, *Thermal performance and energy use in the built environment*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Test and measurement methods*, in accordance with the agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 12572:2001), which has been technically revised with the following changes:

- addition of insulation materials in the Scope;
- addition of e) humidity chamber in [Clause 5](#);
- addition of requirements regarding thickness of test specimen to measure the permeability of core materials in [6.2.3](#);
- change of specimen area size in [6.3](#);
- addition of requirements for storage time and relative humidity for condition D in [6.4](#);
- new clause with requirements in [6.5](#);
- change of requirements for temperature and relative humidity for test conditions in [7.1](#);
- change of the calculation of mass change rate in [8.1](#);
- removal of 9.8.

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Hygrothermal performance of building materials and products — Determination of water vapour transmission properties — Cup method

1 Scope

This document specifies a method based on cup tests for determining the water vapour permeance of building products and the water vapour permeability of building materials under isothermal conditions. Different sets of test conditions are specified.

The general principles are applicable to all hygroscopic and non-hygroscopic building materials and products, including insulation materials and including those with facings and integral skins. Annexes give details of test methods suitable for different material types.

The results obtained by this method are suitable for design purposes, production control and for inclusion in product specifications.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

There are no normative references in this document.

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3 Terms, definitions, symbols, units and subscripts

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 9346 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1.1

density of water vapour flow rate

mass of water vapour transferred through the specimen per area and per time

3.1.2

homogeneous material

material with properties likely to affect the transmission of water vapour which do not vary on a macroscopic scale

3.1.3

impermeable material

material with a measured *water vapour diffusion-equivalent air layer thickness* (3.1.8) greater than 1 500 m

3.1.4

water vapour permeance

density of water vapour flow rate (3.1.1) divided by the water vapour pressure difference between the two specimen faces