



Designation: E 2080 – 05

Standard Guide for Clinical Psychophysiological Detection of Deception (PDD) Examinations for Sex Offenders¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This guide establishes procedures for conducting a clinical polygraph examination (CPE), to include, but not limited to, post conviction sex offender testing (PCSOT). This PDD model is specifically intended to assist in the treatment and supervision of sex offenders on probation, parole, or a deferred prosecution alternative.

1.2 This guide also applies to the conduct of clinical polygraph examinations for therapeutic purposes when requested by a presiding legal authority.

1.3 This guide directs that such examiners for this application are specifically trained in issues associated with supervision and treatment of sex offenders.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

E 2000 Guide for Minimum Basic Education and Training of Individuals Involved in the Detection of Deception (PDD)

E 2035 Terminology Relating to Forensic Psychophysiology

E 2062 Guide for PDD Examination Standard of Practice

E 2064 Guide for Minimum Continuing Education of Individuals Involved in the Psychophysiological Detection of Deception (PDD)

E 2163 Guide for Minimum Training Requirements for Examiners Conducting Psychophysiological Detection of Deception (PDD) Testing of Sex Offenders in Treatment, Probation or Other Similar Programs

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Specific terms used in this standard are defined in Terminology **E 2035**.

¹ This guide is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E52 on Forensic Psychophysiology and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E52.05 on Psychophysiological Detection.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

3.2 Specific terms within this guide found in Terminology **E 2035** are: *clinical PDD examinations, disclosure over sexual history examinations, maintenance examinations over treatment issues, maintenance examinations over supervision issues, monitoring examinations, specific denial examinations over instant offense, and successive hurdles approach.*

4. Significance and Use

4.1 Clinical PDD examinations refer to the employment of polygraph instrumentation for the purpose of detecting deception or verifying truthfulness of statements of individuals under court supervision, or in treatment for the commission of a sex offense.

4.2 Clinical PDD examinations are specifically intended to assist in the detection, treatment, or supervision of sex offenders.

5. Clinical PDD Examiner Qualifications

5.1 Clinical PDD examiners shall meet the basic qualifications in accordance with ASTM standards in accordance with Guide **E 2000**.

5.2 Clinical PDD examiners shall possess the necessary current certificate or license in accordance with their state statute or jurisdictional authority.

5.3 Examiners who conduct clinical PDD examinations shall successfully complete a minimum of, but not limited to, 40 h of specialized sex offender training in accordance with ASTM standards in accordance with Guide **E 2163**.

6. Continuing Education

6.1 Clinical PDD examiners shall maintain continuing education in accordance with ASTM standards in accordance with Guide **E 2064**.

7. Frequency of Clinical PDD Examinations

7.1 The examiner shall not conduct more than four separate clinical PDD examinations per year on the same examinee.

7.1.1 A reexamination over previously examined issues where no opinion was formed is not considered a separate examination, but a continuation of the original examination.

7.2 The examiner shall not conduct a clinical PDD examination of less than 90 min.