
**Transfer sets for pharmaceutical
preparations — Requirements and test
methods**

*Ensemble de transfert pour préparations pharmaceutiques —
Exigences et méthodes d'essai*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 22413 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 76, *Transfusion, infusion and injection equipment for medical and pharmaceutical use*.

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Introduction

Transfer sets for pharmaceutical preparations transmit fluids from one container to another by using gravity, vacuum or overpressure. The transfer sets shall mix fluids or dissolve dry substances and are used in combination with infusion and injection containers.

The transfer sets consist of at least two piercing devices, which may be connected with each other in different ways. Transfer sets may have a housing.

Examples of different designs:

- a) two piercing devices connected to each other (similar to piercing devices of infusion containers);
- b) a metal cannula, bevelled on both sides or a combination of a) and b);
- c) metal cannulae mostly having a hub or a grip plate in the middle to be fixed to the plastic part;
- d) plastic piercing devices directly connected to a grip plate, or held by a tube at a distance to allow a higher hydrostatic pressure;
- e) piercing devices with an additional ventilation channel that may end in the other tip or outside;
- f) piercing devices also with an air filter;
- g) piercing devices with housings serving, among other things, as a guide and a fixation on the connected containers for a secure, injury-free and contactless application.

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Transfer sets for pharmaceutical preparations — Requirements and test methods

1 Scope

This International Standard applies to sterilized single use transfer sets that are used for pharmaceutical preparations.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 7864:1993, *Sterile hypodermic needles for single use*

ISO 8362 (all parts), *Injection containers and accessories*

ISO 8536 (all parts), *Infusion equipment for medical use*

ISO 15223, *Medical devices — Symbols to be used with medical device labels, labelling and information to be supplied*

ISO 15747, *Plastics containers for intravenous injection*

ISO 15759, *Medical infusion equipment — Plastics caps with inserted elastomeric liner for containers manufactured by the blow-fill-seal (BFS) process*

3 Design and designation

3.1 Design

The designs of the individual components are given in Figures 1, 2 a), 2 b), 3 a) and 3 b). The drawings serve as an illustration of possible transfer sets. Other designs are acceptable.

Key for Figures 1 to 3

- 1 piercing device
- 2 channel
- 3 channel with air filter for ventilation, optionally lockable
- 4 protective cap
- 5 connection of piercing devices by hub, grip plate or tube

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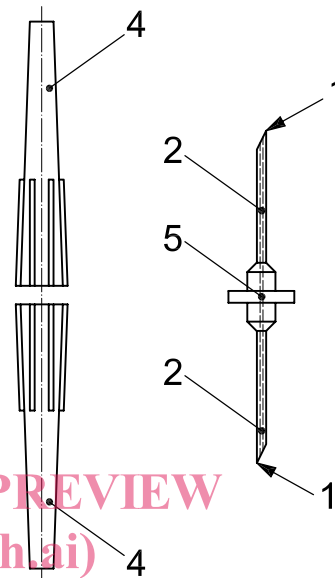


Figure 1 — Transfer set with one channel

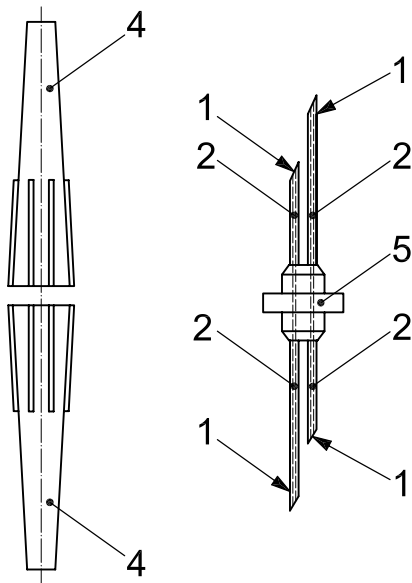


Figure 2 a) — Transfer set with two channels

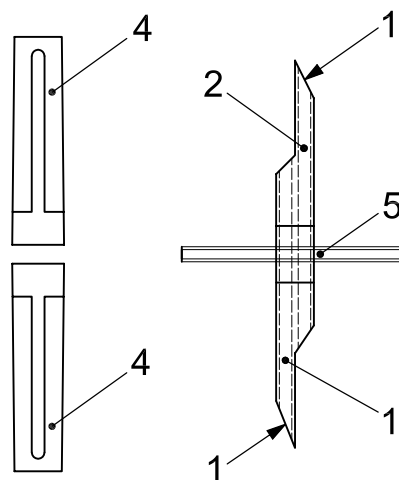


Figure 2 b) — Alternative transfer set with two channels

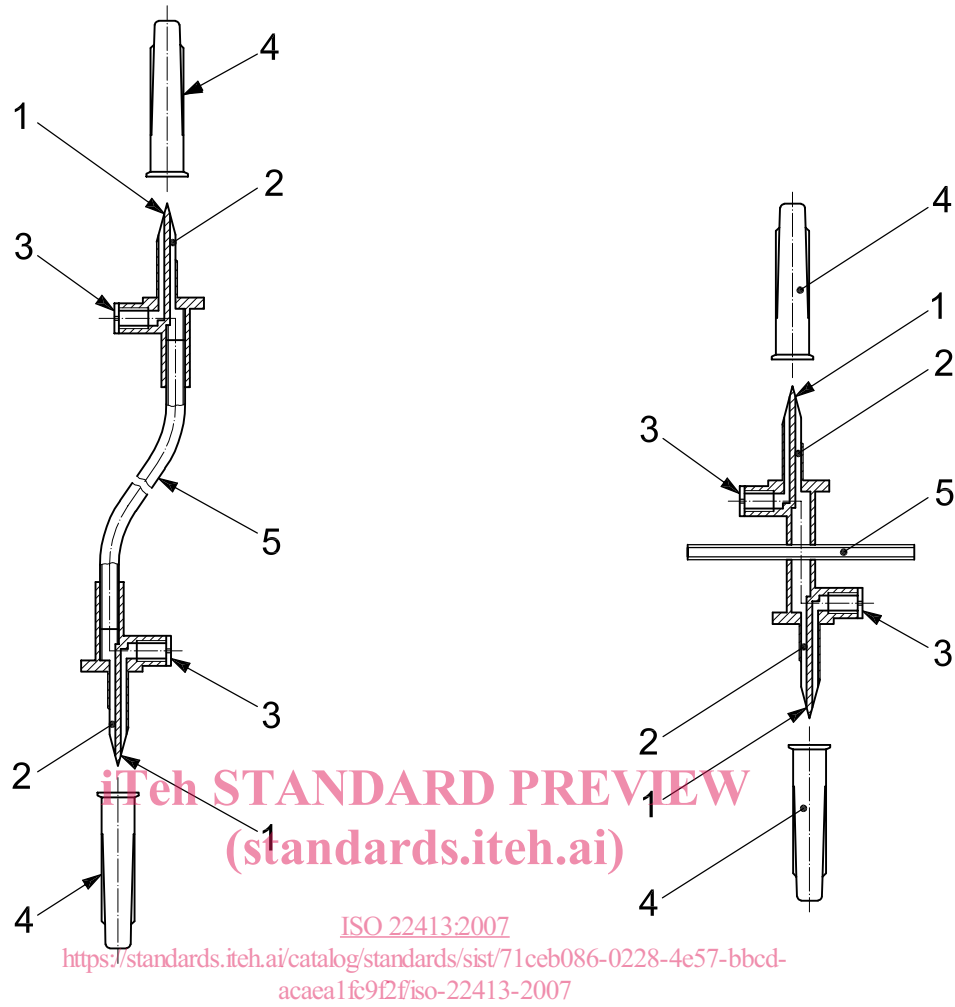
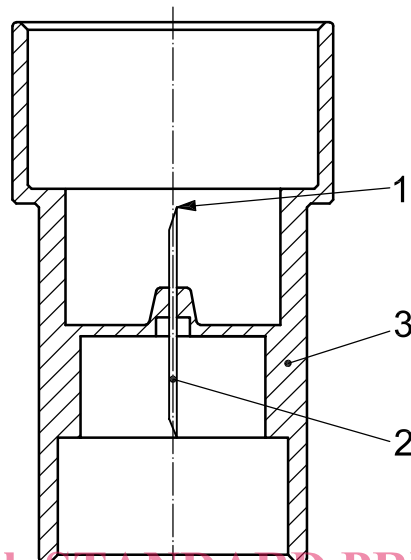


Figure 3 a) — Transfer set with an air inlet/air outlet

Figure 3 b) — Alternative transfer set with an air inlet/air outlet

3.2 Designation for a transfer set with housing

The designation of a transfer set with housing is given in Figure 4. The drawing serves as an illustration of a possible transfer set. Other designs are acceptable.



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Key

- 1 piercing device
- 2 channel
- 3 housing

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Figure 4 — Transfer set with housing

3.3 Designation

Example 1:

A transfer set without housing (NH) is designated by the term "Transfer set", the number of this International Standard and the initials NH.

Transfer set ISO 22413 – NH

Example 2:

A transfer set with housing (WH) is designated by the term "Transfer set", the number of this International Standard and the initials WH.

Transfer set ISO 22413 – WH

4 Material

The materials for the transfer sets and their individual components shall comply with the requirements in accordance with Clause 5. If the components come into contact with the liquid to be transferred, the chemical and biological requirements in accordance with ISO 8536-4 shall be met.

Piercing devices are manufactured from appropriate materials, e.g. metal and/or plastic.

5 Physical requirements

5.1 Particulate contamination

Transfer sets shall be manufactured under such conditions that minimize particulate contamination. All parts shall be smooth and clean. When tested according to 8.1 the evaluation number of the particulate contamination shall not exceed 90.

5.2 Tensile strength

5.2.1 When tested as specified in 8.2 the transfer set shall withstand a static tensile force of not less than 15 N for 15 s.

5.2.2 When using metal piercing devices the steadiness under tensile or compressible force without breaking shall comply with the values listed in Table 2 of ISO 7864:1993.

5.3 Tightness

The transfer set shall be air-tight, no leaks of air or liquid shall occur when tested according to 8.3. Sterility shall be maintained.

5.4 Free flow

When tested according to 8.4 a free flow of air and/or liquid shall be ensured.

5.5 Piercing device

The piercing devices shall be suitable for penetration of the intended closure system for injection and/or infusion containers made of glass or plastic. After puncture a free flow shall be ensured. When tested according to 8.5 the surface of the piercing devices shall be smooth and free of burrs.

The maximum diameter of the piercing device shall be no greater than 6,5 mm.

5.6 Penetration force

When tested according to 8.6 the penetration forces determined in Table 1 shall not be exceeded.

Table 1 — Penetration force

Type of piercing device	Penetration force N max.	Counterpart
Transfer sets with metal piercing device	10	Injection stoppers ISO 8362-2 – 20 – A (Annex B) Hardness: 40 Shore A to 55 Shore A
Transfer sets with plastic piercing device	80	Infusion stoppers ISO 8536-2 – 32 – A (Annex B) Hardness: 40 Shore A to 55 Shore A
NOTE Freeze-drying stoppers (FD stoppers) may have tight channels at the bottom that affect the penetration force considerably.		