

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 13162:2015

01-oktober-2015

### Kakovost vode - Določanje aktivnosti ogljika C-14 - Metoda štetja s tekočinskim scintilatorjem (ISO 13162:2011)

Water quality - Determination of carbon 14 activity -- Liquid scintillation counting method (ISO 13162:2011)

Wasserbeschaffenheit - Bestimmung der Aktivität von Kohlenstoff-14 - Verfahren mit dem Flüssigszintillationszähler (ISO 13162:2011)

Qualité de l'eau - Détermination de l'activité volumique du carbone 14 - Méthode par comptage des scintillations en milieu liquide (ISO 13162:2011)

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4b026e01-f387-4378-be27-

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 13162-2015

ICS:

13.060.60 Preiskava fizikalnih lastnosti Examination of physical

vode properties of water

17.240 Merjenje sevanja Radiation measurements

SIST EN ISO 13162:2015 en,fr,de

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

**EUROPÄISCHE NORM** 

**EN ISO 13162** 

August 2015

ICS 17.240; 13.060.60

#### **English Version**

### Water quality - Determination of carbon 14 activity - Liquid scintillation counting method (ISO 13162:2011)

Qualité de l'eau - Détermination de l'activité volumique du carbone 14 - Méthode par comptage des scintillations en milieu liquide (ISO 13162:2011)

Wasserbeschaffenheit - Bestimmung der Aktivität von Kohlenstoff-14 - Verfahren mit dem Flüssigszintillationszähler (ISO 13162:2011)

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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### EN ISO 13162:2015 (E)

### **Contents**

	Page
European foreword	3

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

EN ISO 13162:2015 (E)

### **European foreword**

The text of ISO 13162:2011 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 147 "Water quality" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 13162:2015 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 230 "Water analysis" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2016.

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#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 13162:2011 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 13162:2015 without any modification. (standards.iteh.ai)

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 13162

First edition 2011-11-01

# Water quality — Determination of carbon 14 activity — Liquid scintillation counting method

Qualité de l'eau — Détermination de l'activité volumique du carbone 14 — Méthode par comptage des scintillations en milieu liquide

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Reference number ISO 13162:2011(E)

ISO 13162:2011(E)

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Contents	Page
Foreword	iv
Introduction	v
1 Scope	
2 Normative references	
3 Symbols, definitions, units, and abbreviations	2
4 Principle	2
5 Reagents and equipment 5.1 Reagents 5.2 Equipment	3
6 Sampling and samples 6.1 Sampling 6.2 Sample storage	5
7.1 Sample preparation 7.2 Preparation of the sources to be measured 7.3 Counting procedure 7.4 Calibration and verification 7.5 Measurement conditions 8 Expression of results 8.1 General (standards.itch.ai) 8.2 Calculation of activity concentration 8.3 Decision threshold 8.4 Detection limit SISTEN ISO 13162-2015 8.5 Confidence limits standards.itch.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4b026e01-f387-4378-be27- 8.6 Calculations using the activity per mass	5 5 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 9
9 Test report	
Annex A (informative) Numerical applications	
Annex B (informative) Internal standard method	
Annex C (informative) Extraction of total carbon: precipitate counting	
Annex D (informative) Extraction of total carbon: absorption counting	
Bibliography	21

ISO 13162:2011(E)

#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

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ISO 13162 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 147, Water quality.

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ISO 13162:2011(E)

#### Introduction

The carbon 14 (<sup>14</sup>C) present in the environment is of natural origin and man made. As a result of atmospheric nuclear weapon testing, emissions from nuclear engineering installations, and the application and processing of isotopes, relatively large amounts of <sup>14</sup>C have been released into the environment. Due to the substantial proportion of <sup>14</sup>C in the human internal dose contribution, monitoring of <sup>14</sup>C activity concentrations in the environment is necessary in order to follow its circulation in the hydrosphere and biosphere. <sup>14</sup>C is the second radionuclide (~3 500 Bq) to contribute to the human body natural radioactivity, behind <sup>40</sup>K (~6 000 Bq).

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